



Open Specifications for Service Availability

Introduction to the Service Availability Forum

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- > Introduction
- > Quick AIS Specification overview
- > AIS Dependability services
- AIS Communication services
- Programming model
- > DEMO





Construction of a service
Define the functionality
Plan the architecture

Components, roles

Integrate fault management
Service state monitoring
Management
Plan recovery
Communication between components







SA Forum Standard Interface Specifications

Application Interface Specification (AIS)

Hardware Platform Interface (HPI)

Systems Management Interfaces (SMI)



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V	V	
	V	THE AIS SPECIFICATION
	Λ	Using SA Forum's specifications to build highly available
	Λ	services
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Application Interface Specification

The Application Interface Specification (AIS) is a set of open standard interface specifications

The AIS specifies

- the Application Programming Interface (API) for HA middleware services
- service entities and their behavior (life cycle, administrative operations, functionality)

> Example for specification/implementation

- > HW interface: SATA
- > HW implementation: manufactured mainboard
- > HW user: the HDD (Samsung, Western Digital, Seagate, Hitachi...)





- Event Service
 - Message Service

Miscellaneous

- Lock Service
- Log Service





THE AIS SPECIFICATION

Dependability Services

- ΛΛ
- Λ

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SA Forum's approach to making applications HA

Availability Management Framework principles

- Integrate best practices into the middleware,
- Provide means for the software developer to influence behavior
- Let the middleware control the application (like a Marionette)



SA Forum's approach to making applications HA Fault prevention Reduce the probability of system failure to an acceptably low value Fault tolerance Provide service in spite of faults Fault removal > Diagnostics, monitoring, repair at development and runtime Fault forecasting / prediction Estimating failures and their effects E.g. software aging /ICE AILABILITY FORUM

Server Clustering

Notions

- node
- link
- cluster
- > partition

Functionalities of cluster middleware

- Error detection
- Error handling
- Notification
- Reconfiguration





Server Clustering 2. Categories of clusters HA clusters Improve the availability of services Load-balancing clusters Share the workload among the nodes High-Performance Clusters (HPC) Scientific computing Grid computing Many independent jobs

SERVICE AVAILABILITY FORUM

		HW and SW based Fault Tolerance
		Redundant power supply
		> SW
		Process replicas failover switchover
		Clusters – hybrid solutions
		Process replicas on different nodes
Λ	Λ	

		Redundancy Fatterns
Pr	ovi	ded models
>	2N	
	•	Simple failover pair
>	N+M	1
	•	Load balanced active servers and hot-standby units
>	N-W	/ay

AME Redundancy Patterns

- Load balanced active servers which are able to overtake the each other's services
- > N-Way Active
 - No standby redundancy is needed but processing has to be carried out in parallel by N service units
- > No redundancy
 - Non-critical services of the system





The SA Forum Information Model







Error detection methods

Mechanisms

 Interface check (e.g. illegal instruction, illegal parameter, insufficient access rights)

Ad-hoc methods

- Acceptability testing
- Error checking codes
- Timing checks (watchdog)
- > Diagnostic analysis (in idle time)
- > Substitute back (integrate \rightarrow derive)



AMF error detection mechanisms	
 Passive monitoring Using OS functionality Currently only crash of a process 	Needs the change of the component X
External active monitoring	
 External entity is used to monitor 	×
Internal active monitoring	
Healthchecks	\checkmark
Types	,
Pull: AME invoked	
Push: Component invoked	
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	Planning recovery - checkpointing
	Define the variables to be saved
	State variables
	Normal operation
	Open checkpoint
	Save variables regularly
	> On failure
	Read checkpoint
	Continue normal operation
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Checkpoint Service

Example of checkpointing, and restoration from a checkpoint after a fault, for a collocated checkpoint



Methods of recovery

Goal: Recovery from errors before failures.

> Trivial methods

- Retry operation
- > Restart the application (cold, warm)
- > Restart the system

Techniques

- Forward recovery
- Backward recovery
- Compensation



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Rollback / backward recovery

Preconditions

- > State restoration is possible
- Correct saved state
- Logged interactions with the environment
- Deterministic restart from a given state (distributed systems)

Mechanisms

- State based rollback
- > Operation based rollback
- Hybrid rollback (state + operation)









➢ Errors between state saves → 2 phase checkpointing (2 buffers) ➢ Factors that influence # of overlapping rec. regions

- Error detection latency
- Cost of buffers
- Coordination in distributed systems



Service continuity

Goal: maintain the service continuity

Type of error	Related actions
Transient	•Ignore (recovery handles them)
Permanent	•Reconfiguration
Λ	•Failover
Λ	•Switchover
	•Fail-back
	•"Graceful degradation"



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Requirements in today's systems

- Cost efficiency
- Flexibility

Dependable services

Highly Available

Reliable

Availability	Outage duration per year
0.99999	~5 mins
0.9999	~52 mins
0.999	~8 hrs
0.99	~3 days





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		THE AIS SPECIFICATION
		Communication Services
		SERVICE
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Application Interface Specification







Getting a message from a queue removes it from the queue aMsgMessageGet()

saMsgMessageGet()

Message

Service

priority area 0

priority area 1 priority area 2

priority area 3

Event Service

>

Example of the Event Service, with publishers and subscribers on two nodes



THE AIS SPECIFICATION

- Programming model

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Open Specifications for Service Availability



Demo

Highly Available / Fault Tolerant Music Broadcast Application







FORUM





References

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▶

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