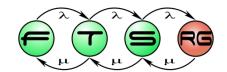
# Build Automation, Continous Integration





### Recap: Testing Systems

- Preparing tests
  - Multiple metodologies
  - Goal: increase quality, find issues
- Problem
  - Good testing requires time
  - Developer is prone not to execute it locally





### Mozilla Firefox

- 17 platform
- 12 source branch
- 1200 build and test machine
  - Compile time: 12.40 hours
  - Testing time: 54.48 hours
  - CPU time: 2.79 days (!)
  - Release testing earlier: 10 days

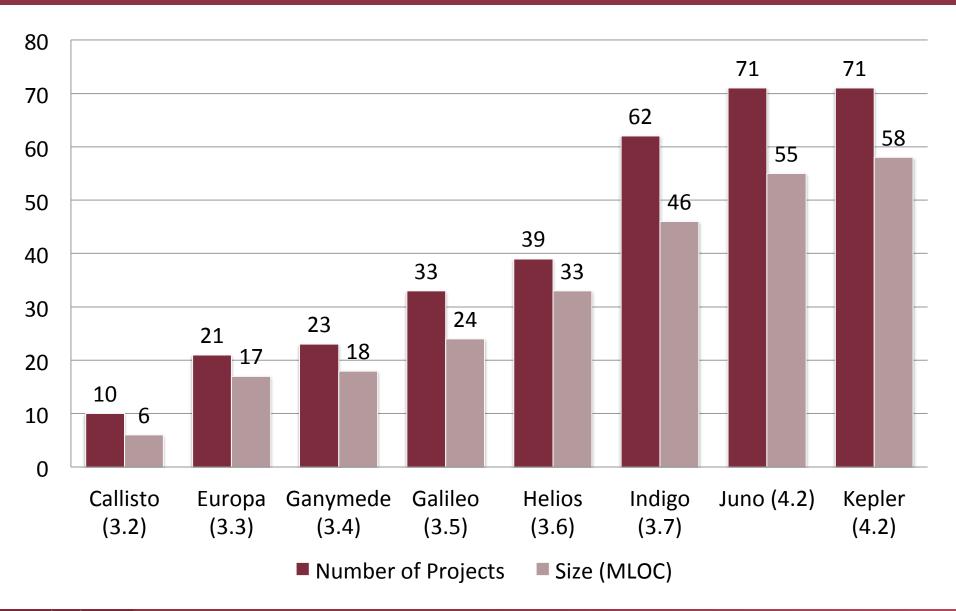
### Eclipse Release Train

- Synchronized release of projects
  - Since 2006
  - Yearly
    - 1 main release (new features)
    - 2 service releases (mostly patches)





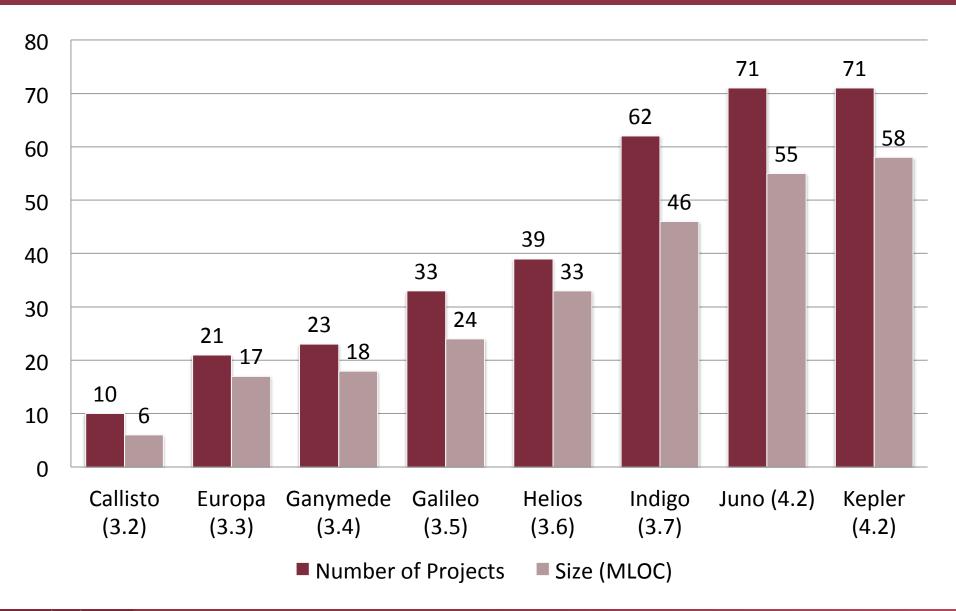
### Eclipse Release Train in Numbers







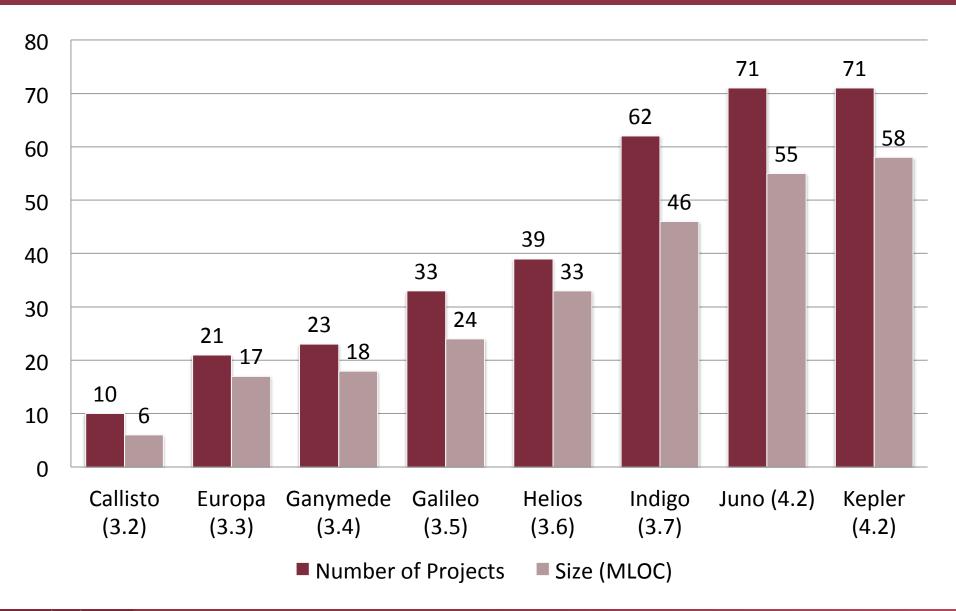
### Eclipse Release Train in Numbers







### Eclipse Release Train in Numbers







### Multiple versions

- Different platforms
  - Windows
    - Win32 32/64 bit
    - There was an early access WPF port
  - Linux
    - GTK 32/64 bit
  - Mac OSX
    - Cocoa 64 bit





# Multiple packages

- Package
  - Different set of plug-ins installed together
  - All other plug-ins available for downloads
- Examples
  - Java EE
  - Plug-in developer
  - o C/C++
  - Modeling
  - **OPHP**
  - 0 ...





# Eclipse Platform Build (2009.11.)

Downloading source	20 minutes
Build signing	1 hour 14 minutes
Using p2 Director	20 minutes
Creating p2 repositories	4 minutes
Zipping SDK and platform zips	30 minutes
Running tests	6 hour 40 minutes



### Motivation for Release Train

Short review of "pre-Callisto" days, to avoid repeating past mistakes; (Names and examples are a fictional melding of several cases). Platform released in June. TPTP and CDT a month or two later, WTP a month or two later. Only at that time, was a bug discovered in the Platform (by WTP nearing release) such that they could not release until SR1. Platform releases SR1 in September, WTP can now release. Only then was it observed that some regression was introduced that prevented CDT from working with the Platform SR1. So, CDT might hurry up with their SR1, or adopters would all have to patch a mix and match of components to make their product schedule

### Eclipse Release Train

- Many project, complex process
  - Only a single, one-week delay in 8 years
- Frequent release is problematic

- Motto:
  - "Shipping is hard, that's why we do it 7 times a release."





# Continuous Integration





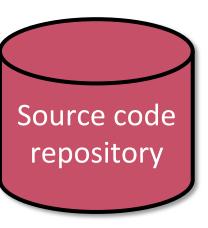
### Continuous integration

"Continuous Integration is a software development practice where members of a team integrate their work frequently, usually each person integrates at least daily - leading to multiple integrations per day. Each integration is verified by an automated build (including test) to detect integration errors as quickly as possible."

Martin Fowler http://www.martinfowler.com/articles/continuousIntegration.html

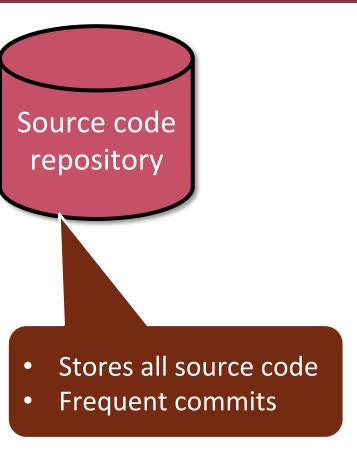




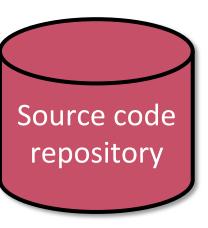






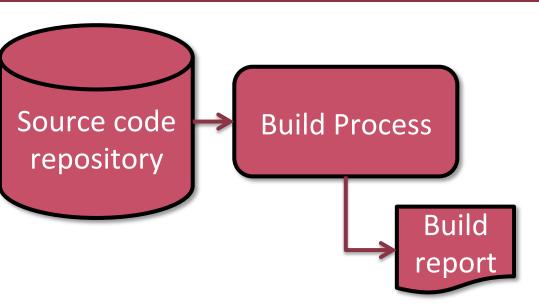






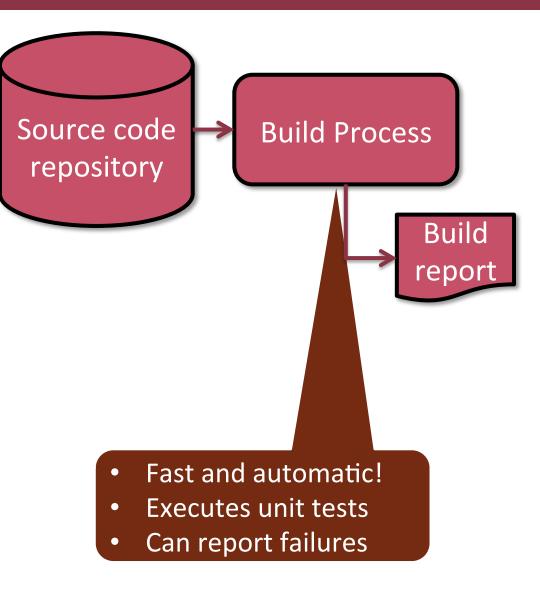






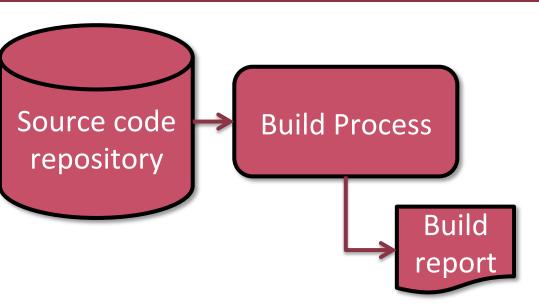






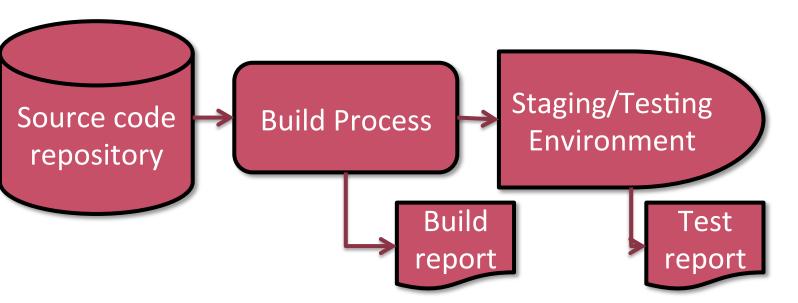






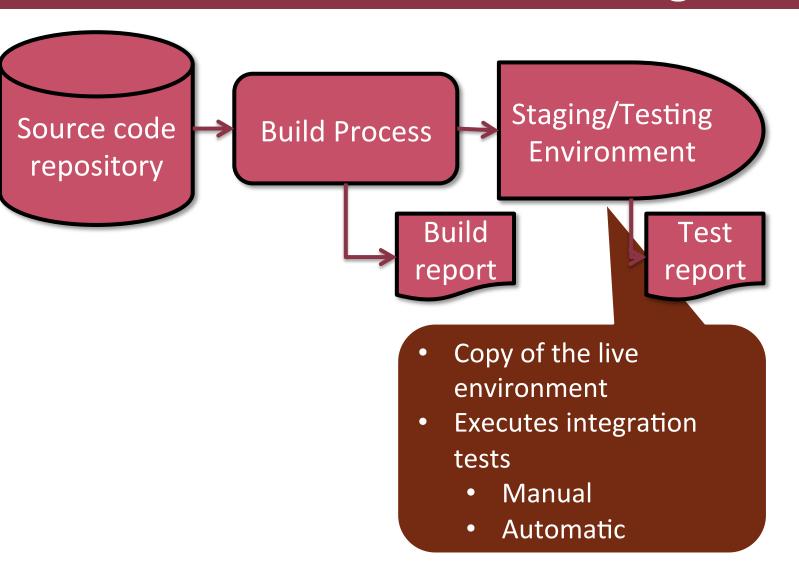






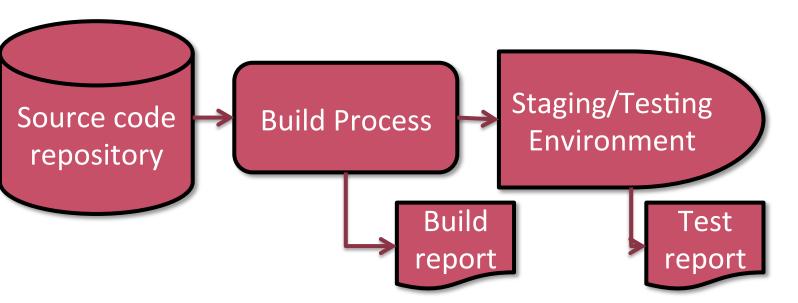






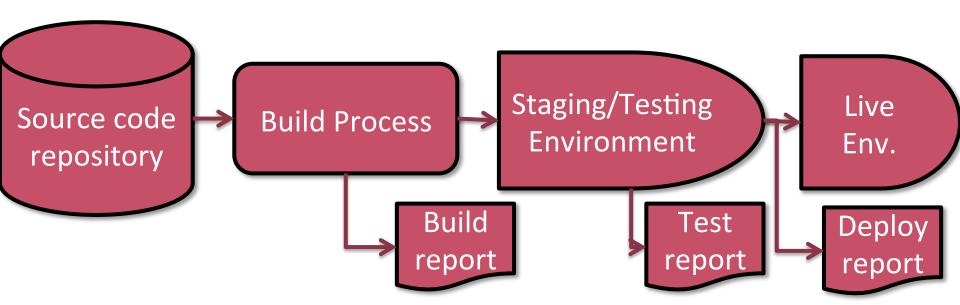






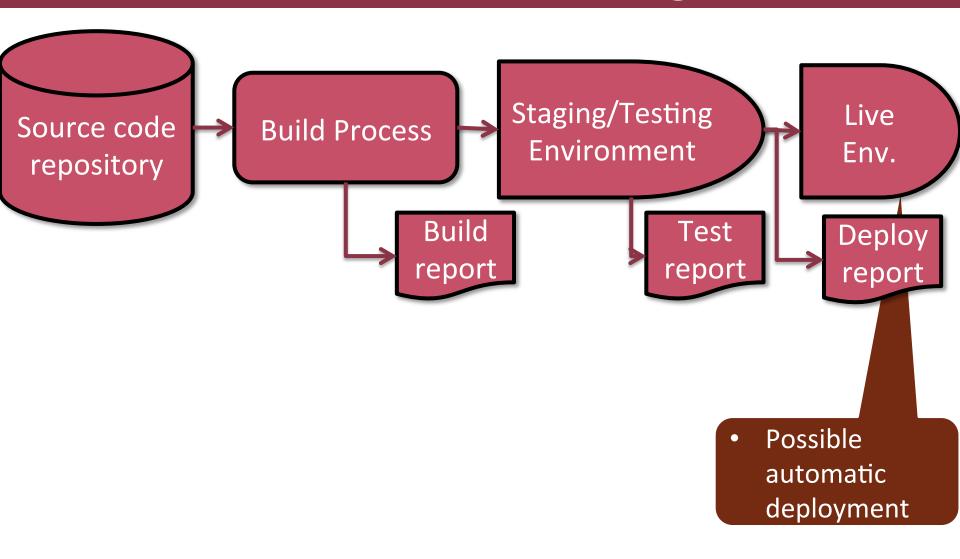






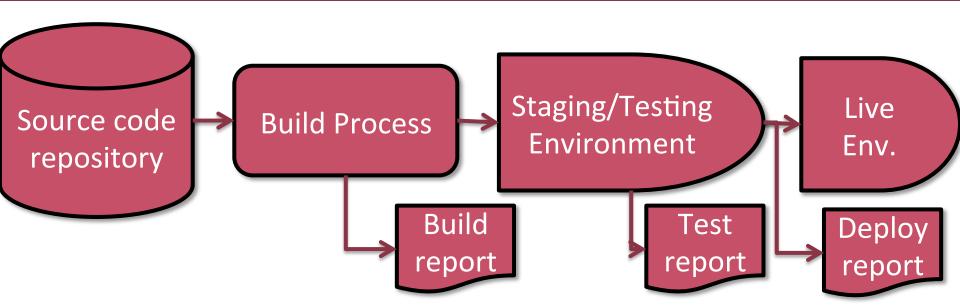






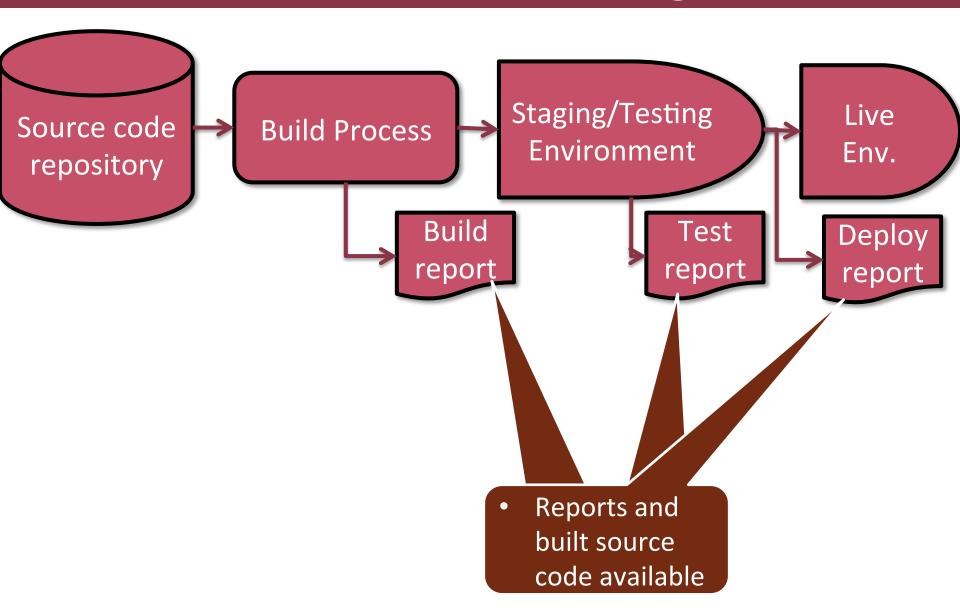






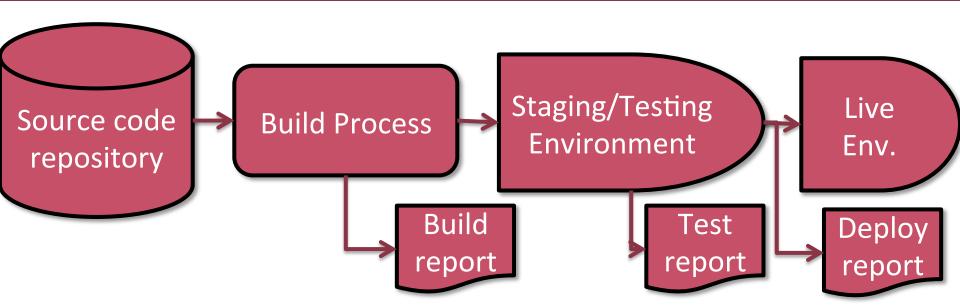
















### Results

- Builds reproducible
  - Even a year-old build should be repeatable
- Integration phase is short
  - Starts earlier
  - Integration problems become visible soon
- Not a magic bullet
  - Extensive planning required
  - Some changes in development workflow required



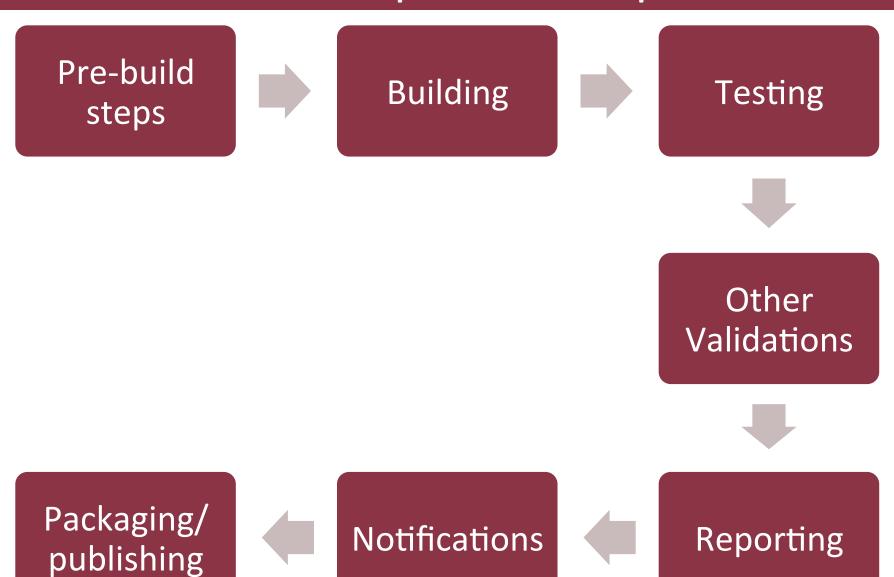


### **Build types**

- CI build
  - Executes on every commit
  - Must be fast -> minimal sanity check
- Nightly
  - Executes every night
  - Packaging
  - Should finish in a few hours
- Release build
  - Full testing
  - Might be very long











Pre-build steps



Building



Testing

- Finding source code
  - SVN, Git, file system
- Environment initialization
  - Optionally creation



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 







Pre-build steps



Building



Testing

- Static analysis
- Dependency management
- Compilation



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 







Pre-build steps



Building



**Testing** 

- Build Verification Test (BVT)
  - Quick verification
- Detailed testing



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 







Pre-build steps



Building



**Testing** 

- Code style checking
- Javadoc comments
- Code coverage



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 







Pre-build steps



Building



**Testing** 

- Test results
- Code coverage



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 







## Most important steps

Pre-build steps



Building



Testing

- In case of problems, notify
  - Developers
  - Administrator (for env)



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 



Reporting





## Most important steps

Pre-build steps



Building



**Testing** 

- Installer kit
  - o p2, MSI, ...
- Archiving
- •



Other Validations



Packaging/ publishing



**Notifications** 



Reporting





# Build Executor Engines





## **Build Tools**

- Make
  - o C/C++
- Apache Ant
  - Make files for Java
  - XML dialect
- Apache Maven
  - Uniform source and dependency management
  - Declarative build descriptors
    - Functionally similar to Ant





## Ant

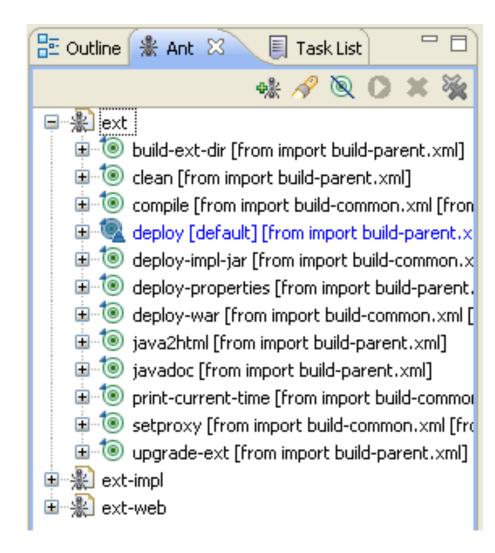
- Java library and command line tool
- Versatily, extensible
- Main application: Java application compilation





## **Ant Basics**

- Project
  - Represented by a single build descriptor
- Target
  - A set of executable tasks
  - May depend on other targets
  - E.g., compile, deploy
- Task
  - Executable code
  - E.g., javac, copy, junit, exec, signjar, mail...







# **Additional Options**

Properties (key-value pairs)

Paths, classpath

```
<classpath>
  <pathelement path="${classpath}"/>
   <pathelement location="lib/helper.jar"/>
</classpath>
```

- Every element can have an optional ID
  - Everything can be referenced





# Example: Testing with Ant

- Required:
  - junit.jar
  - ant-junit.jar
    - Default location: ANT HOME/lib
- junit.jar location:
  - o In ANT HOME/lib directory, or
  - o Set via −lib argumentum, or
  - o Set via the classpath element of the junit task





# Example: Testing with Ant

```
project default="test" >
   <path id="classpath.test">
        <pathelement location="x/y/junit.jar" />
        <pathelement location="${build}" />
   </path>
   <target name="compile-test">
        <javac srcdir tst-dir}" >
           <classpath refid="classpath.test"/>
        </javac>
   </target>
```





## Example: Testing with Ant

<target name="test" depends="compile-test" > <junit printsummary="yes"</pre> haltonfailure="yes"> <classpath refid="classpath.test" /> <formatter type="plain" /> <test name="hu.bme.mit.junit. bookstore.book.test.BMListTest" haltonfailure="no" outfile="result" > <formattertype="xml"/> </test> </junit> </target>





## Maven

- More complex build tool
- Build process predefined
  - Usually less configuration required
    - Convention over configuration
    - BUT: If conventions need to be
      - Understood
      - Followed (or the differences described)
- Dependency management!





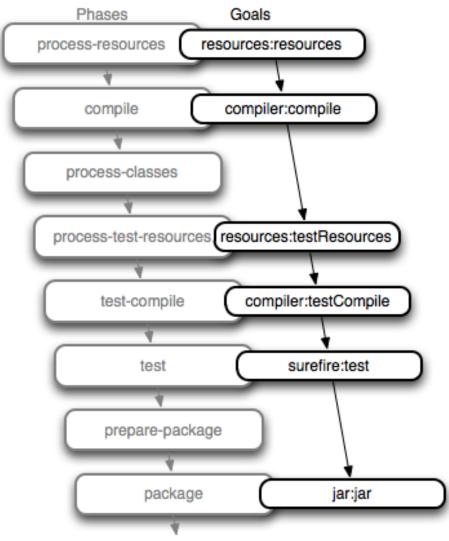
## Maven

- Descriptor
  - o pom.xml: project model
  - Archetype: a description of a project type
    - It is enough to list the differences wrt an archetype
    - Default archetype is Java project
- Build process
  - Name a goal (e.g., test, package)
  - Manages all phases until that point





# Mavaen Lifecycle Phases and Goals



Source: Maven by Example, Note: There are more phases than shown above, this is a partial list <a href="http://books.sonatype.com/mvnex-book/reference/simple-project-sect-simple-core.html">http://books.sonatype.com/mvnex-book/reference/simple-project-sect-simple-core.html</a>





# Example: Testing with Maven

- Project structure:
- my-app
  - o pom.xml
  - o src
    - main
      - java
        - » com
          - mycompany
            - app |
              - App.java

- o test
  - java
    - com
      - » mycompany
        - app
          - AppTest.java





# Example: Testing with Maven – pom.xml

```
cproject xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://
www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://
maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>com.mycompany.app</groupId>
  <artifactId>my-app</artifactId>
  <packaging>jar</packaging>
  <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <name>Maven Quick Start Archetype</name>
  <url>http://maven.apache.org</url>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>junit
      <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
      <version>4.8.0</version>
      <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
</project>
```





## Ant vs Maven

- Real "crusade"
  - See also .Net or Java, etc.
- Ant
  - Everything can be (is) hand-managed
  - Useful for unique projects
- Maven
  - "Convention over configuration"
  - Every Maven plug-in is similar...
  - Dependency management
    - "Maven downloads the entire Internet"





# **Build Scheduling**

Jenkins (a.k.a. Hudson)





## CI Servers

- Apache Continuum (Java)
  - XML-based configuration + web UI
- CruiseControl (Java, .NET, Ruby)
  - XML-based configuration
- Jenkins/Hudson (Java, extensible)
  - Web UI
- TeamCity (Java, .NET, Ruby)
  - Commercial
- •





# Hudson/Jenkins

- Java servlet based
  - Every application server is useable
- Plug-in based, extensible
  - Plug-ins can be updated
- Easy to learn
- Does not determine build tool, only
  - Scheduling and
  - Management
- Multiple build jobs with dependencies between them





# https://hudson.eclipse.org/hudson/

### Hudson

#### <u>Hudson</u>



<u>People</u>



Építések Története



Projekt Kapcsolat



Fájl Ujjlenyomat Ellenőrzése

#### Épétési Sor

MWE-Language-nightly-HEAD

		_					
Építés Futtató Állapota							
#	<u>Master</u>						
1	Idle						
2	Building <u>Xtext-niqhtlγ-</u> HEAD #404						
hudson-slave1							
1	Idle						
2	Idle						
3	Building emf-cdo- integration #825						
4	Idle						



All	Amalgam	Athena CBI	Athena CBI (SVN)	Buckminster	Eclipse and Equinox	JWT	Jetty-RT	Mode	
s	w	Jop ↑	Job 1				Utolsó Sikeres		
0		bpel-0.	bpel-0.5				4 days 5 hr ( <u>#29</u> )		
		<u>buckmi</u>	<u>buckminster-eqf-trunk-nightly</u>				1 hr 49 min ( <u>#20</u> )		
0		<u>buckmi</u>	buckminster-emft-ecoretools-0.10-nightly				N/A		
		<u>buckmi</u>	nster-head			N,	/A		
0		<u>buckmi</u>	nster-maintenance			3	days 9 hr	( <u>#60</u> )	
0		<u>buckmi</u>	nster-mdt-ocl-core-3	3.1-nightly		2:	1 days ( <u>#5</u>	<u>7</u> )	

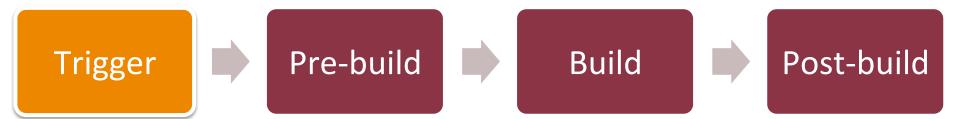




Trigger Pre-build Build Post-build



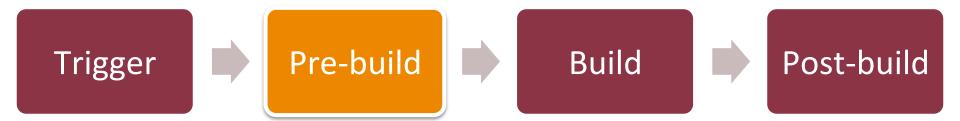




- Manual
- Timed
- Change in version control
- Dependencies built in another job
- Custom (extensible)







- Optional
- Collect sources
- Set up environment



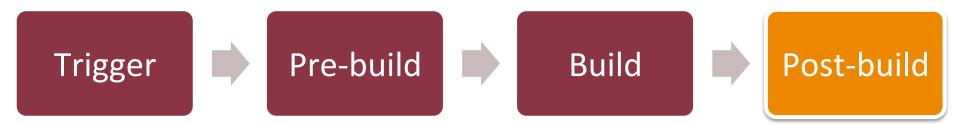




- Build steps
- Build tools supported by default
  - Ant
  - Maven
  - Command line
- Additional tools
  - Buckminster
  - .Net compiler
  - 0 ...





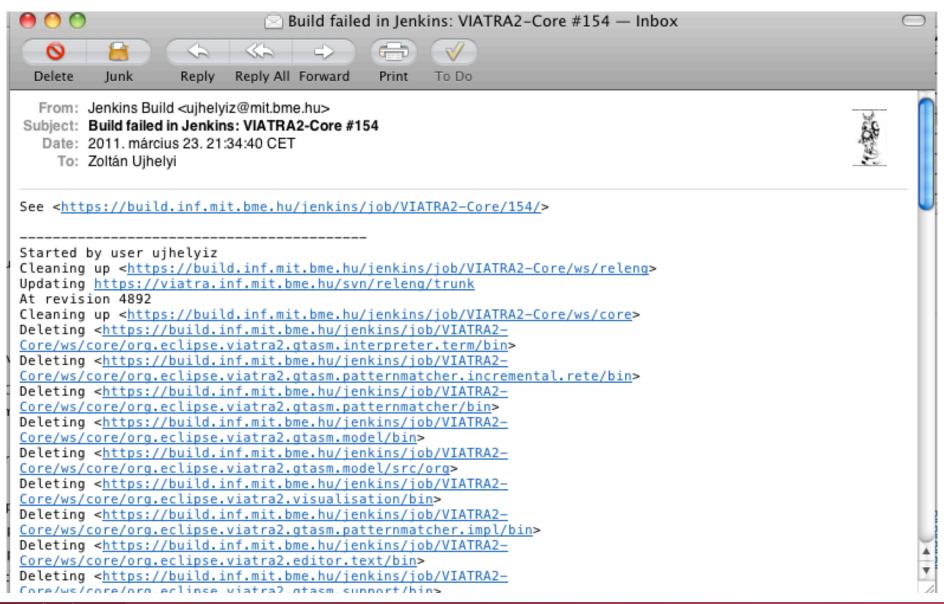


- Optional step
  - Archiving
  - Publishing
  - Start follow-up builds
  - Notifications
  - O ...





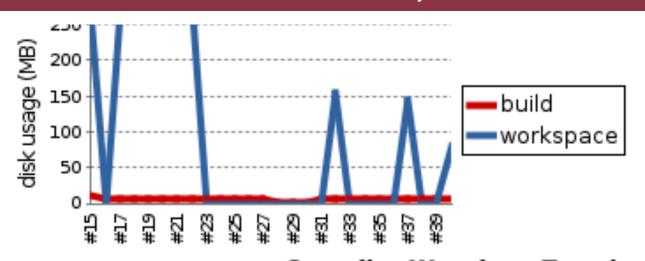
## Blame mail







# Trends, Metrics

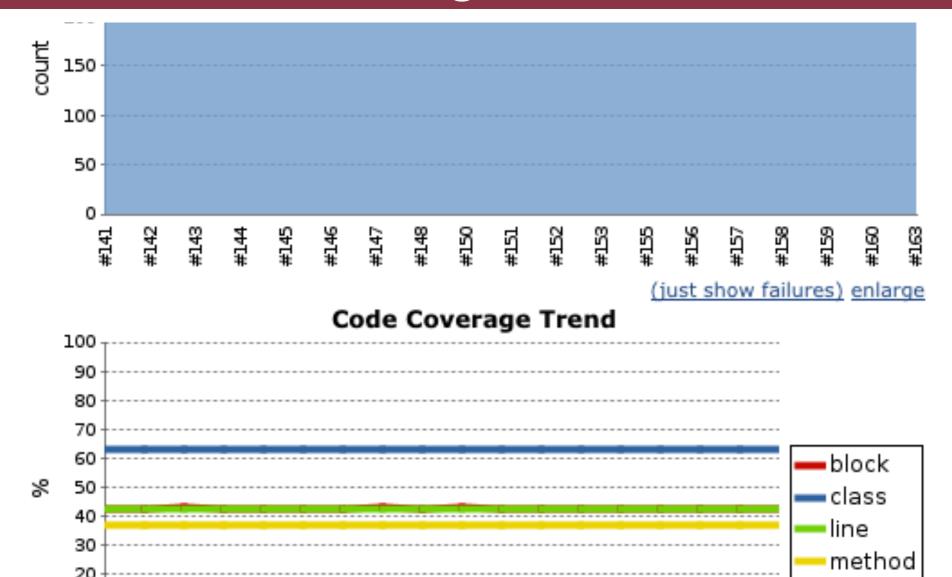








# Coverage trends







# Other Metrics (using Sonar)

Lines of code 144,398 ≜

280,278 lines 
63,450 statements 
2.077 files

Classes **2,199 ≜** 

Violations 29,206 ≜

Rules compliance 69.1% ▼

↑ Blocker

Critical

✓ Info

Major
Minor

43 ▲ 9,487 ≜ 15,929 ≜ 3,747 ≜

0

Comments

26.7% •

52,600 lines ≜
34.8% docu. API
8,554 undocu. API ≜
3,340 commented LOCs

**Duplications** 

10.3%

28,898 lines ≜ 12,322 blocks ≜ 673 files ≜ Package tangle index 22.9%

> 1,216 cycles

Dependencies to cut 186 between packages

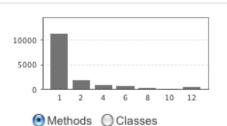
186 between packages 570 between files

Complexity

2.4 /method 16.5 /class

17.5 /file

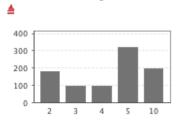
Total: 36,371



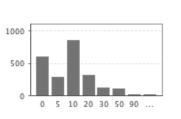
LCOM4

3.0 /class

41.0% files having LCOM4>1



RFC 18 /class



Code coverage

16.6%

19.1% line coverage 10.0% branch coverage

282 tests ▼ 46.7 sec ▼ Test success

94.3%

14 failures ≜ 2 errors



## Results

- What is required?
  - Automatic compilation
  - Automatic integration
  - Automatic testing
- What is provided?
  - Source code collection
  - Scheduling
  - Publishing
    - Reports
    - Results

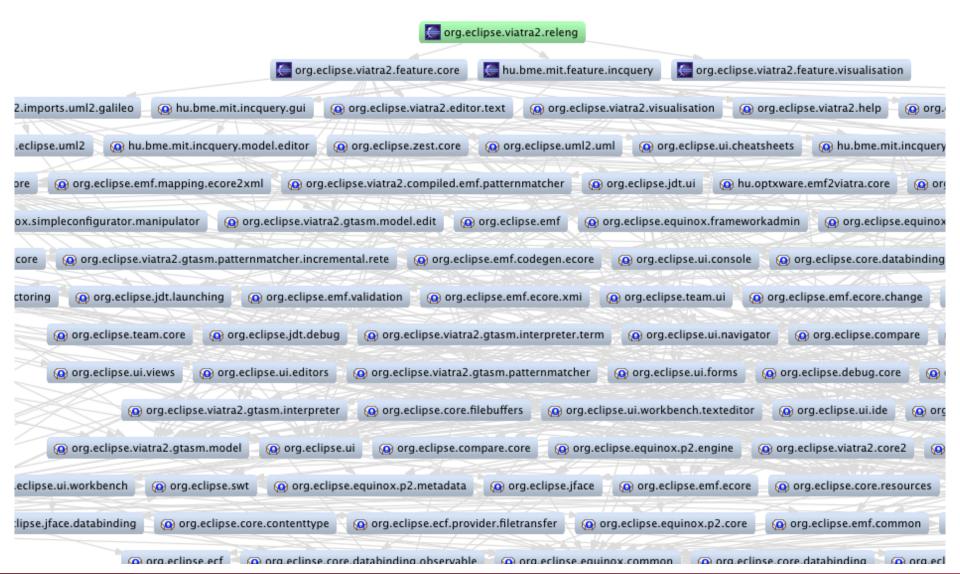




# **CI Builds of Eclipse Plug-ins**

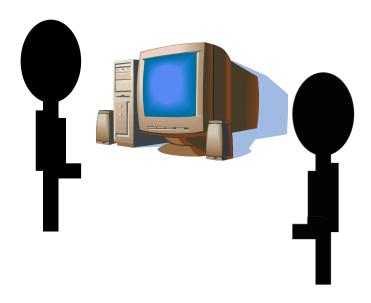






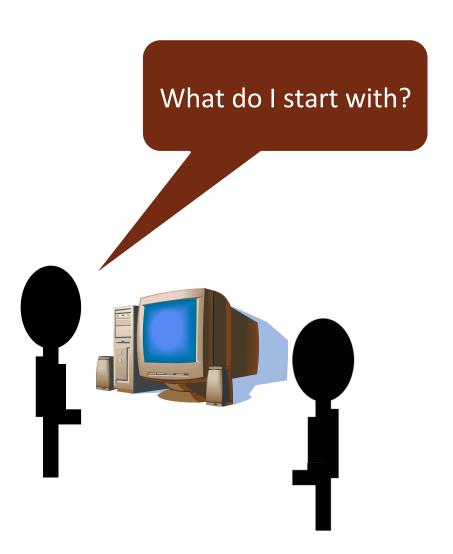






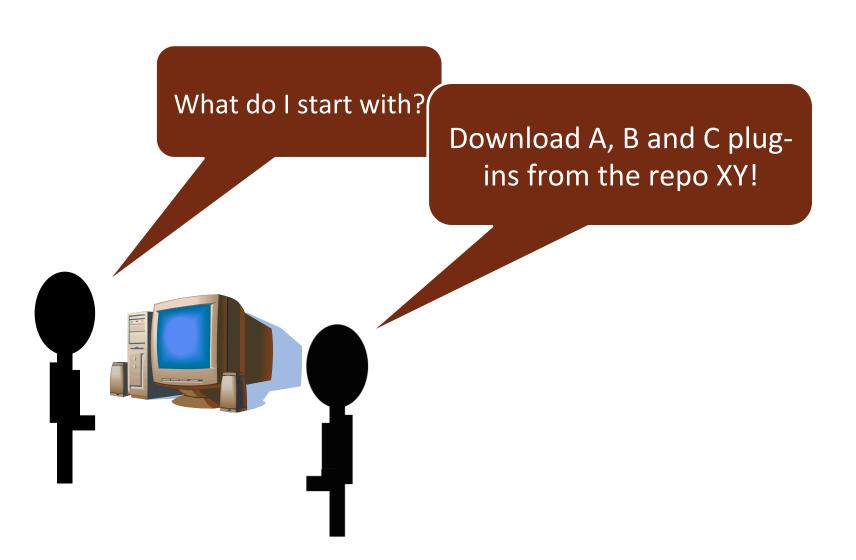






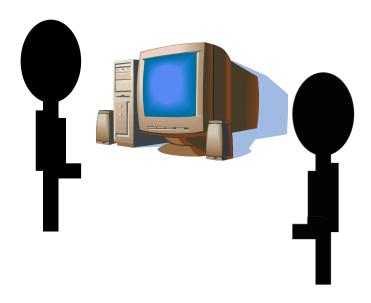






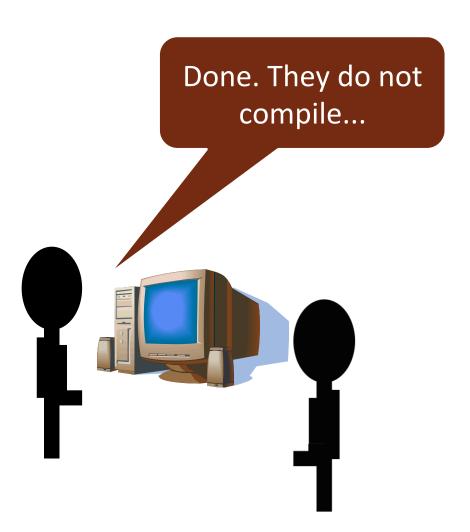






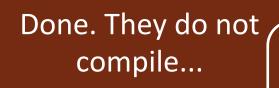




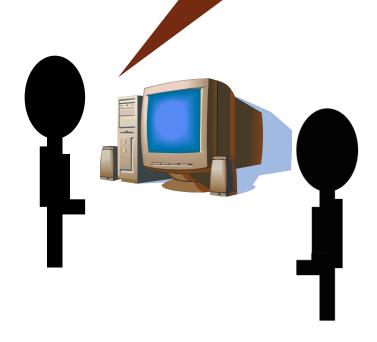






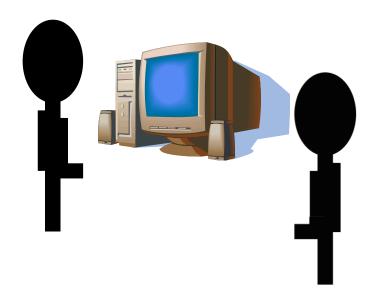


Oh, yeah, you also need from the YX repo the plug-ins D and E.













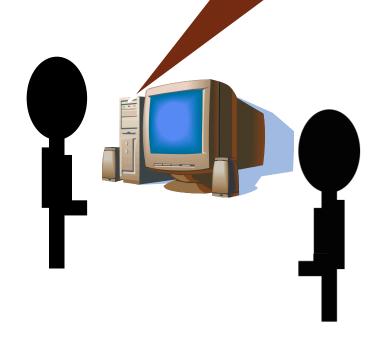








Oh, of course, from plugin D only version 1.2 works. Also copy F to the plug-ins folder...







# Automatic Compilation of Eclipse Plug-ins

- Headless execution required
  - E.g. from command line
  - Without manual steps
- Target platform
  - Handcrafted, or
  - Created during the build



# Dependency Management

- Ant4Eclipse
  - Avoids using PDE/Build
- Pax, Tycho
  - Extends Maven with OSGi dependencies
- PDE headless build
  - Generates Ant scripts
    - Basically non-understandable by humans
- Buckminster





# Buckminster





### Buckminster

- Eclipse Tools Project
- High-level tool
  - Re-uses Eclipse builders
    - Buildable in Eclipse -> Buildable with Buckminster
  - Defines descriptors
    - XML documents
    - Partially generated
    - Editing support for other
  - Dependency management





# **Usage Profiles**

- IDE support
  - Editing descriptors
  - Build execution
  - Collects dependencies
- Headless mode
  - Requires providing an Eclipse instance
- Hudson/Jenkins plug-in
  - Uses headless mode
  - Provides easier configuration





# Capabilities

Collecting source files

- Building
  - o PDE/Build, Ant, Maven

- Packaging
  - P2 update site
  - Target platform





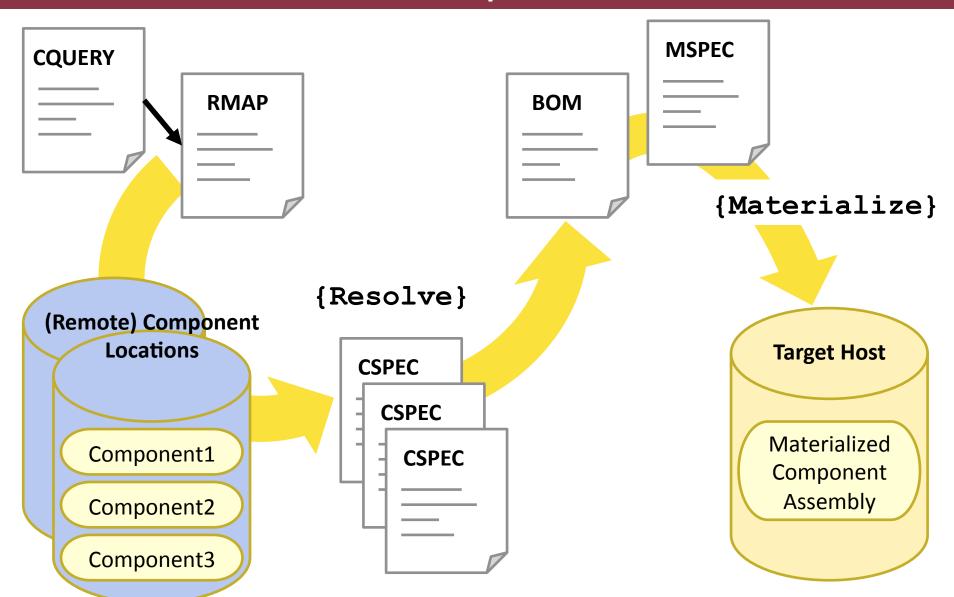
# Basics: Component

- A component is a buildable element
  - Feature, plug-in...
  - Has name, type, version
- Can execute operations
  - Some predefined (pl. site.p2, bundle.jar)
  - Custom operations





# Descriptors

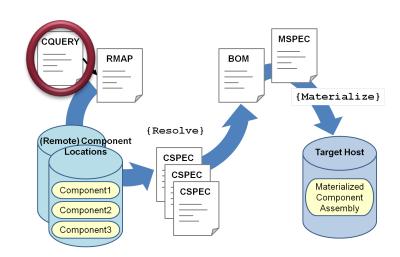






### CQuery

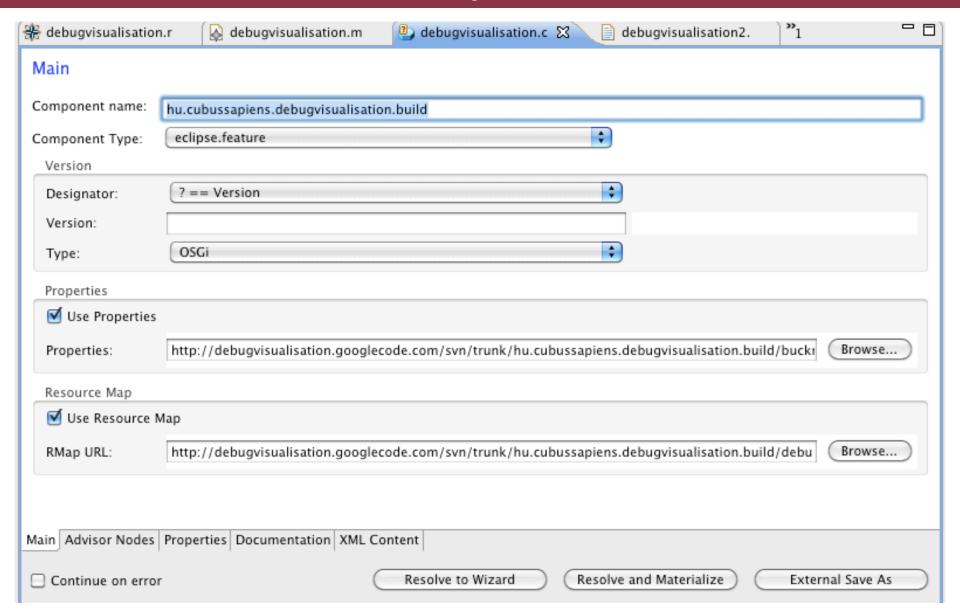
- Component Query
- Describes what to collect/build
  - Only top-level element listed
  - Dependencies are resolved by Buckminster







# **CQuery Editor**







# **Component Query**

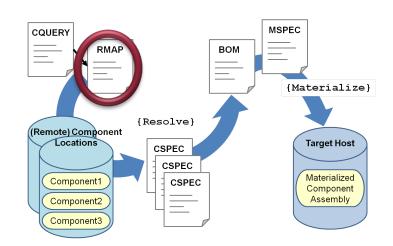
- Query descriptor
  - O What to collect?
  - Identifier + Resource map
- Optional paramters
  - Source or binary?
  - Branches/tags, etc...
  - Release/Nightly build repository





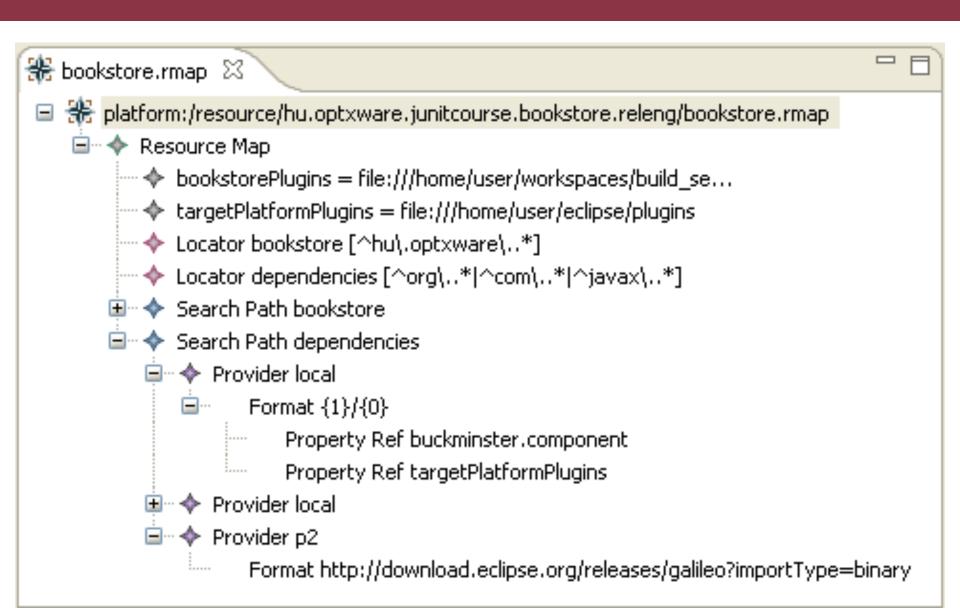
### **RMap**

- Resource Map
- Where to collect stuff?
  - P2 repository
  - Local folder
  - SVN, CVS, Git...
  - Maven
  - Target platform
  - Workspace
  - o URL







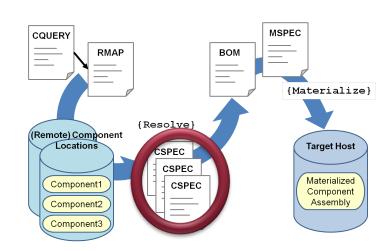






# **CSpec**

- Component Specification
- Generated
- Contains executable operations
- Custom extensions:
  - CSpeX (CSpec eXtension)

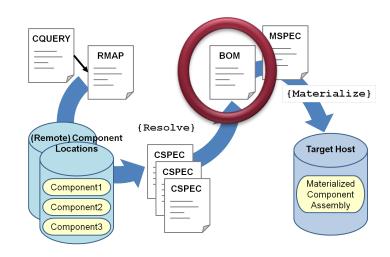






### **BOM**

- Bill Of Materials
- Generated
- List of elements to download and steps to execute

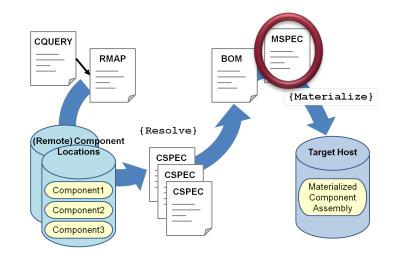






## MSpec

- Materialization Specification
- Where to put found stuff?
  - Workspace
  - Target platform
  - Selected folder
- Defaults:
  - Source into workspace
  - Binary to target platform
  - Good default







# **Buckminster - Summary**

Collects the components

Defined operations

- From here
  - Execute build
  - Run tests
  - O ...





# Further Reading: BuckyBook

- Eclipse Buckminster, The Definitive Guide
  - http://www.eclipse.org/downloads/download.php?
     file=/tools/buckminster/doc/BuckyBook.pdf
  - 271 page long "draft"





# Maven/Tycho





# Maven Tycho

- Maven POM is simple
  - o "Manifest-first" approach
    - Develop in Eclipse normally
    - Add minimal descriptors for builds
  - Minor settings duplication ☺





# Tycho Packaging Types

- eclipse-plugin
  - Plug-in projects
- eclipse-test-plugin
  - Plug-in tests
- eclipse-feature
  - Feature projects
- eclipse-repository
  - RCP applications and p2 repositories projects
- eclipse-target-definition
  - Target platform definition projects





# Tycho Sample: Minerva project

- Minerva project
  - Target platform
  - Building
  - Tests
- Links
  - http://wiki.eclipse.org/Minerva
  - https://github.com/caniszczyk/minerva





# Tycho: Try it out

- Three steps:
  - Install Maven
  - git clone git://github.com/caniszczyk/minerva.git
  - mvn -Dskip-ui-tests=true clean install





# Summary





# Summary

- Test automatization
  - Complex process
  - Many steps
  - Automatization can happen one-by-one
- Build process
  - Required
  - Goal: reproducibility
  - Good tool support
  - BUT: It has to be created at first





### GEEK & POKE'S LIST OF BEST PRACTICES

TODAY: CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION
GIVES YOU THE COMFORTING
FEELING TO KNOW THAT
EVERYTHING IS NORMAL

