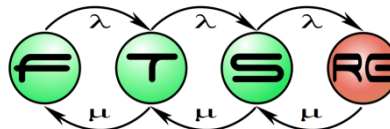


Graphical Editor Development 1.

GEF, Graphiti



Designing modeling languages

- Metamodel: a model of models
 - Abstract syntax
 - **Concrete syntax**
 - Well-formedness rules
 - Behavioral (dynamic) semantics
 - Translation to other languages

Goal of GEF

- Graphical editors
- Eclipse integration
- Model technology independent
 - Requires change notification support!
- Increased abstraction level
 - Wrt platform

Sample Graphical Editor: Petri net

The image displays a graphical user interface for a Petri net editor, showing a main workspace, a toolbar, and an outline panel.

Toolbar (Left):

- Select
- Marquee
- New Place
- New Transition
- New Token
- New OutArc
- New InArc
- Delete element
- Delete Token

Main Workspace (Center):

The workspace shows a Petri net diagram labeled **pn1**. It contains three places: **p1** (with 2 tokens), **p2** (with 0 tokens), and **p3** (with 0 tokens). There are two transitions: **t1** and **t2**. Arcs connect **p1** to **t1** and **t2**, and **t1** to **p2** and **t2** to **p3**.

Outline Panel (Right):

The outline panel shows the hierarchical structure of the Petri net model elements:

- PetriNet model elements
 - pn0
 - pn1
 - p1
 - p1_t1
 - p1_t2
 - token0
 - token1
 - p2
 - p3
 - t1
 - t1_p2
 - t2
 - t2_p3
- PetriNet diagrams
 - Example Petri net [PetriNetDiagram]
 - Example Petri net [PetriNetRoot]
 - pn1 [PetriNetFigure]
 - p1 [PlaceFigure]
 - token0 [TokenFigure]
 - token1 [TokenFigure]
 - p2 [PlaceFigure]
 - p3 [PlaceFigure]
 - t1 [TransitionFigure]
 - t2 [TransitionFigure]
 - p1_t1 [OutArcFigure]
 - p1_t2 [OutArcFigure]
 - t1_p2 [InArcFigure]
 - t2_p3 [InArcFigure]

Social Network example

The screenshot displays the Eclipse IDE with a social network diagram. The diagram consists of several nested boxes representing communities: 'Foo Club' (outermost), 'Bar Society' (inside Foo Club), and 'Baz Community' (inside Bar Society). To the right of these boxes are three nodes: 'J. Random' (blue), 'Jane Doe' (red), and 'John Doe' (blue). Lines connect 'J. Random' to 'Jane Doe', 'Jane Doe' to 'John Doe', and 'John Doe' to a 'Qux Fellowship' box. Additionally, a line connects 'Baz Community' to 'Jane Doe'. The 'Properties' window at the bottom shows the selected node 'John Doe' with the following data:

Property	Value
Name	John Doe
Sex	male
X	677
Y	240

The 'Project Explorer' on the left shows the project structure, including 'default.socialnetwork' and 'default.socialnetwork_diagram'. The 'Outline' window lists the elements in the diagram, and the 'Palette' on the right provides tools for creating and editing the diagram.

More complex example: Sheet music

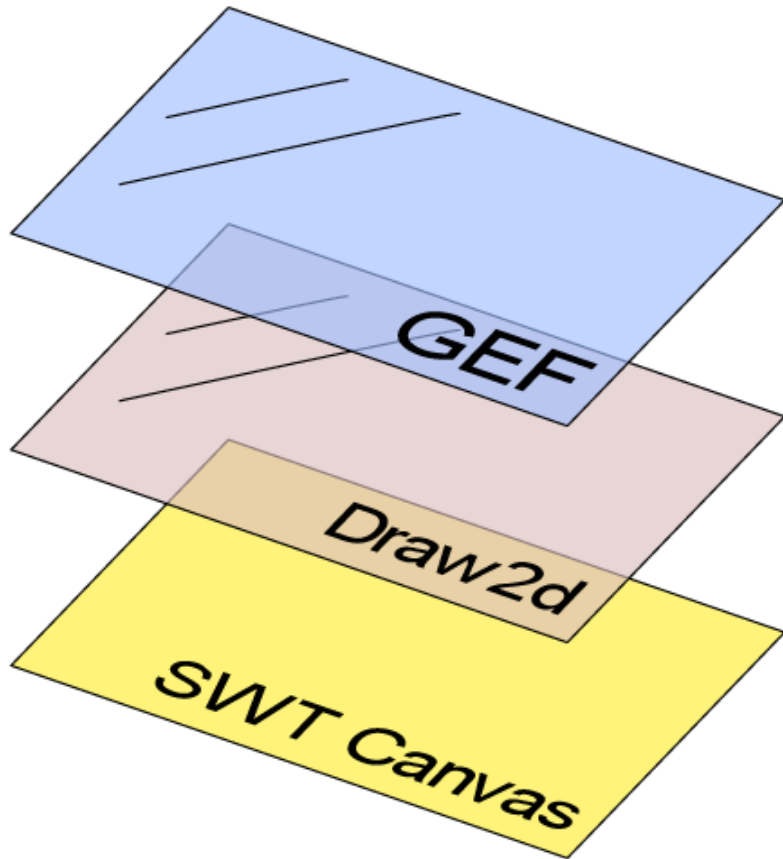
The screenshot displays a music notation software interface with the following components:

- Top Bar:** Contains musical symbols (b, b, b, #, X, +, -).
- Left Panel:**
 - Szólamok (Parts):** Includes a checked **Staff**.
 - Properties:** A table with columns **Property** and **Value**.

Property	Value
Ambit show	
Arranger	
Bracket	
Composer	
Connectivity	
Copyright	
Dedication	
Instrument	
Name	
Opus	
Poet	
Short name	

- Center Panel (Kottaszerkesztő):**
- Palette:** Contains sections for **Hang** (notes), **Szünet** (rests), **Szólam** (parts), and **Kulcs** (clefs).
- Score:** Displays a single staff with the title **Allegro (♩=120)**, a **mf** dynamic marking, and a musical phrase consisting of eighth and quarter notes.
- Bottom Panel (Áttekintés):** Provides a thumbnail overview of the entire score.

Megjelenítési GEF környezetben



- Interaction (MVC)
- Model-view mapping
- Eclipse integration

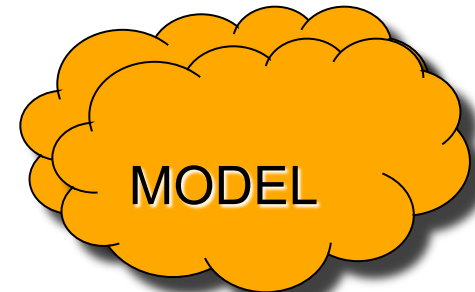
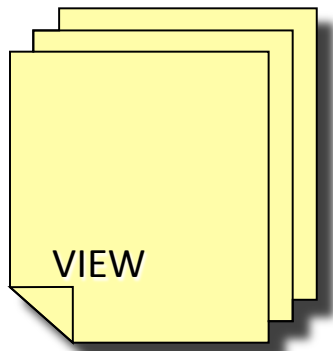
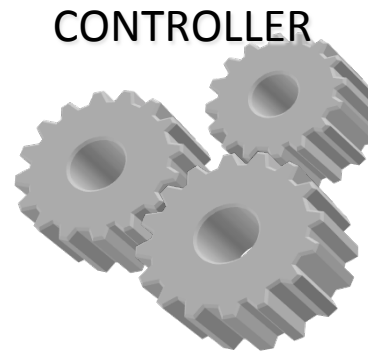
- Presentation
 - Layouting
 - Zoom

- SWT layer

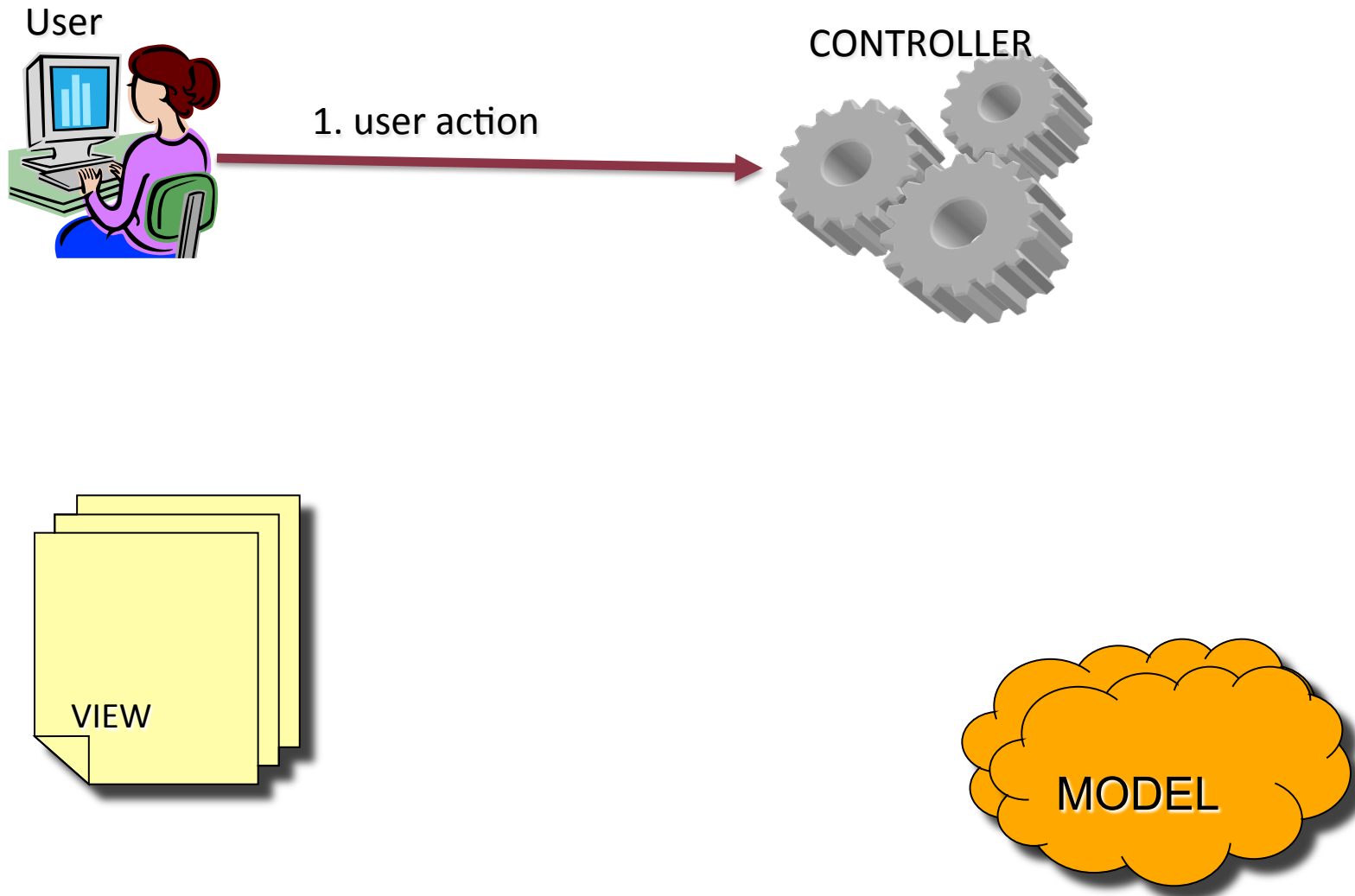
Model-View-Controller (MVC) architecture

- Separate data and presentation
 - Model: stores data
 - View: displays data
 - Controller: user interaction support

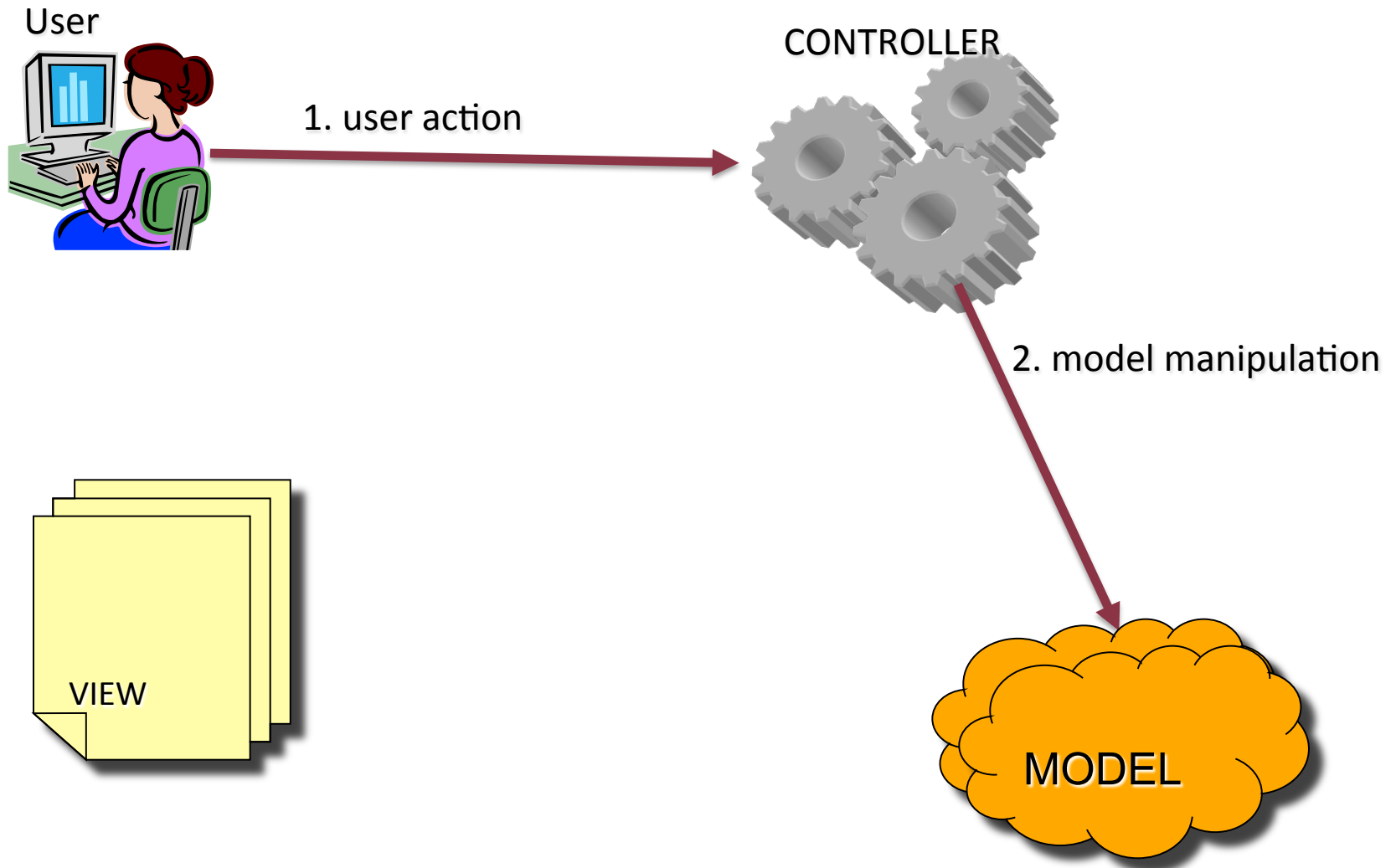
MVC in GEF



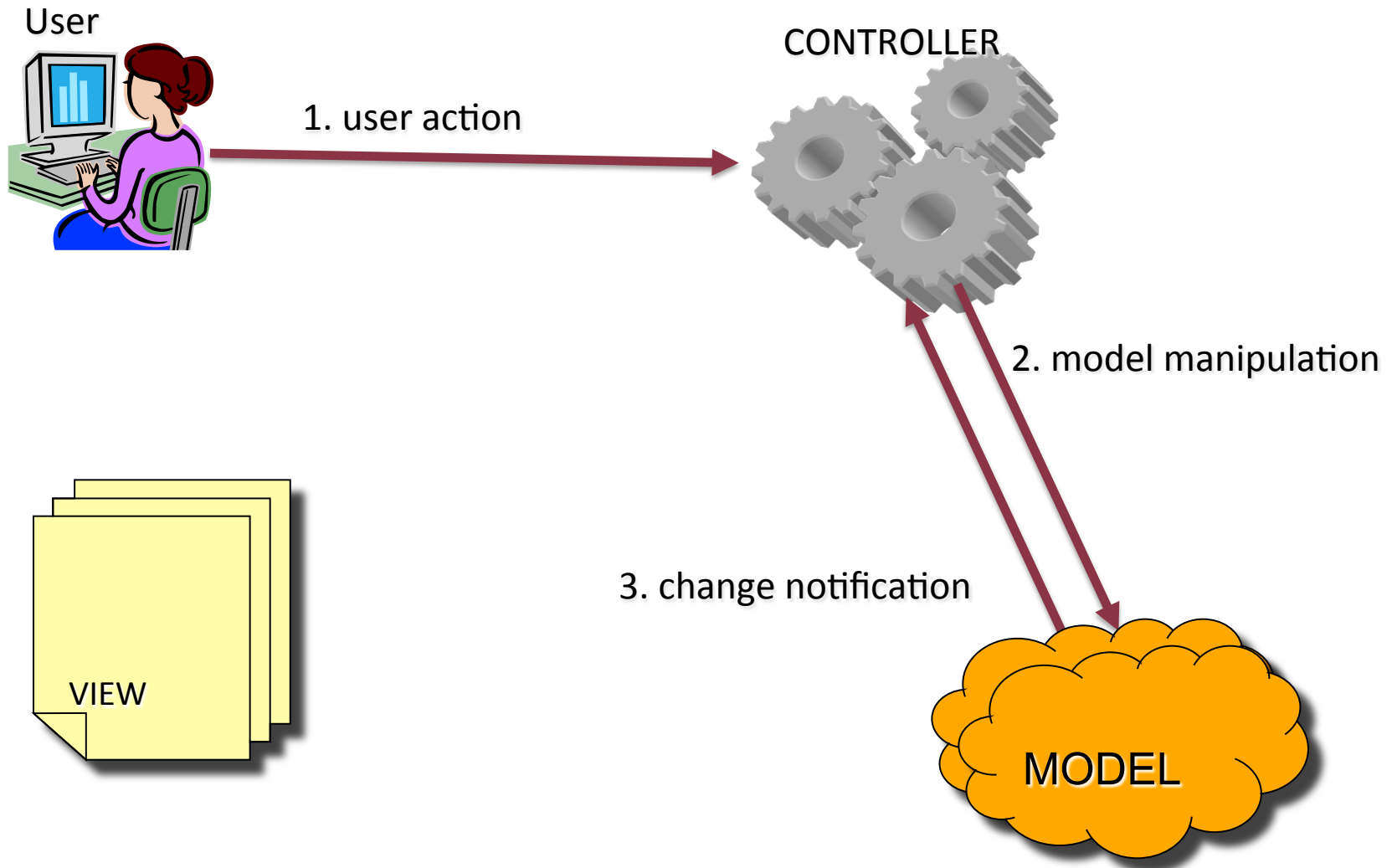
MVC in GEF



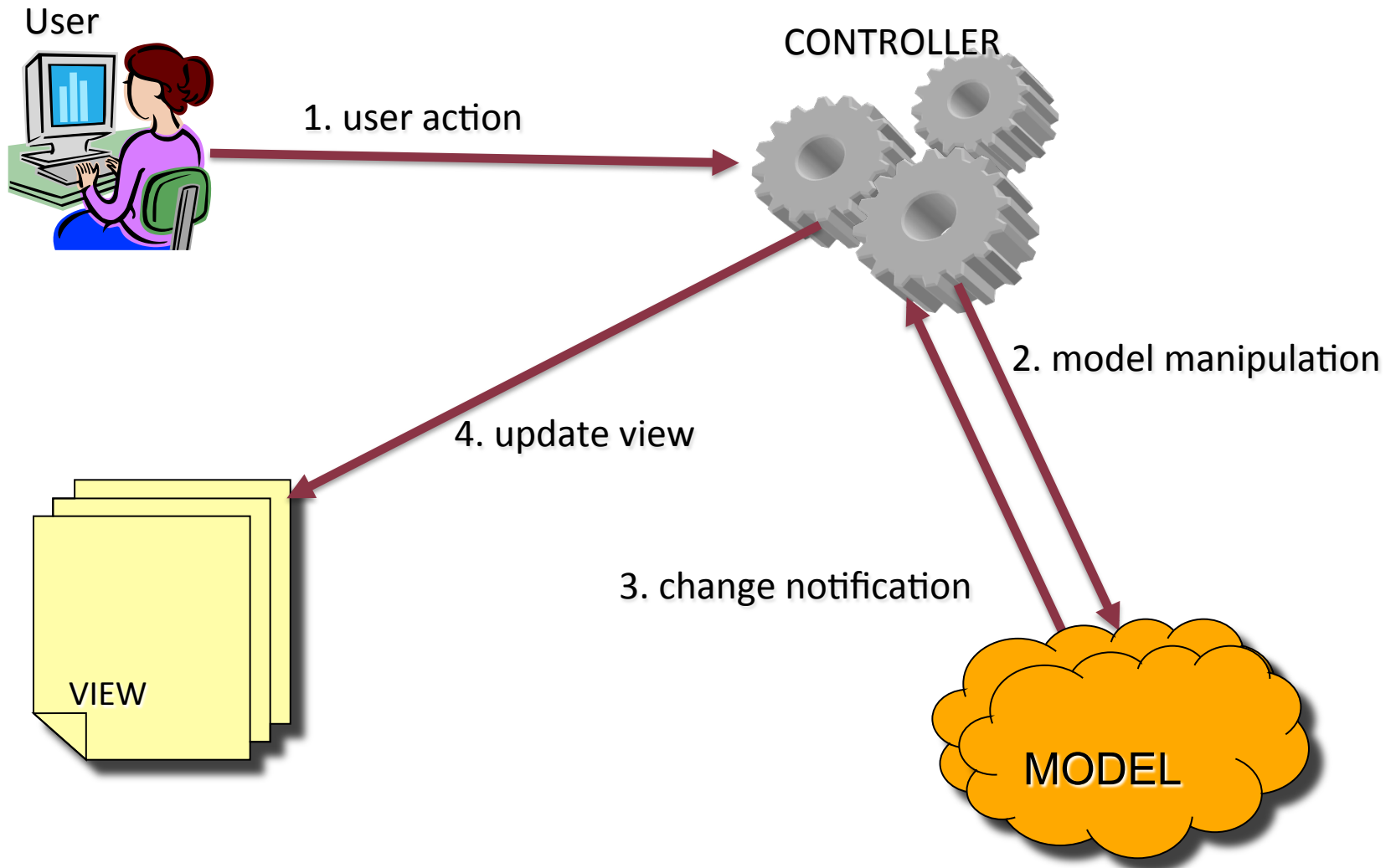
MVC in GEF



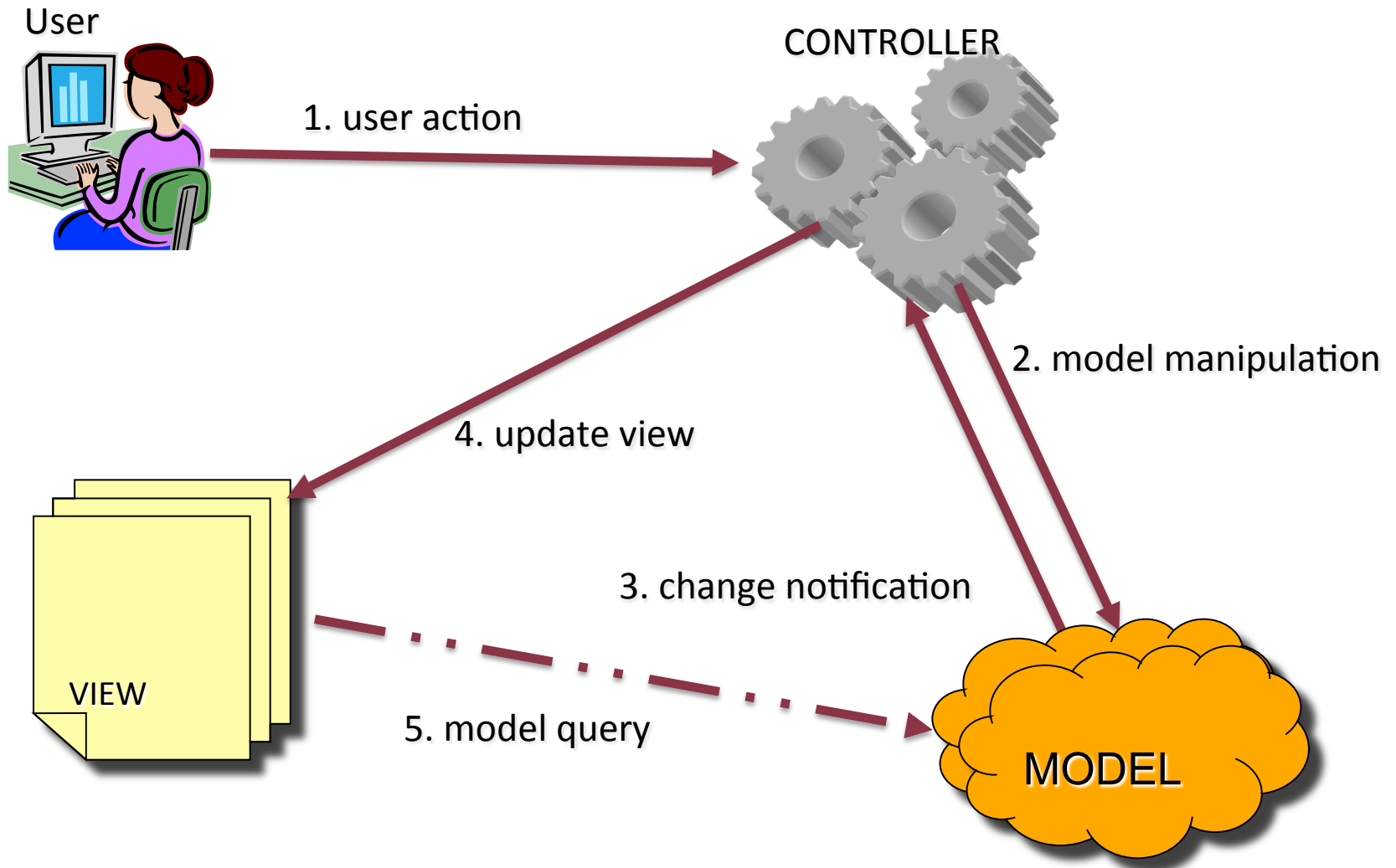
MVC in GEF



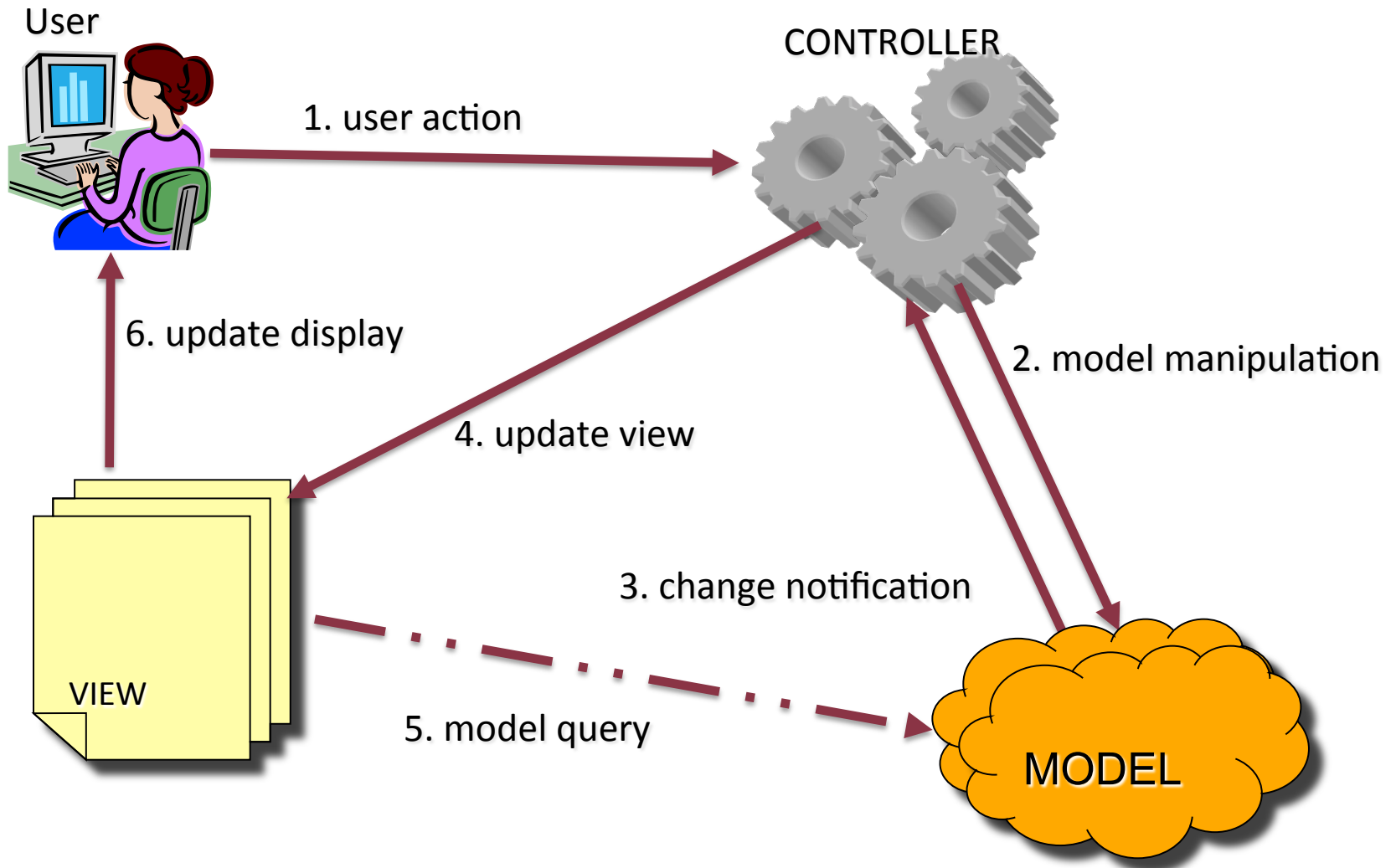
MVC in GEF



MVC in GEF



MVC in GEF



GEF workflow

Model

GEF workflow

Model

Notification

MVC in GEF: Model

- Arbitrary models supported
 - E.g., Java classes, EMF, database
 - Expect hierarchic storage (tree)
 - Notification support required
 - Notifies controller in case of changes
 - Critical if multiple views are present over the same model
 - EMF Notifications are useable
 - Business model
 - Structure, data
 - View model
 - Display information
 - E.g., position, size, color, ...

GEF workflow

Model

View

GEF workflow

Model

View

Drawing

GEF workflow

Model

View

Drawing

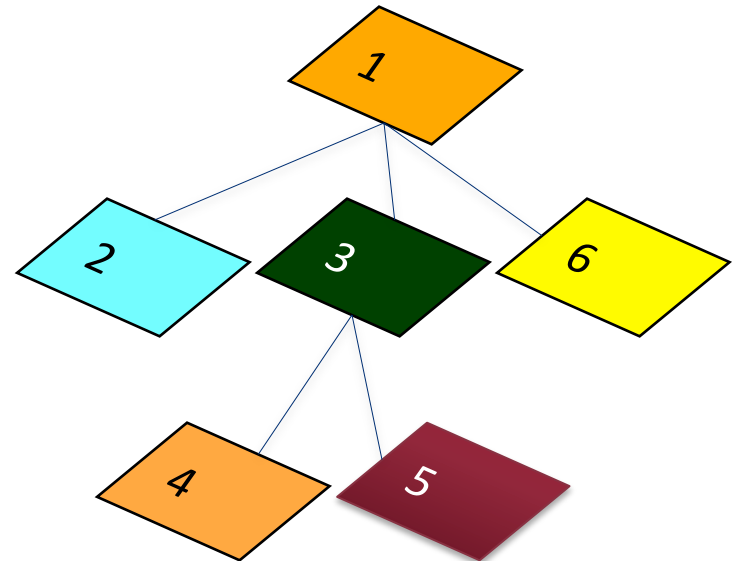
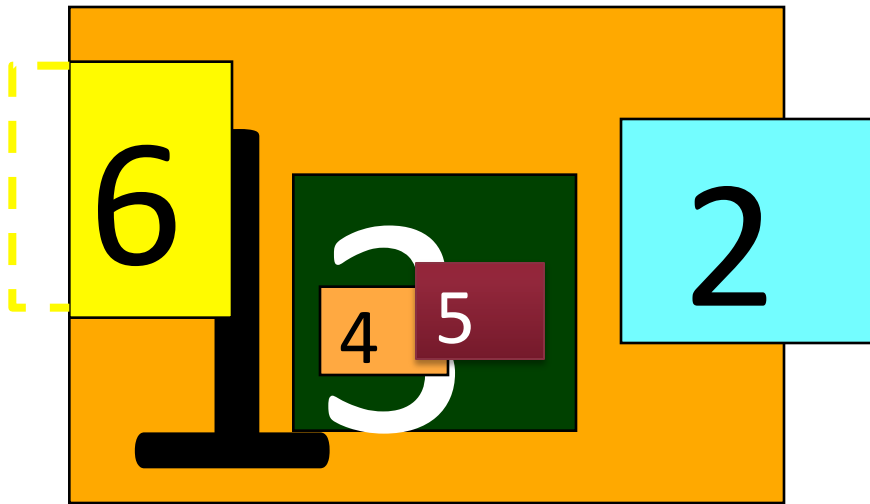
Layouting

MVC in GEF: View

- View: Draw2D Figures
 - Vector graphic library over SWT
 - Predefined simple elements
 - Label
 - Rectangle
 - Connector (arrow)
 - Hierarchic display
 - Basic component: Figure
- GEF views are implemented by
 - Draw2D Figure instances

Draw2D hierarchy

- Child position is relative to its parent
 - Negative coordinates (left, top) trimmed!
- Exactly one root element

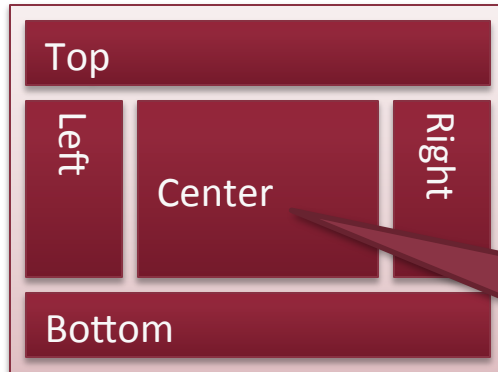


Draw2D LayoutManager

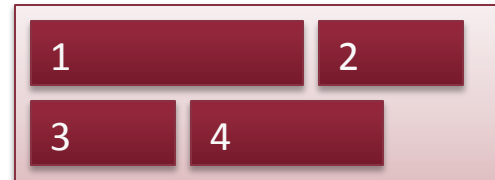
- Organizes children of a Figure
- Multiple implementations available, extensible
- Constraint: how to position children
 - Container position and size + LayoutManager + Constraint
 - Child position and size
 - Constraints are attached to children
 - Parent LayoutManager **may** consider constraints

Draw2D LayoutManagerek

BorderLayout



FlowLayout

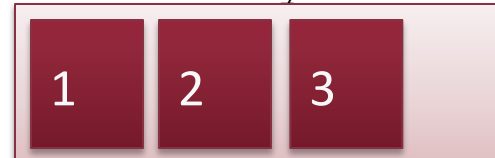


Constraints

XYLayout



ToolBarLayout



Draw2D elements

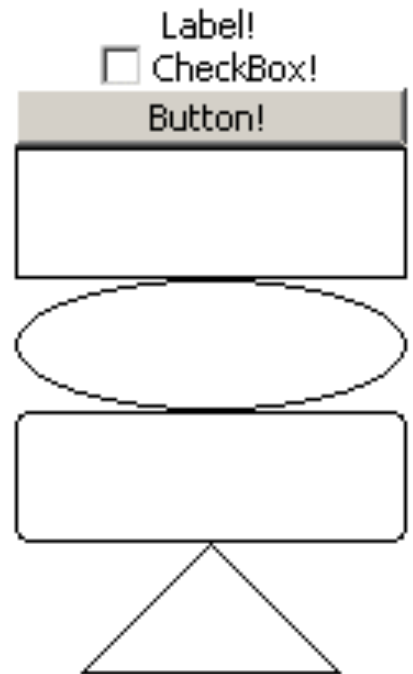
- Simple elements
 - Label, Button, CheckBox, Image
- Geometric shapes
 - RectangleFigure, Ellipse, Triangle
- Panel: generic container element
- ScrollPane: scrollable container element

Draw2D other elements

- Arrows
- Borders
- Custom figures
 - Sometimes combining existing elements is not enough
 - `paintFigure()` method can be redefined
 - SWT-based drawing code can be used

Base elements - example

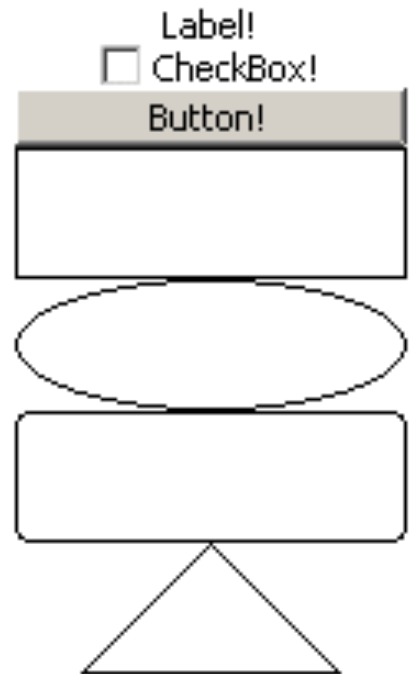
```
public class Pelda1 extends Figure {  
    public Pelda1() {  
        setOpaque(true);  
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);  
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get  
                (i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```



Base elements - example

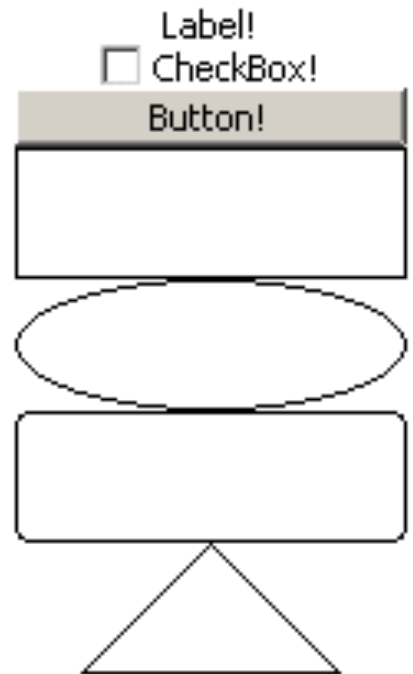
By default
everything is
transparent

```
public class Pelda1 extends JFrame {
    public Pelda1() {
        setOpaque(true);
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());
        add(new Label("Label!"));
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));
        add(new Button("Button!"));
        add(new RectangleFigure());
        add(new Ellipse());
        add(new RoundedRectangle());
        add(new Triangle());
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)
            ((Figure) getChildren().get(i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);
    }
}
```



Base elements - example

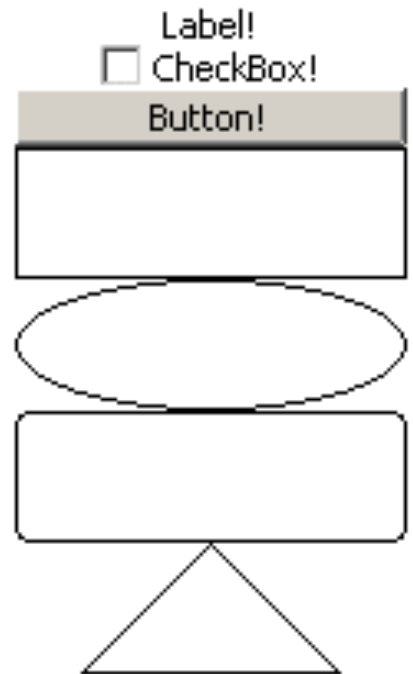
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        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get  
                (i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```



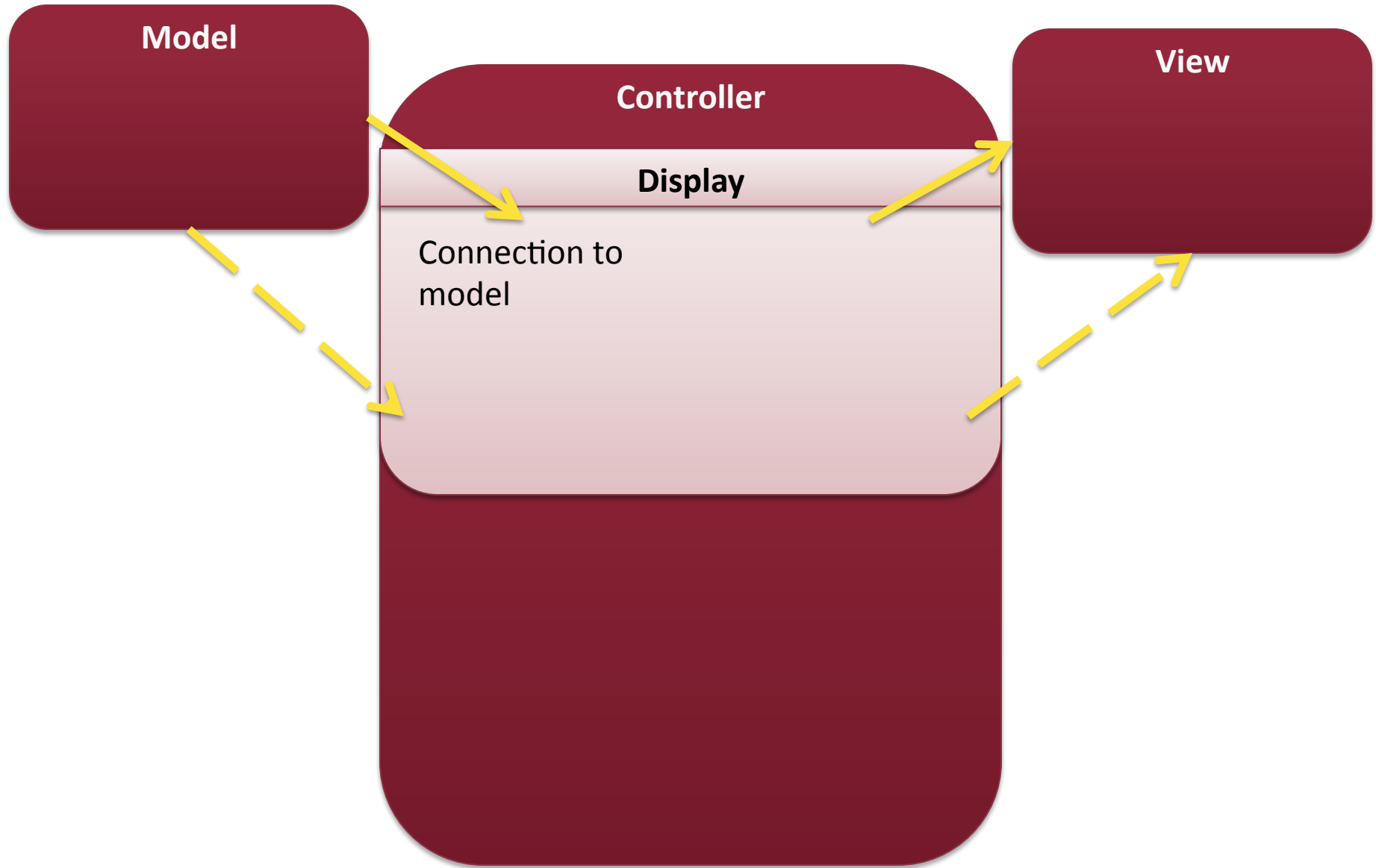
Base elements - example

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public class Pelda1 extends Figure {  
    public Pelda1() {  
        setOpaque(true);  
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        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get  
                (i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```

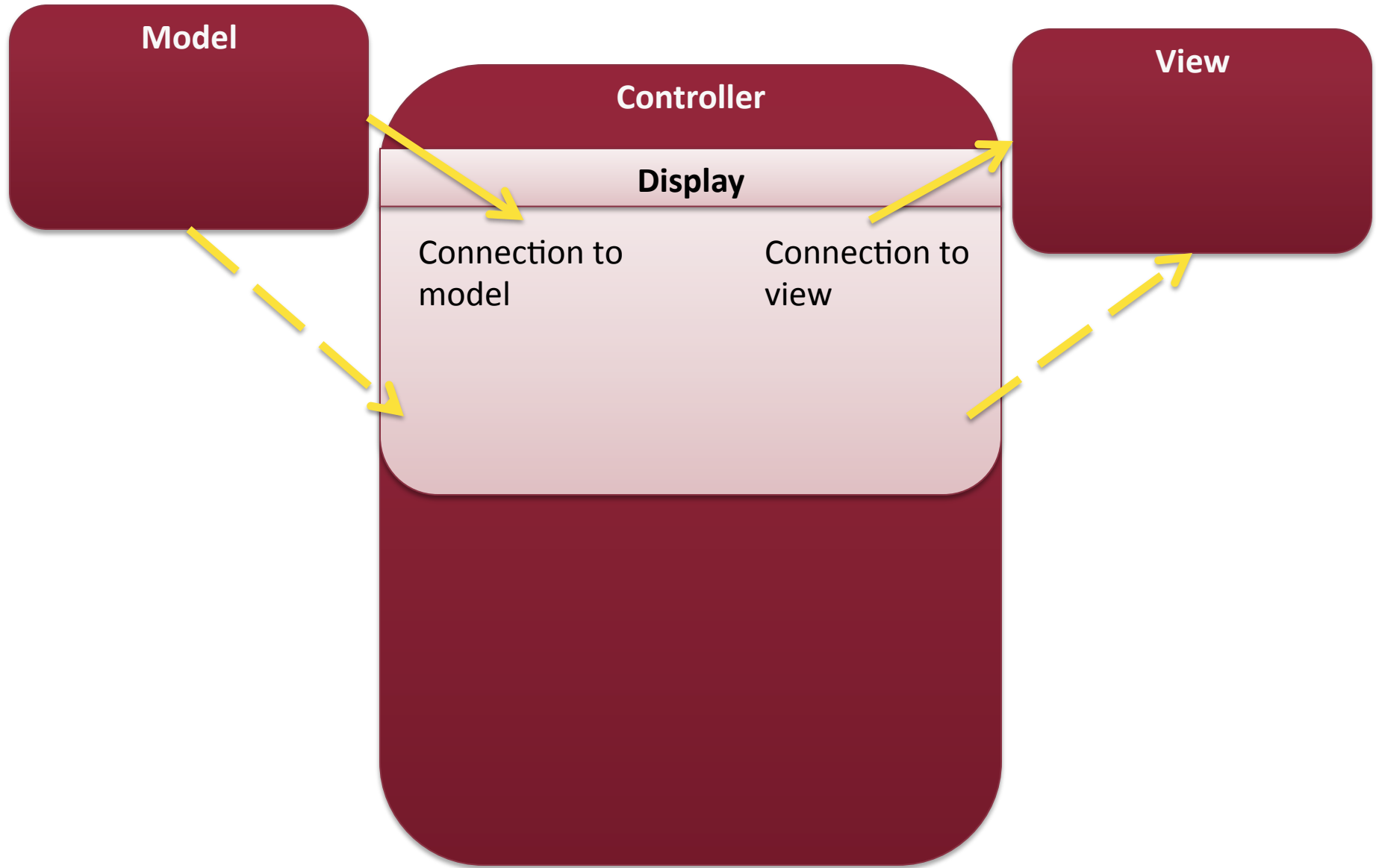
PreferredSize constraint



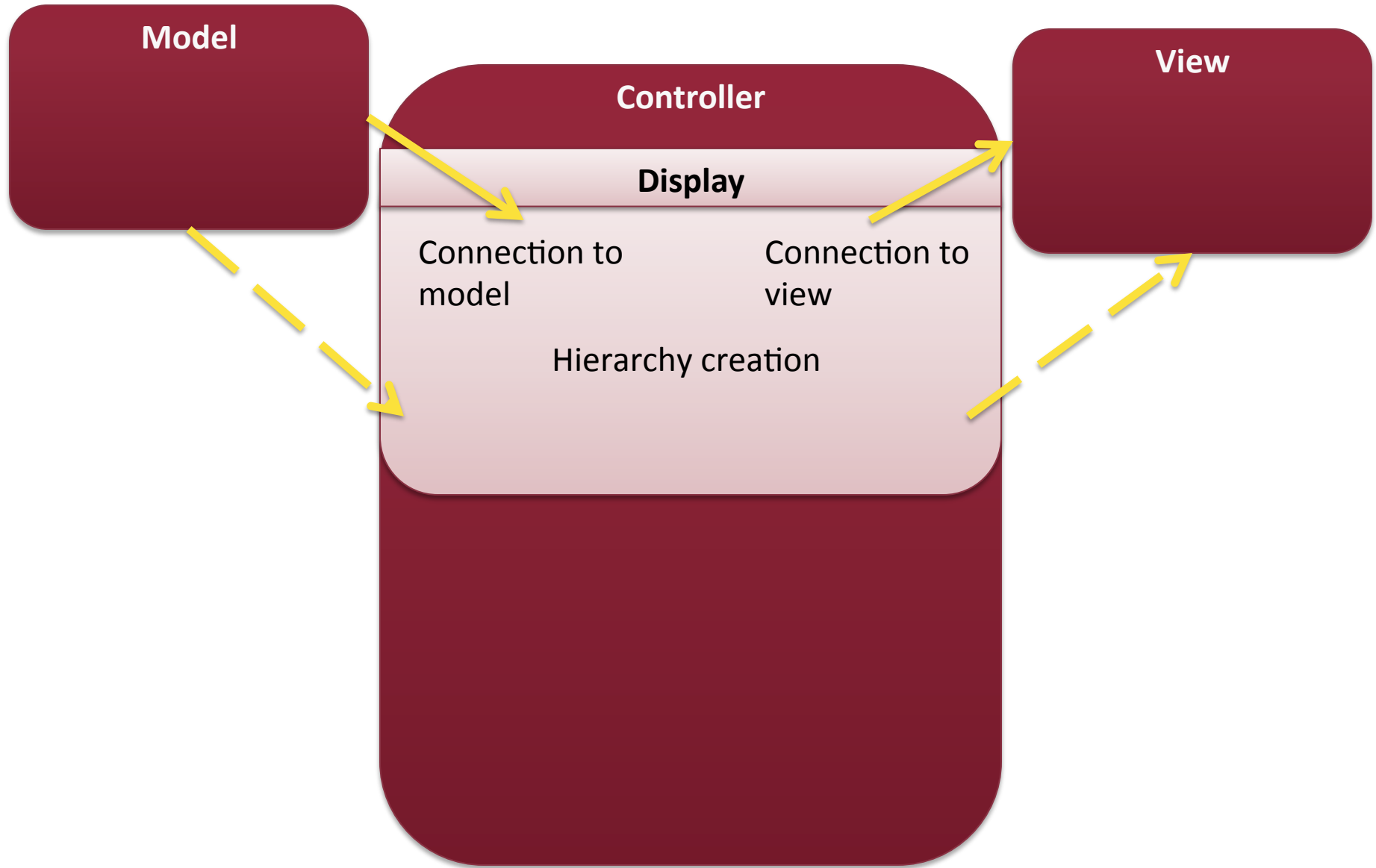
GEF workflow



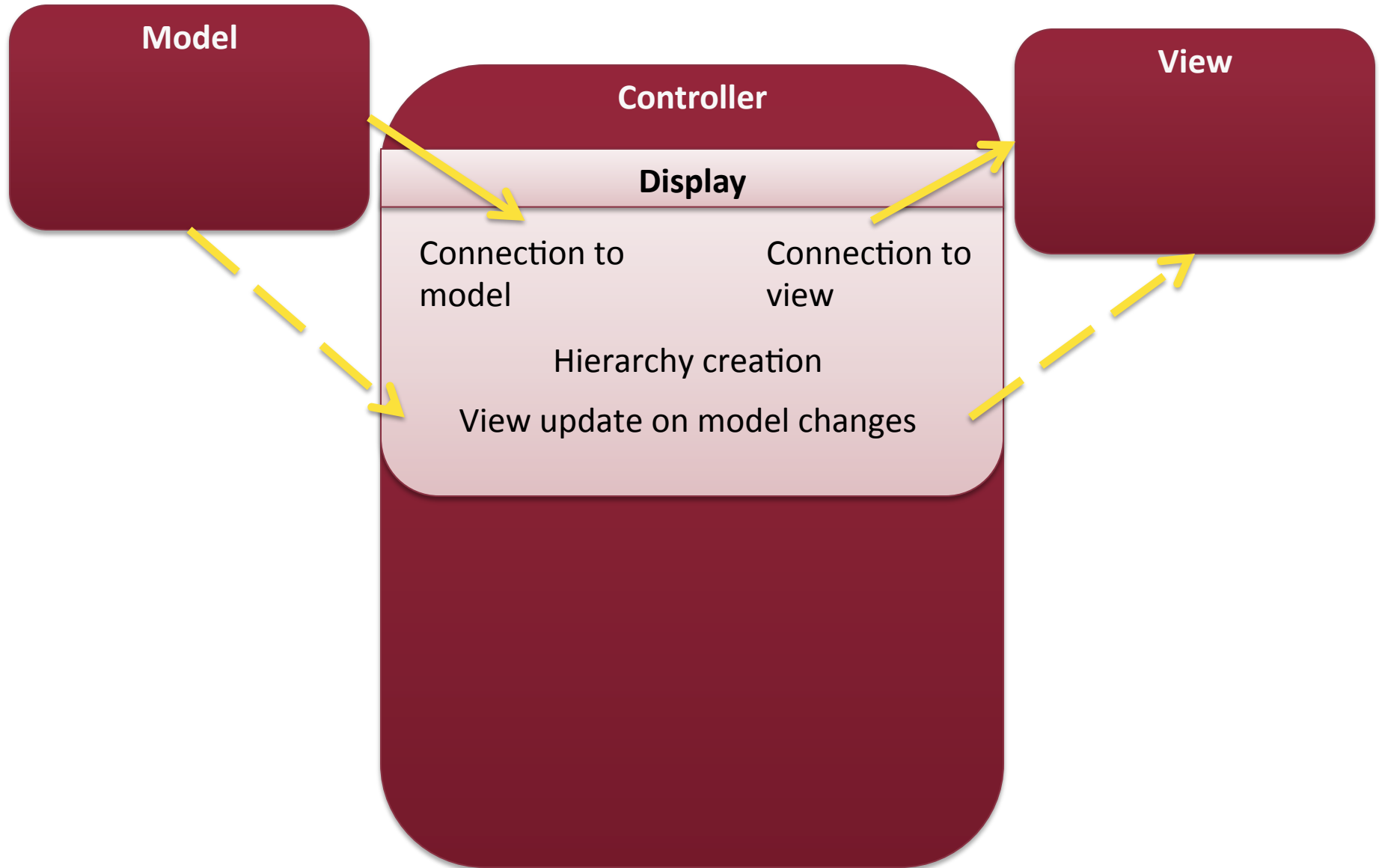
GEF workflow



GEF workflow



GEF workflow

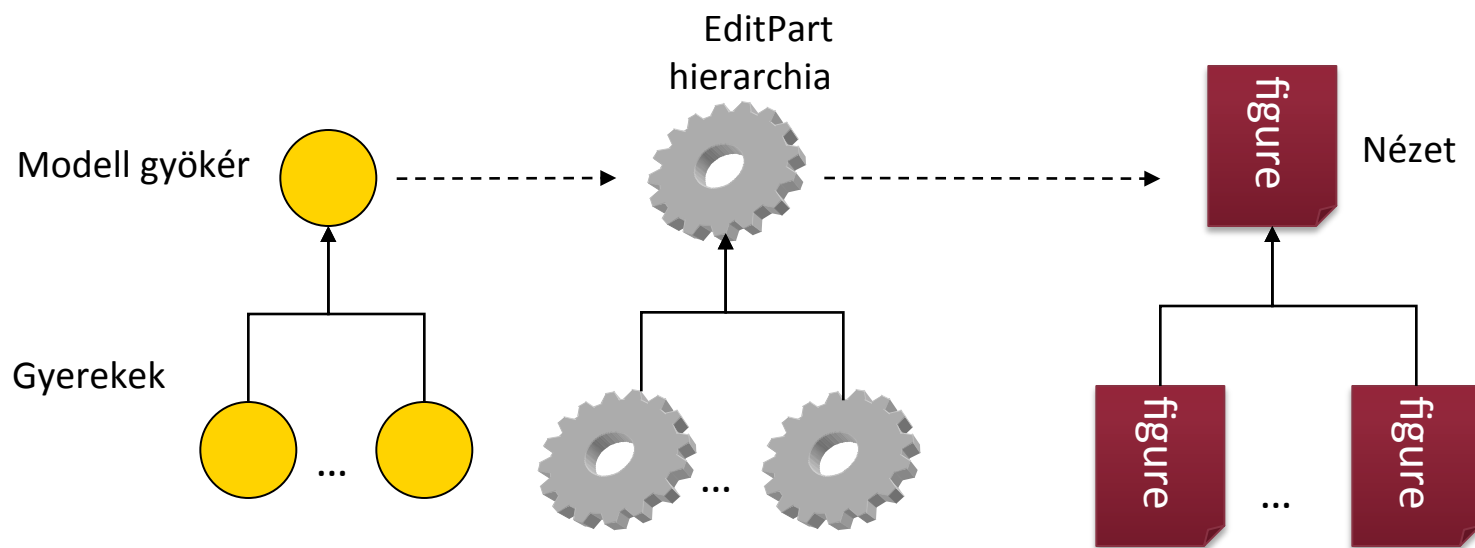


MVC in GEF: Controller

- Controller: EditPart classes
 - Connection between model and view
 - 1 Figure <-> 1 EditPart
 - 1 model element-> multiple EditPart
 - Thus multiple Figures
 - Updating Figures on changes
 - Handling user actions
 - Executes model manipulation

View initialization

- EditPartFactory
 - Creates EditPart instances for selected model element
- Figure instantiation
 - GraphicalEditPart.createFigure()



EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
    implements EditPartFactory {
    public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
    context,    Object model) {
        EditPart ep = null;

        if (model instanceof ElementModel)
            ep = new ElementEditPart();
        else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
            ep = new ParentEditPart();

        if (ep != null)
            ep.setModel(model);
        return ep;
    }
}
```

EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
    implements EditPartFactory {
    public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
        context,    Object model) {
        EditPart ep = null;

        if (model instanceof Element)
            ep = new ElementEditPart();
        else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
            ep = new ParentEditPart();

        if (ep != null)
            ep.setModel(model);
        return ep;
    }
}
```

Parent EditPart

EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
    implements EditPartFactory {
    public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
    context,    Object model) {
        EditPart ep = null;

        if (model instanceof ElementModel)
            ep = new ElementEditPart();
        else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
            ep = new ParentEditPart();

        if (ep != null)
            ep.setModel(model);
        return ep;
    }
}
```

EditPartFactory

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public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
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    public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
    context,    Object model) {
        EditPart ep = null;

        if (model instanceof ElementModel)
            ep = new ElementEditPart();
        else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
            ep = new ParentEditPart();

        if (ep != null)
            ep.setModel(model);
        return ep;
    }
}
```

EditPart stores a
model reference

View generation

- In EditPart class

```
public class ElementEditPart extends
    AbstractGraphicalEditPart {
    ...
    @Override
    protected IFigure createFigure() {
        // Saját Figure létrehozása
        ElementFigure fig = new
ElementFigure();
        return fig;
    }
    ...
}
```

Model traversal

- Initial GEF model
 - EditPartFactory
 - Model root
- How to traverse to other elements?
 - EditPart instances know their children
 - Recursive traversal
 - Containment circle is a bad idea 😊
 - Containment hierarchy should be connected
 - EMF containment hierarchy **may** be the same

Model traversal

- `EditPart.getModelChildren()`
 - Returns the children of the connected model element
 - Ordering important -> determines covering

```
public class TestParentEditPart extends
    AbstractGraphicalEditPart {
    ...
    @Override
    protected List getModelChildren() {
        // Saját modell lekérdezése
        ParentModel pm = ((ParentModel)
            getModel());
        return pm.getChildren();
    }
    ...
}
```

Model dependent,
not GEF specific

Model traversal

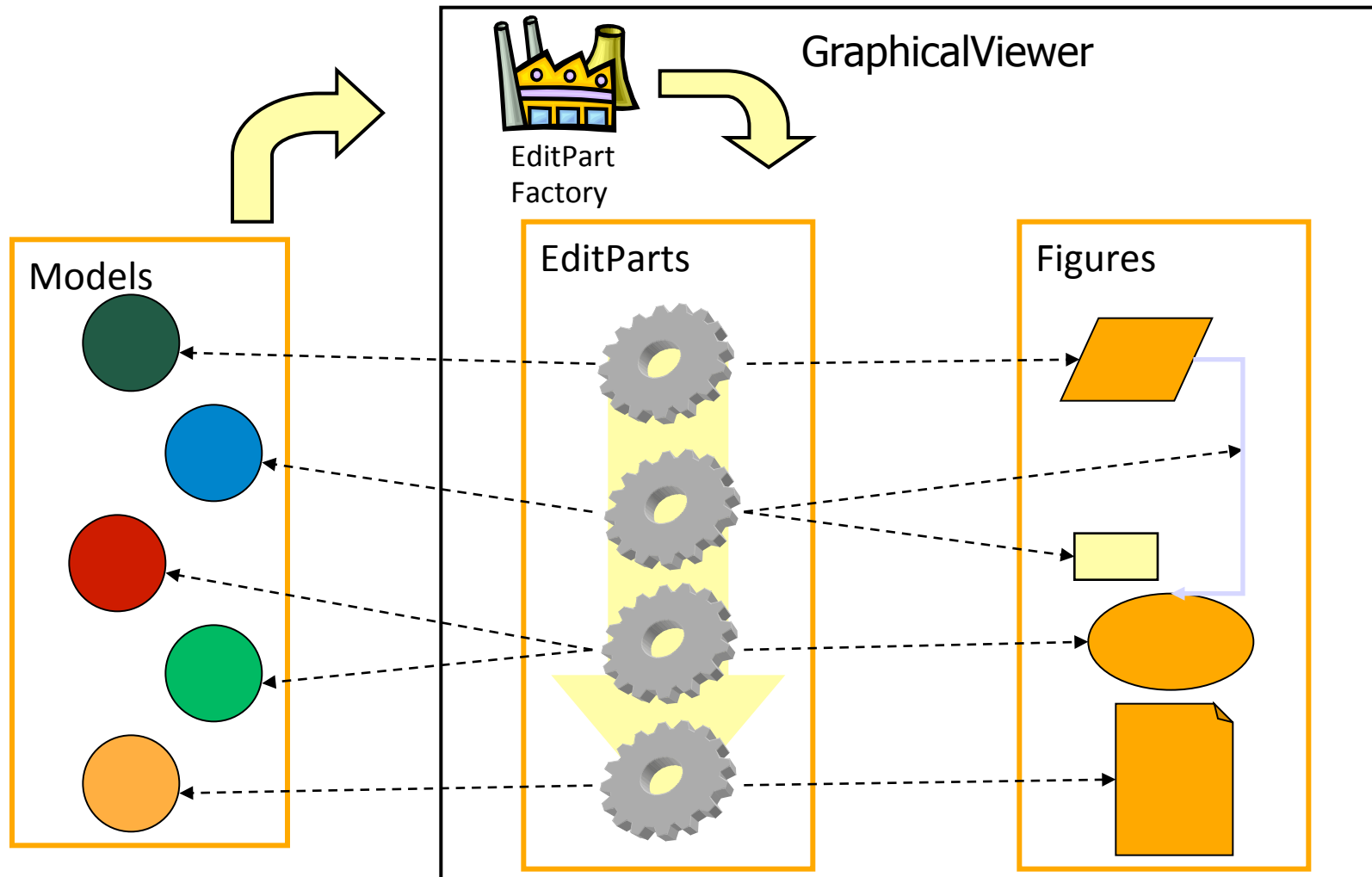
- `EditPart.getModelChildren()`
 - Returns the children of the connected model element
 - Ordering important -> determines covering

```
public class TestParentEditPart extends
    AbstractGraphicalEditPart {
    ...
    @Override
    protected List getModelChildren() {
        // Saját modell lekérdezése
        ParentModel pm = ((ParentModel)
            getModel());
        return pm.getChildren();
    }
    ...
}
```

Model query

Model dependent,
not GEF specific

Building view - Summary



ContentPane

- ContentPane: place of Figure to present children
- By default: entire Figure
- EditPart overrides
 - If only a child of Figure needed



...

```
@Override
public IFigure getContentPane() {
    return ((MyFigure)
getFigure()).getPlaceOfChildren();
}
```

...

View update on changes

- EditPart listens to model changes
 - activate(), deactivate()
- Calls refresh methods
 - refreshVisuals(): non-structural change
 - refreshChildren(): child list changed

EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
    protected void refreshVisuals() {
        ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
            ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
    }
    public void activate() {
        super.activate();
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
    protected void refreshVisuals() {
        ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
            ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
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    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

View refresh

EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
    protected void refreshVisuals() {
        ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
            ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
    }
    public void activate() {
        super.activate();
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

Register
change listener

EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
    protected void refreshVisuals() {
        ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
            ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
    }
    public void activate() {
        super.activate();
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

Remove
change listener

EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
    protected void refreshVisuals() {
        ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
            ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
    }
    public void activate() {
        super.activate();
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

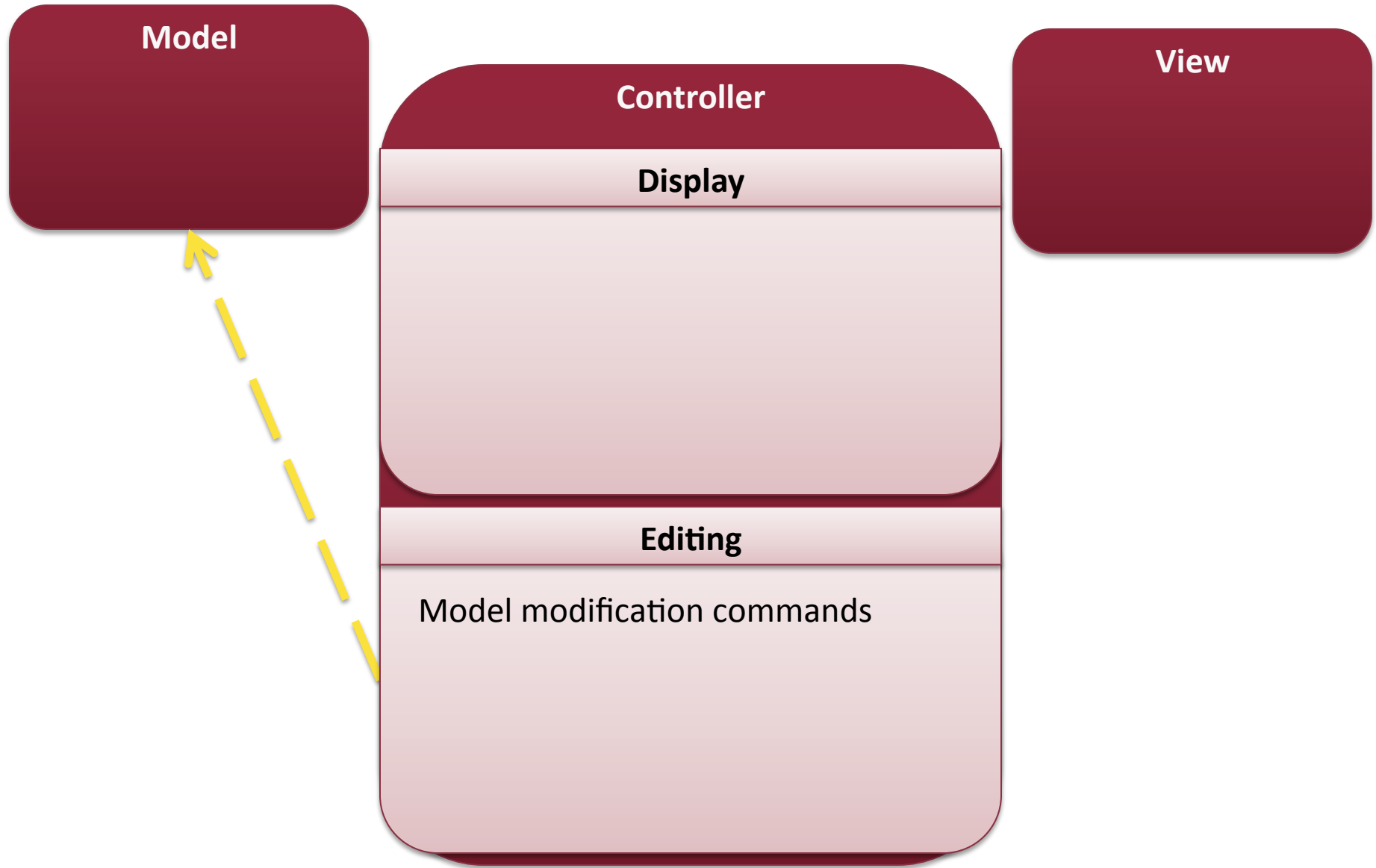
This is called
by model

EditPart example

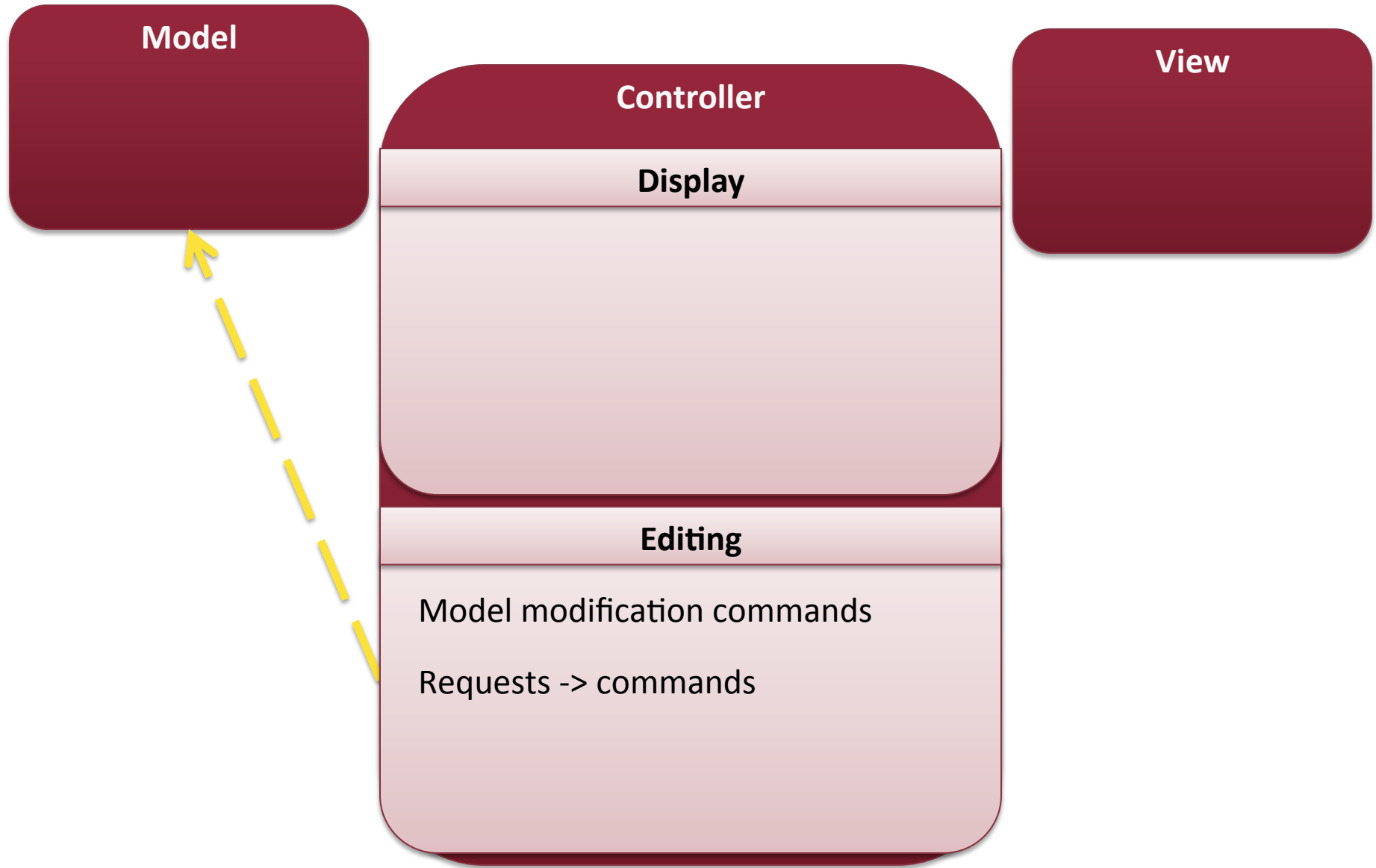
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    }
    public void activate() {
        super.activate();
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
    }
    public void deactivate() {
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
        super.deactivate();
    }
    public void modelChanged() {
        refreshVisuals();
        refreshChildren();
    }
}
```

Refreshing
children

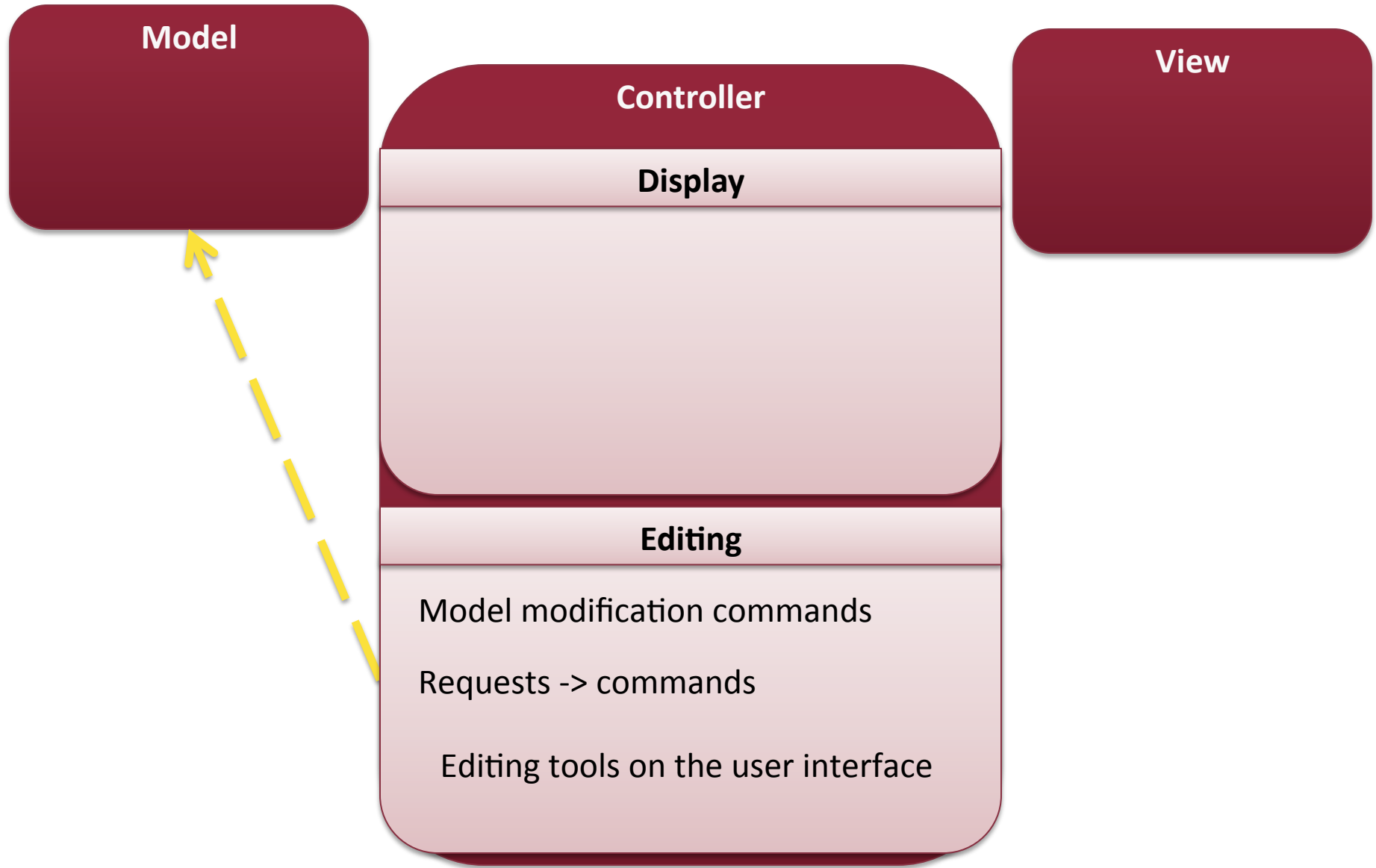
GEF workflow



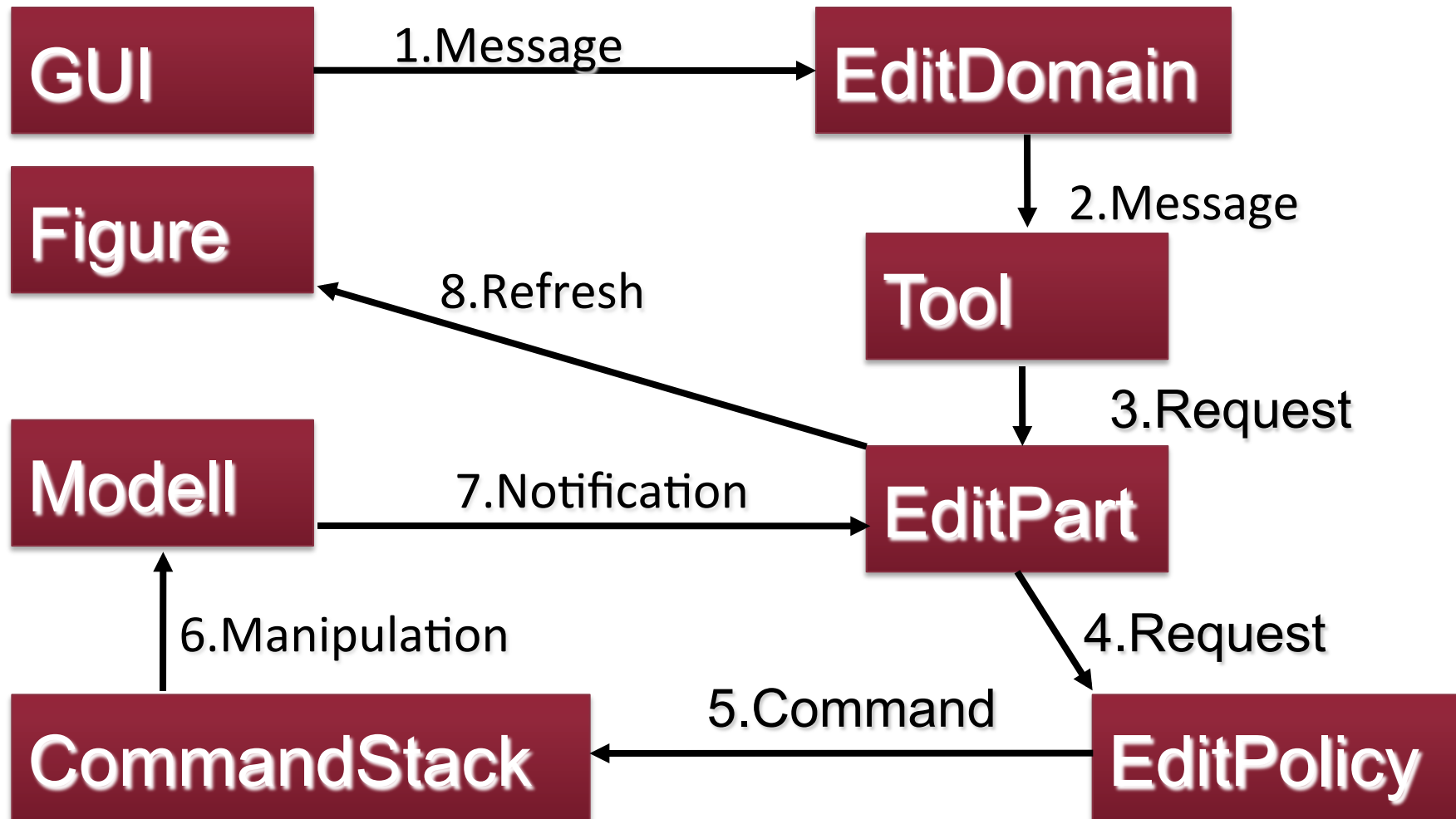
GEF workflow



GEF workflow



Editing workflow



Actors of editing I.

- EditDomain
 - Dispatches GUI events to selected tool
 - Does not process
- Tool:
 - Represents an editing function
 - Processes GUI messages
 - Creates (one or more) Requests
 - E.g., SelectionTool, CreationTool, MarqueeTool
 - Custom tools can be used

Actors of Editing II.

■ Request

- GEF-level event
- Pl. CreateRequest, DeleteRequest, ChangeBoundsRequest
- Forwarded to target EditPart

■ EditPolicy

- „Editing rule” of EditPart
- Request -> Command mapping
- 1 EditPart -> multiple EditPolicies (often)

Actors of Editing III.

- EditPart
 - Based on EditPolicies creates Commands
 - Receives model change notification
 - Refreshes structure (and may create child EditPart)

Actors of Editing IV.

■ Command

- Executes model manipulation
- Undoable (if implemented 😊)
- *See EMF.Edit commands (same idea, different impl.)*

■ CommandStack

- A stack of executed commands
- Undo/redo executed over this
- One for each EditDomainen
- Always execute commands through stack
- *See EMF.Edit EditingDomain*

Actors of Editing V.

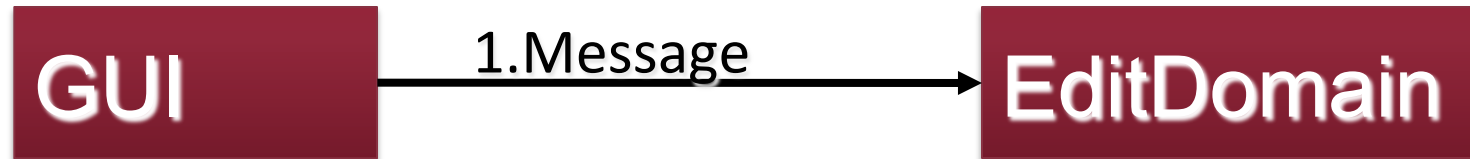
■ Action

- Not GEF-specific (JFace)
- Custom commands
 - Menu items
- GEF provides wrappers to connect to CommandStack
- ActionRegistry: list of actions

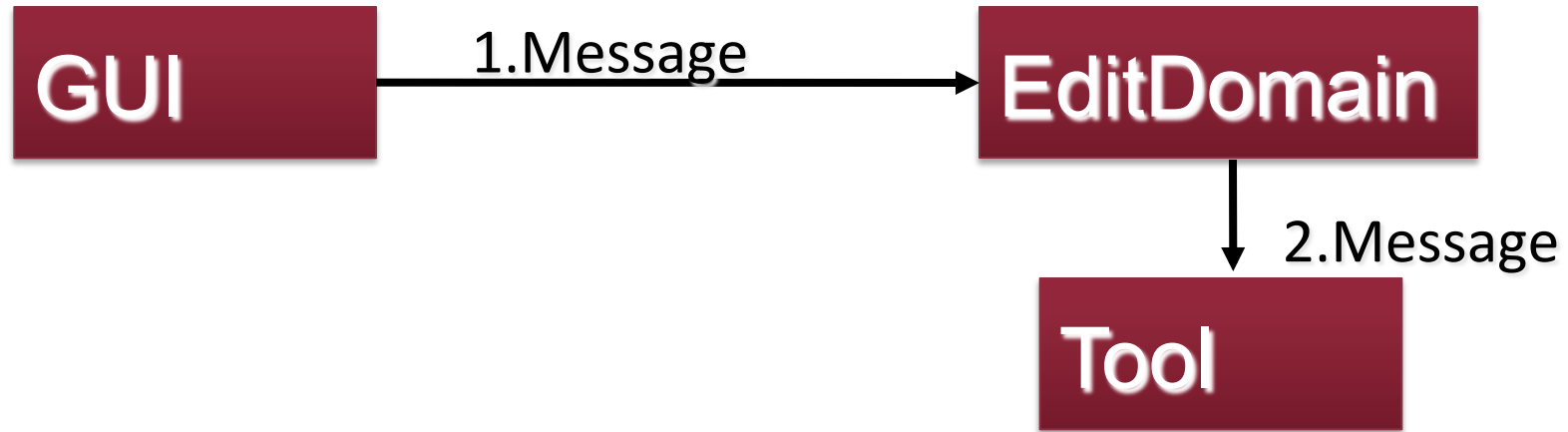
Editing Workfow

GUI

Editing Workflow



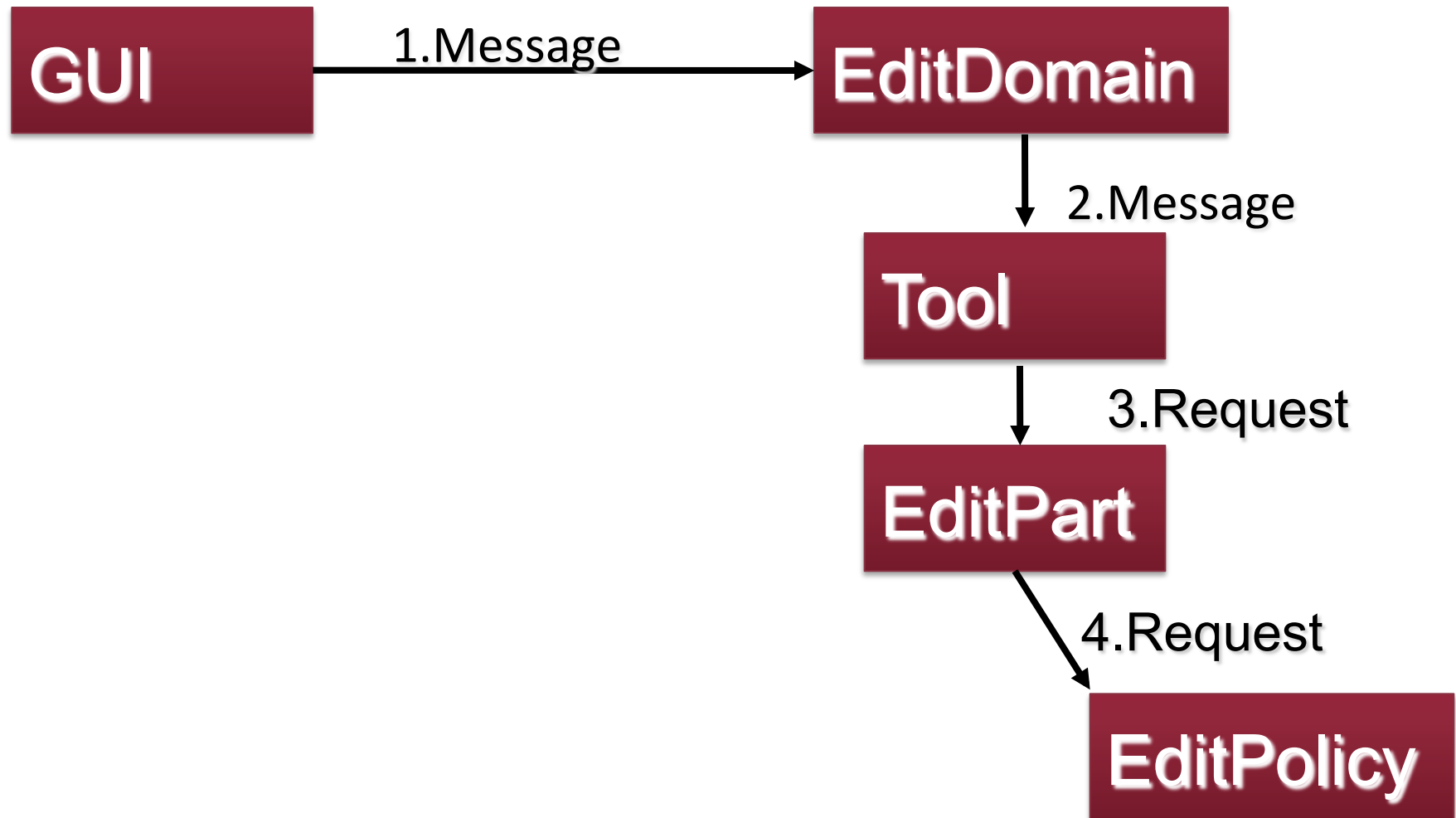
Editing Workflow



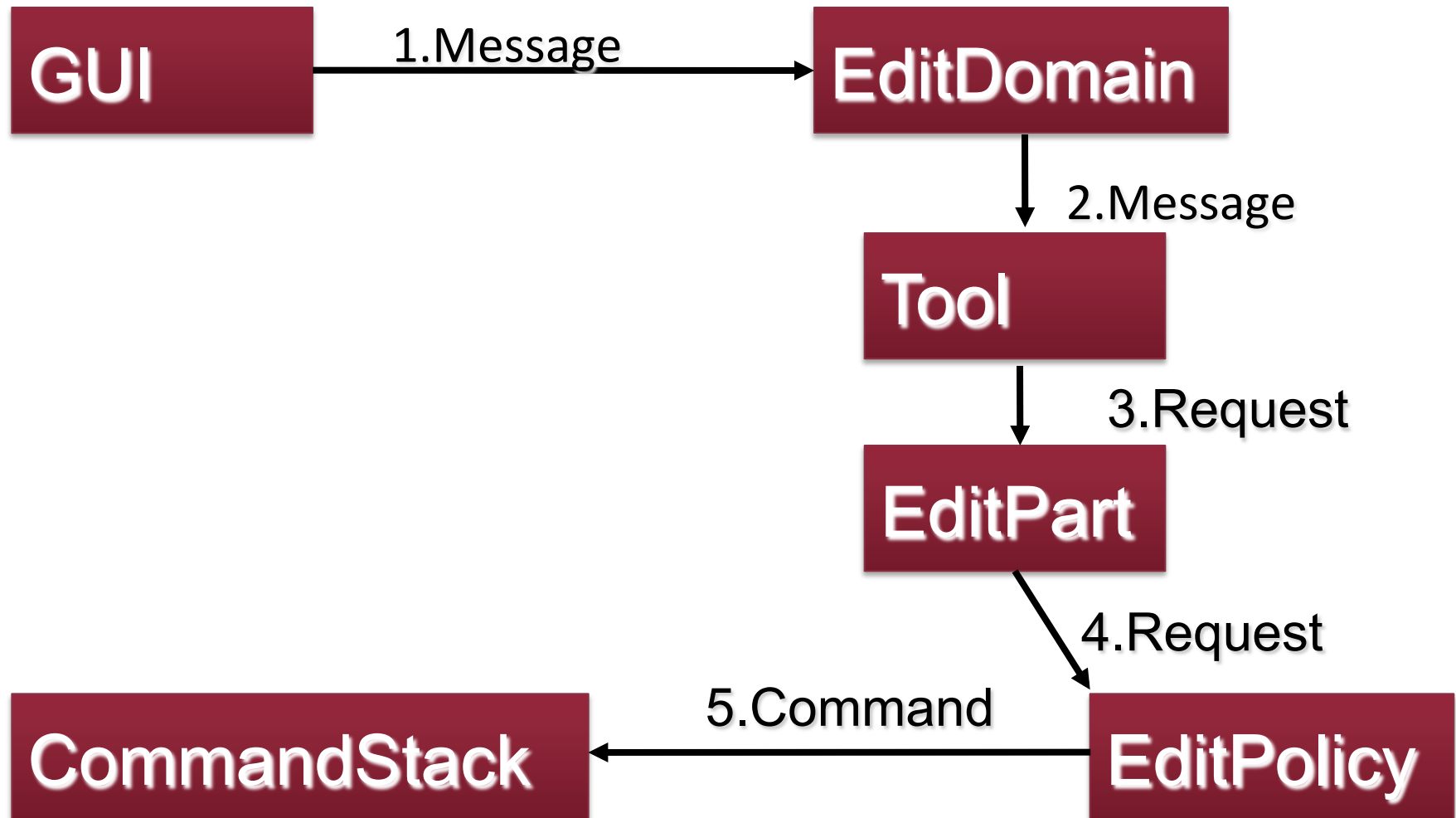
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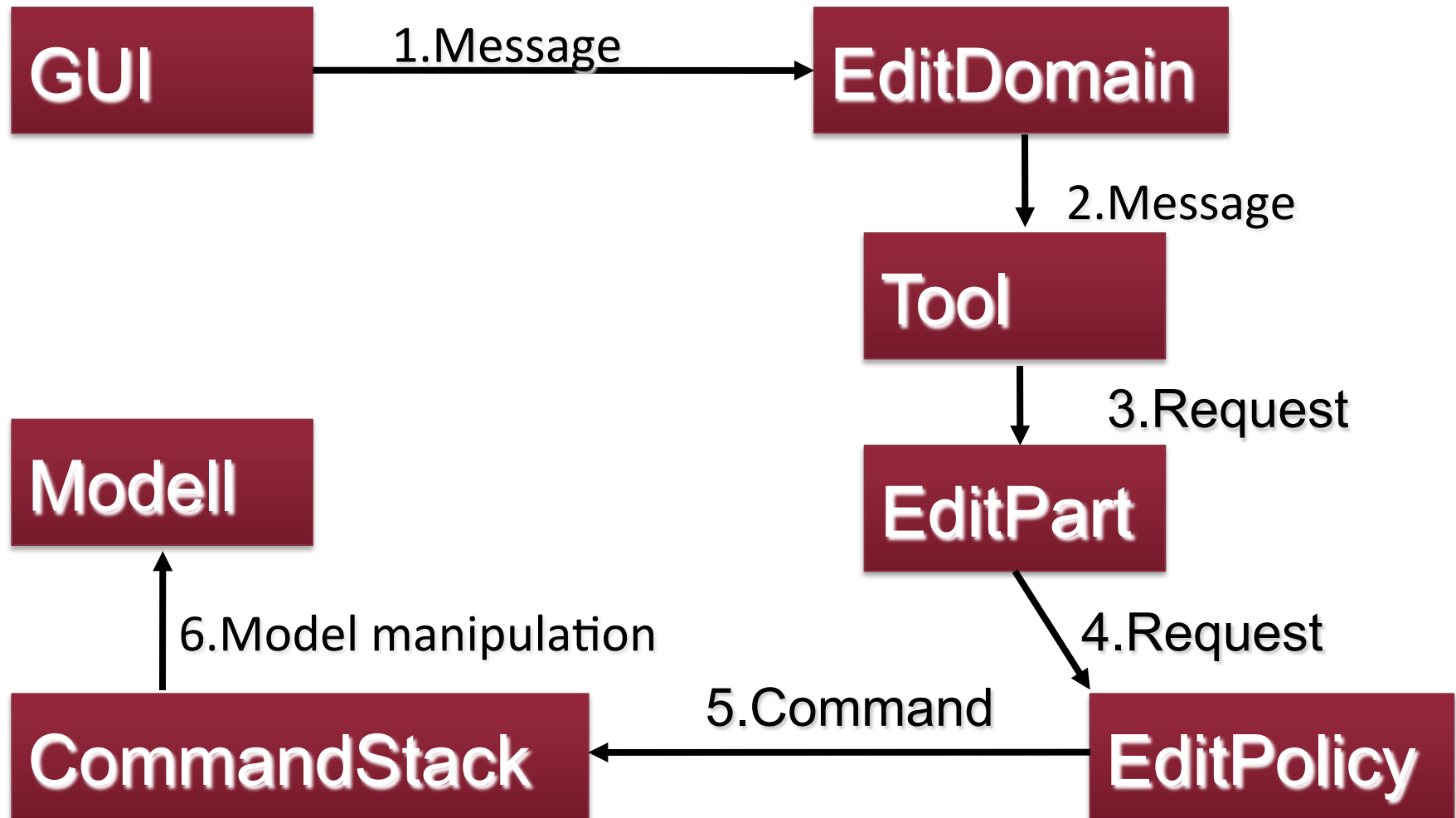
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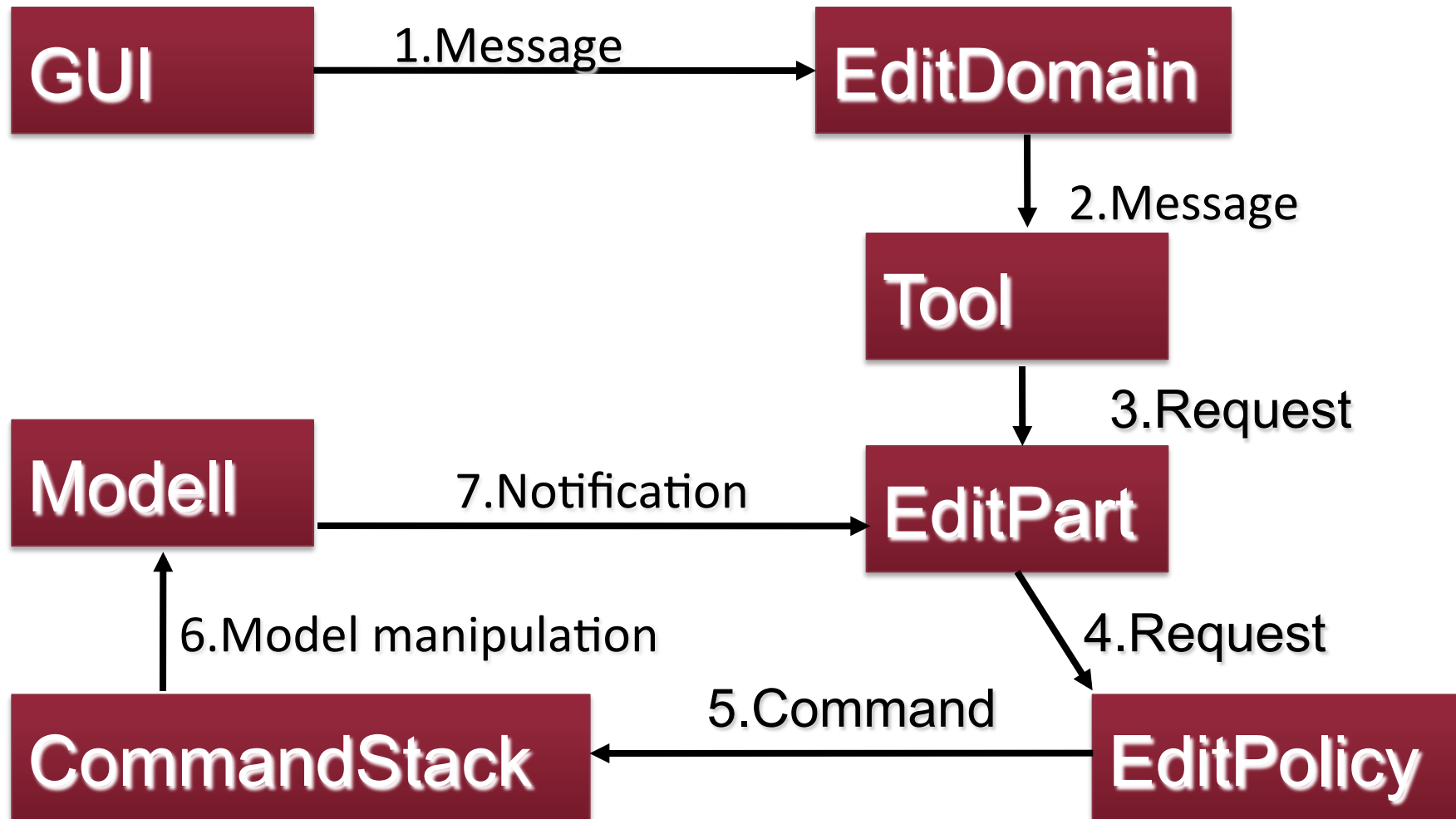
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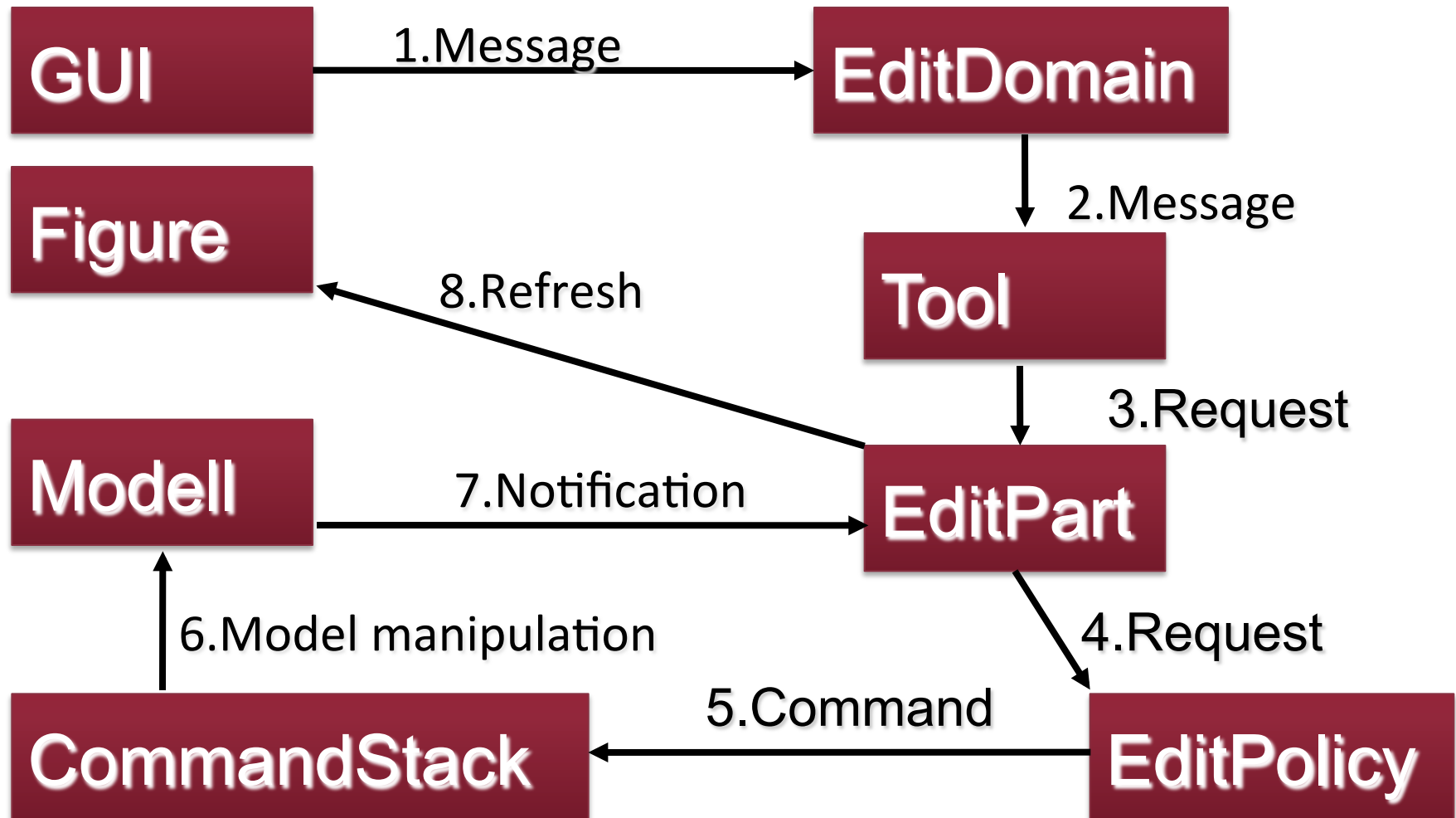
Editing Workflow



Editing Workflow



Editing Workflow



What to implement? - 1.

- Model code with notification support
 - Generatable with EMF
- View classes
- EditPart classes 1.
 - Model display
 - createFigure(), refreshVisuals()
 - Model change listening
 - activate(), deactivate()
- EditPartFactory (model -> EditPart)

What to implement? – 2.

- Model modification Commands
- Custom EditPolicies
 - Defines available operations
- EditPart classes 2.
 - EditPolicy assignment
- Editor and related parts
 - EditPartViewer, Palette

GEF workflow

Model

Notification

Controller

Display

Connection to
model

Connection to
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

View

Drawing

Layout

GEF workflow

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GEF w

Figure

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LayoutManager

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EditPart

Tool

EditPolicy

Arrows (connectors)

- Similar to object
 - With important distinctions
- Display in higher layer
- Connector Edit Parts
 - AbstractConnectionEditPart descendants
 - EditPolicy, Request, etc.
- Directed connection (on model level)
- *Not detailed here*

Further Capabilities

- Eclipse Properties view support
- Direct editing of labels
- Zoom support
- Arrangement
- Separate tree and graphical outline
- *Not detailed here*

GEF – Further materials

- Create an Eclipse-based application using the Graphical Editing Framework
 - IBM Developerworks:
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/os-eclipse-gef11/>
- Vainolo tutorials:
 - <http://www.vainolo.com/tutorials/>
- GEF wiki:
 - http://wiki.eclipse.org/GEF/Articles%2C_Tutorials%2C_Slides

Graphiti

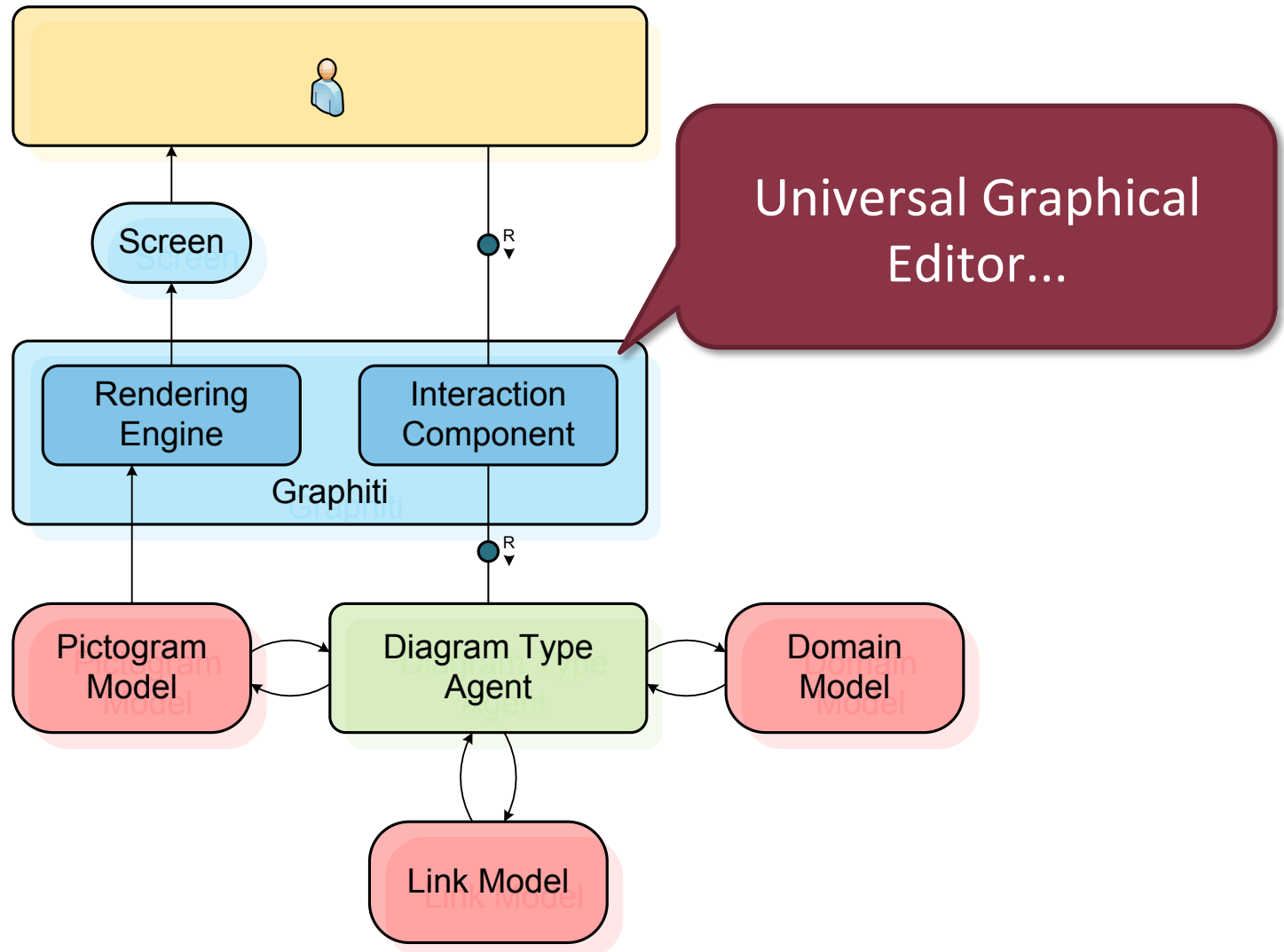
Problems using GEF

- Very complex
- Lot of redundant, hand-written code
- Example: simple GEF editor
 - Two node types with edges between them
 - 3400 lines of code (w/o model)
 - 16 classes, 150 methods...
- Something more simple is needed

Simplification

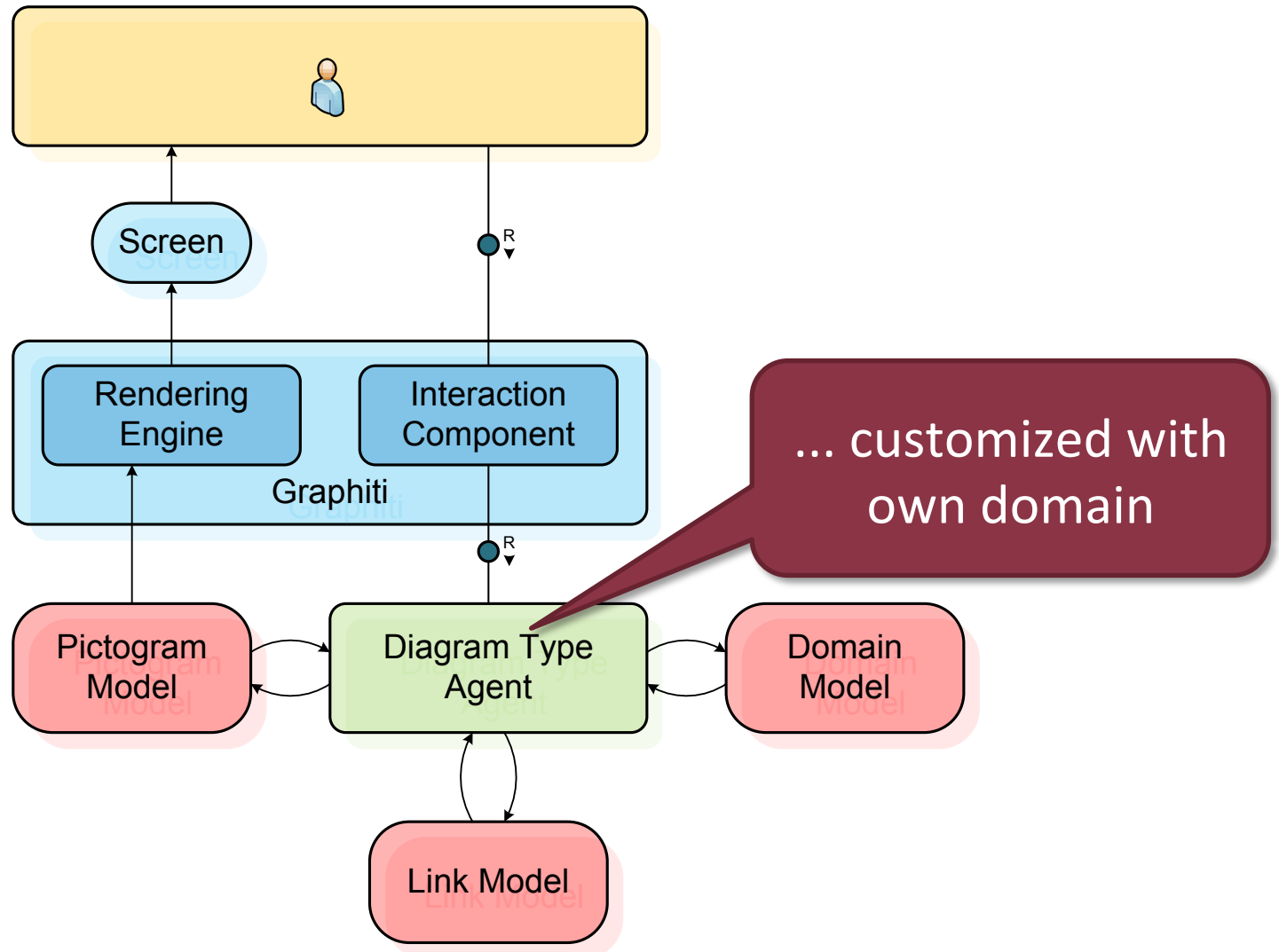
- EMF models
 - Uniform handling
 - Load/save simple
 - Interfile dependencies manageable
- Simpler interaction
 - Only high-level functions directly supported

Architecture of Graphiti



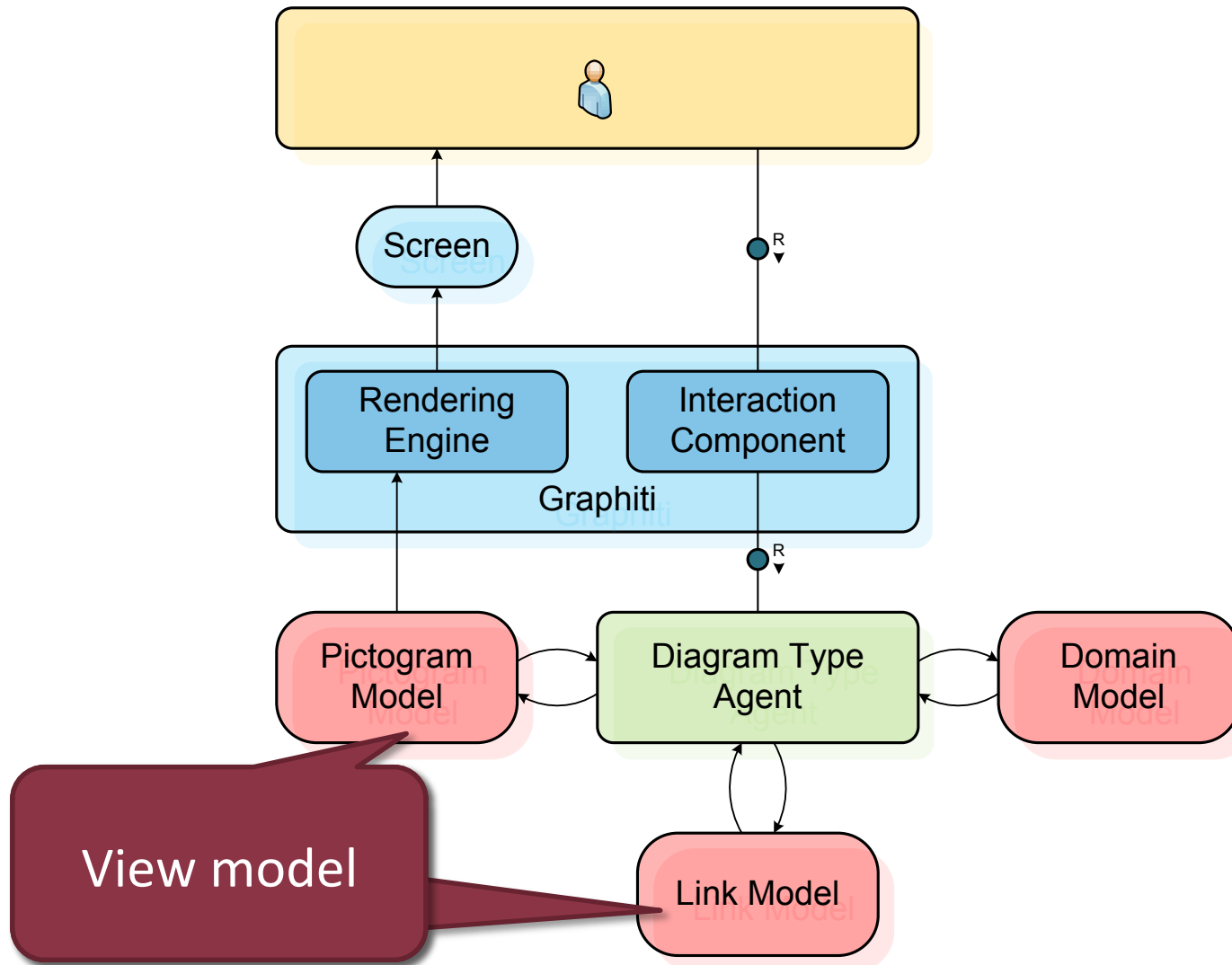
Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

Architecture of Graphiti



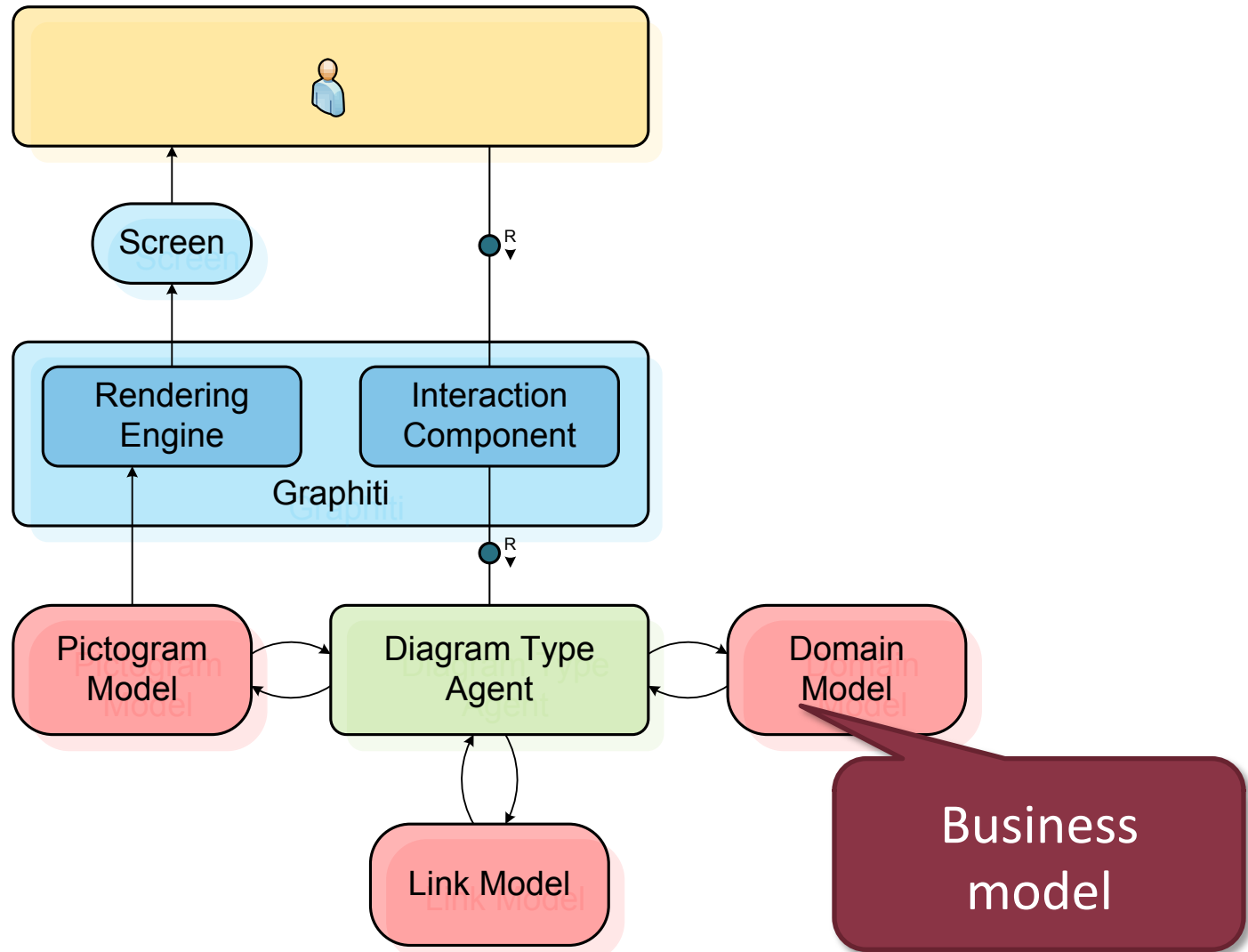
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Architecture of Graphiti



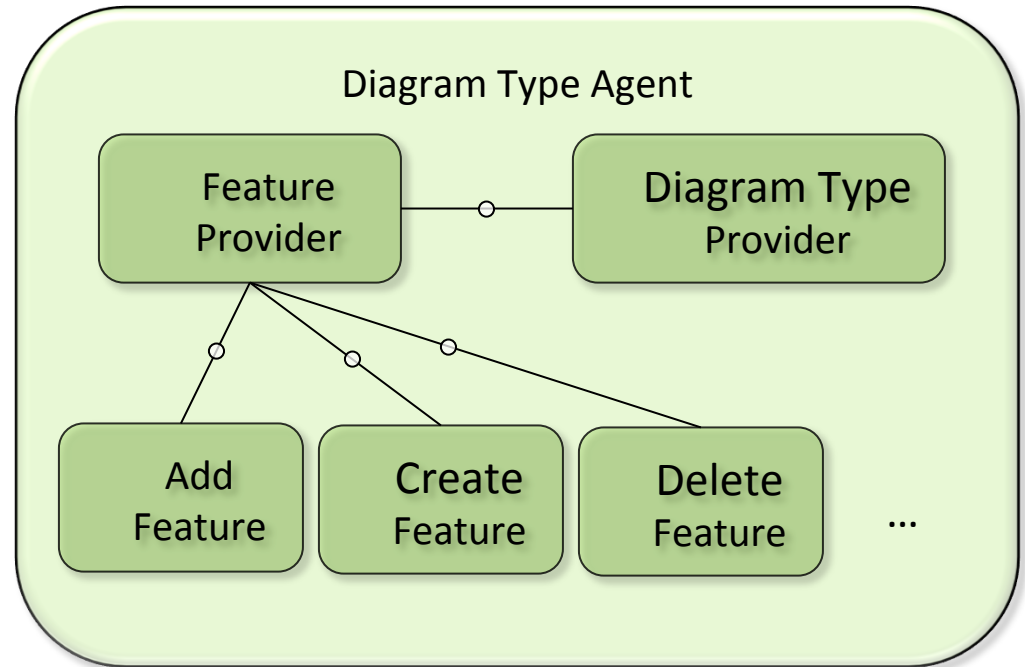
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Architecture of Graphiti



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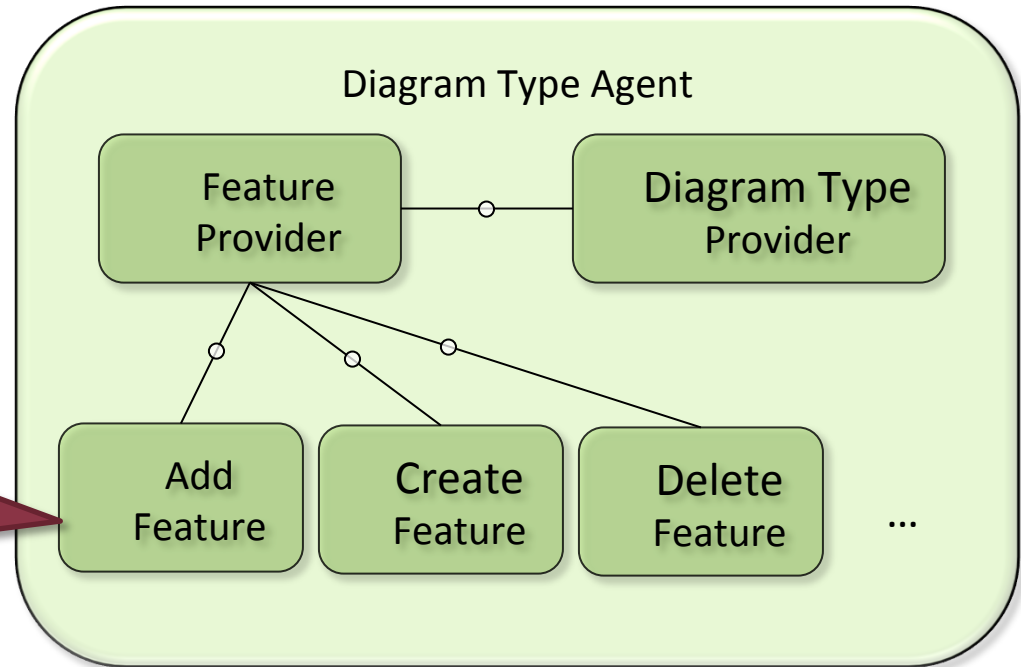
Graphiti architecture 2. – Diagram Type Agent



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

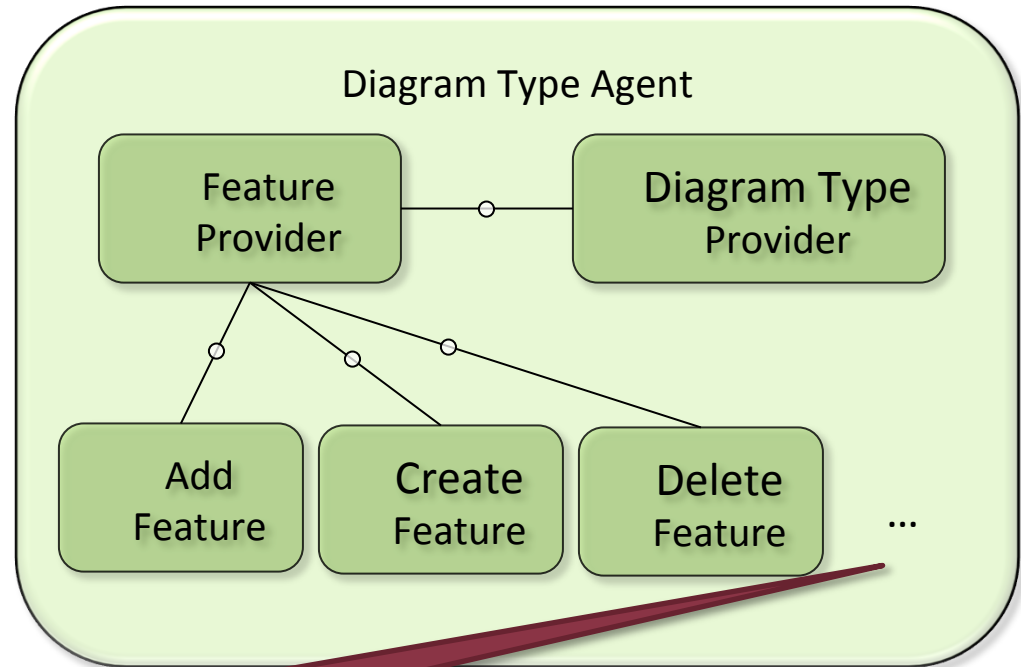
Graphiti architecture 2. – Diagram Type Agent

Feature: editing operation on business model



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

Graphiti architecture 2. – Diagram Type Agent



Most common user
commands available

Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

Basic terms

Domain

Links

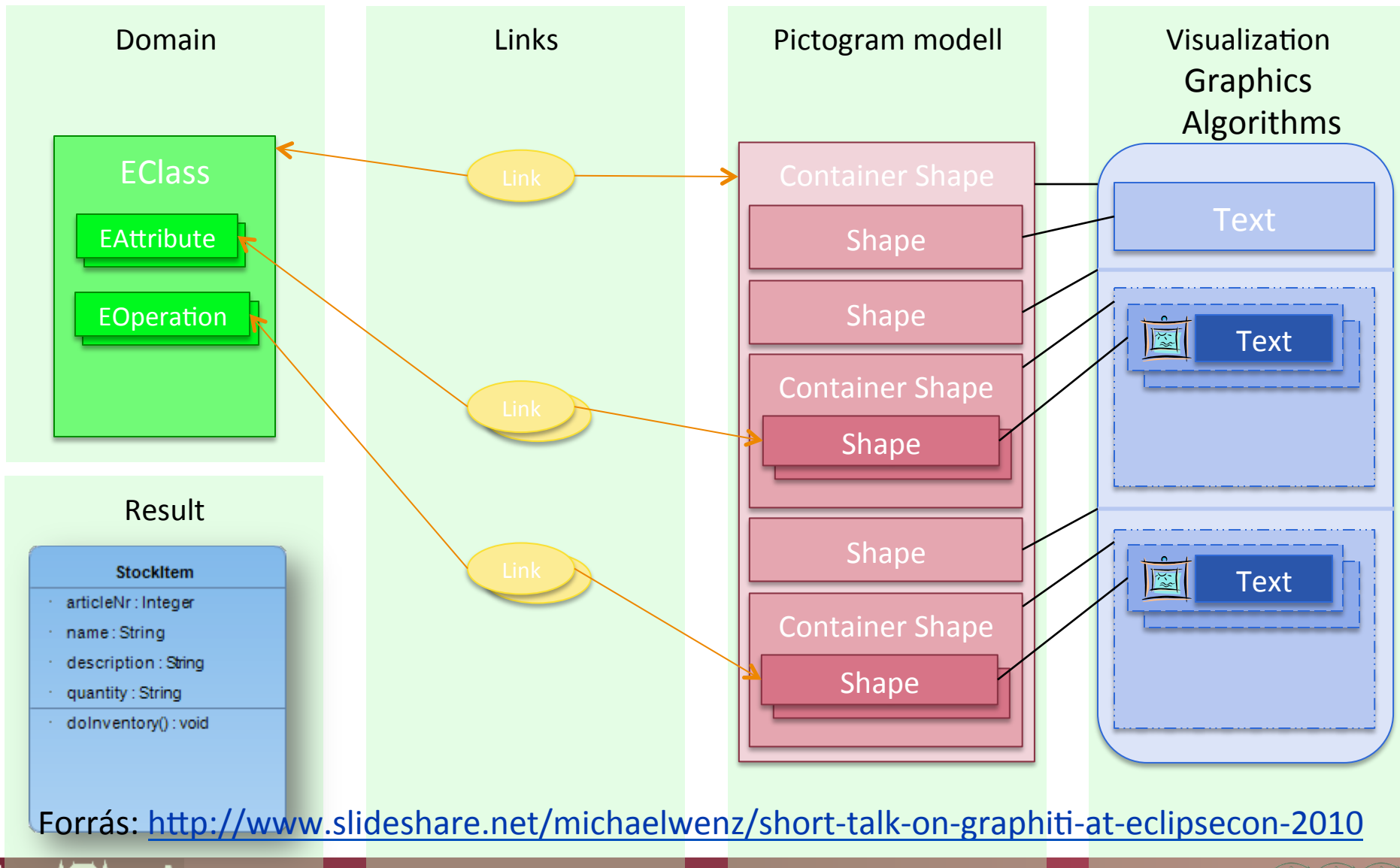
Pictogram modell

Visualization
Graphics
Algorithms

Result

Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

Basic terms



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

Pictogram and link model

■ Pictogram metamodel

- Displayable object
- EMF model
- Metamodel available: <http://eclipse.org/graphiti/images/pictograms.pdf>

■ Link

- Traceability connections between pictogram and business model elements
- Generic (not business model specific)

Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
 - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. Feature implementation

Tool building steps

1. **Diagram Type Provider implementation**
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
 - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. Feature implementation

DiagramTypeProvider

```
public class SocialDiagramTypeProvider
    extends AbstractDiagramTypeProvider
    implements IDiagramTypeProvider {

    public SocialDiagramTypeProvider() {
        setFeatureProvider(new
        SocialNetworkFeatureProvider(this));
    }
}
```

DiagramTypeProvider

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```

Feature Provider
registration

Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
- 2. Diagram Type Provider registration**
 - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. Feature implementation

Feature Provider registration

- Two extension points
 - Type definition
 - Simple description
 - `org.eclipse.graphiti.ui.diagramTypes`
 - Implementation
 - Mapping type definition and feature provider
 - `org.eclipse.graphiti.ui.diagramTypeProviders`

Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
 - Extension point
- 3. Feature Provider implementation**
4. Feature implementation

Feature Provider

- Re-use *AbstractFeatureProvider* class
- Feature registration into corresponding method
 - Return null if not applicable
- Multiple features
 - Create: creating model elements
 - Add: add existing elements to diagram
 - Copy, Paste
 - Update
 - DirectEditing

Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
 - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. **Feature implementation**



Implementing features

- Abstract implementations available
 - E.g., AbstractAddShapeFeature
- Implementation depends on type
 - E.g., canAdd and add methods

Graphiti - Summary

- Higher level library over GEF
 - Uses EMF models
 - Universal editor
- Less coding
- Uniform presentation
- But missing functions