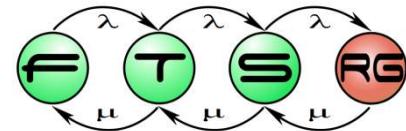


# Graphical Editor Development 1.

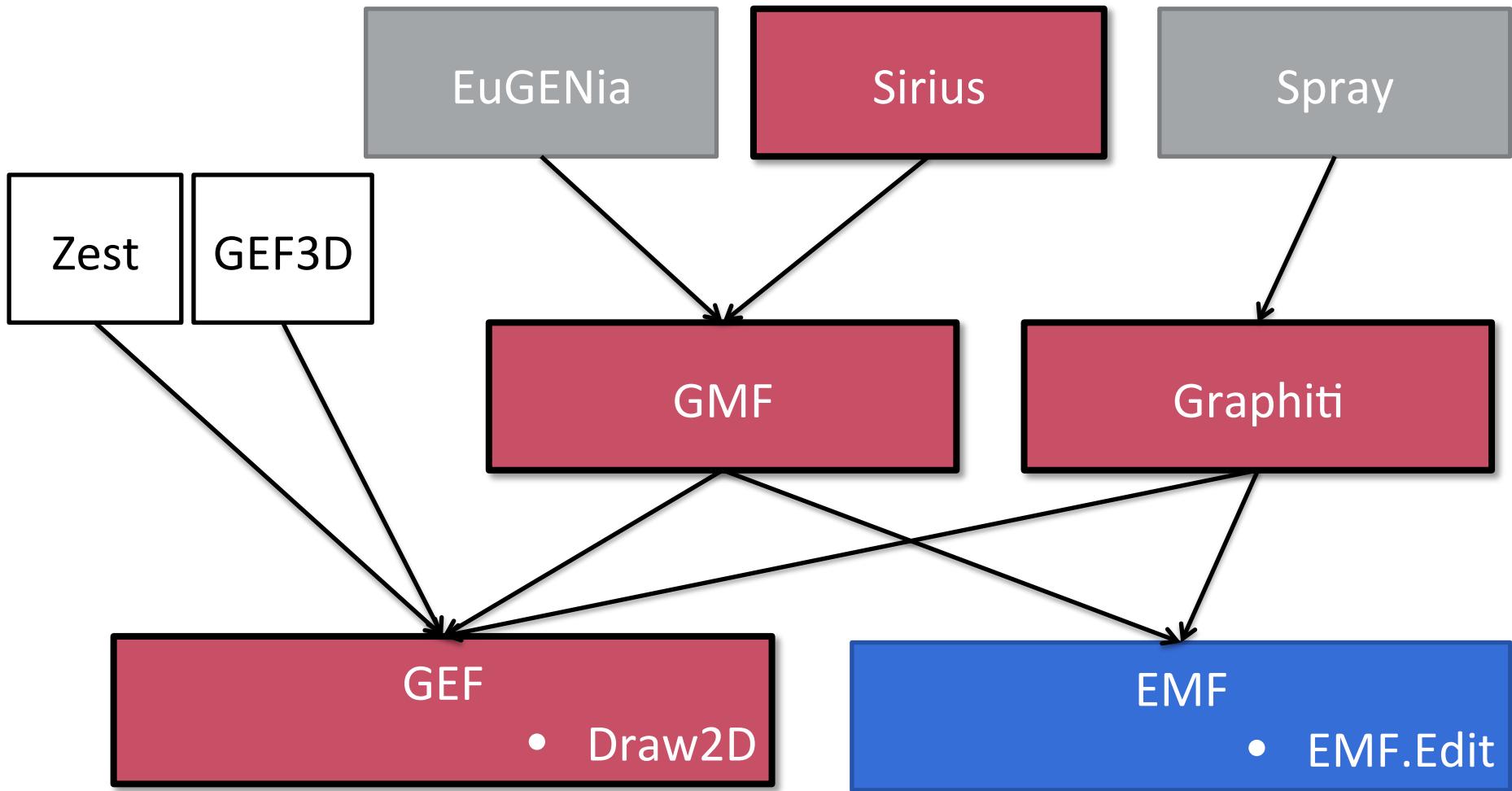
GEF, Graphiti, Sirius



# Designing modeling languages

- Metamodel: a model of models
  - Abstract syntax
  - **Concrete syntax**
  - Well-formedness rules
  - Behavioral (dynamic) semantics
  - Translation to other languages

# Graphical Editor Techniques

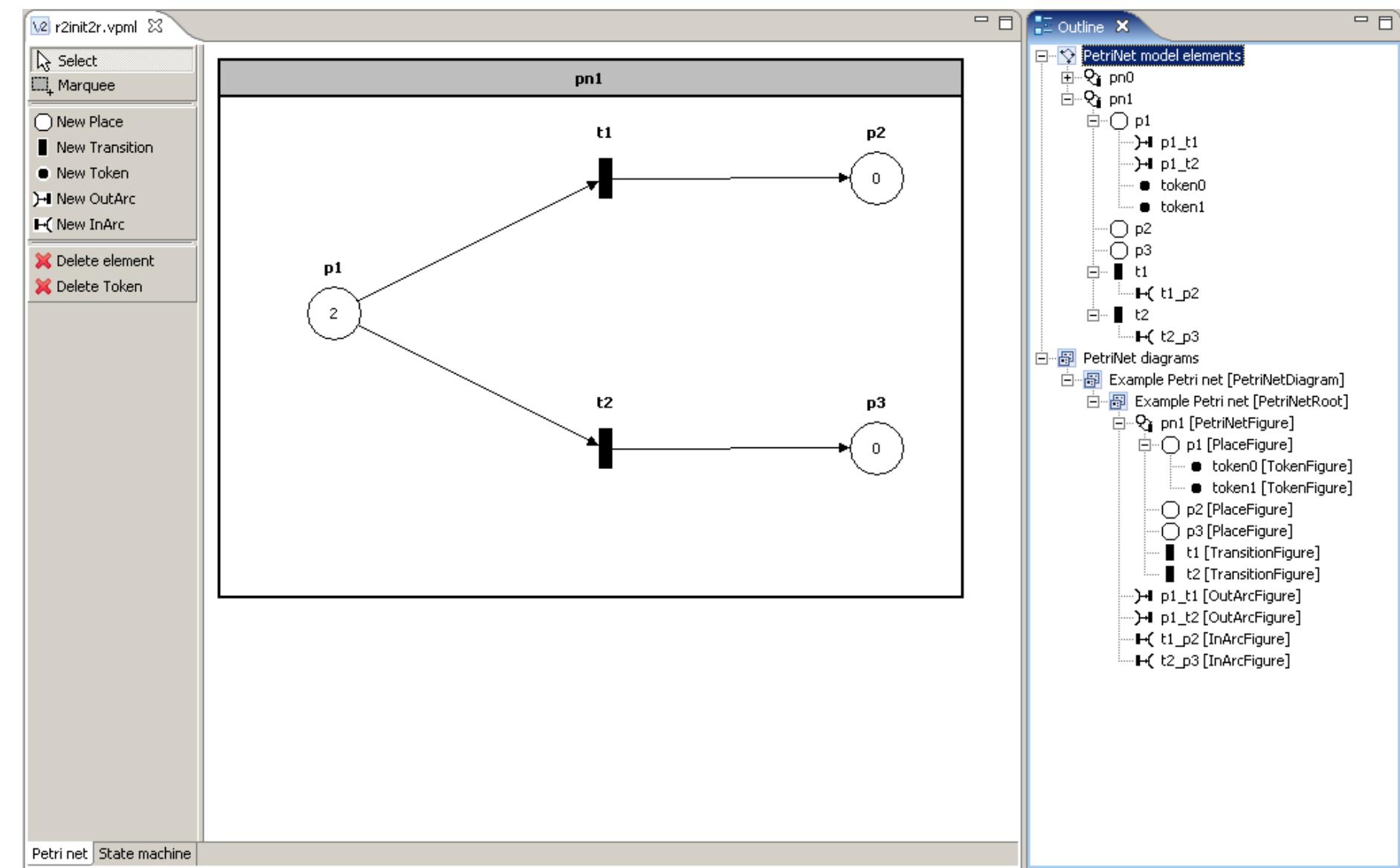


# GEF

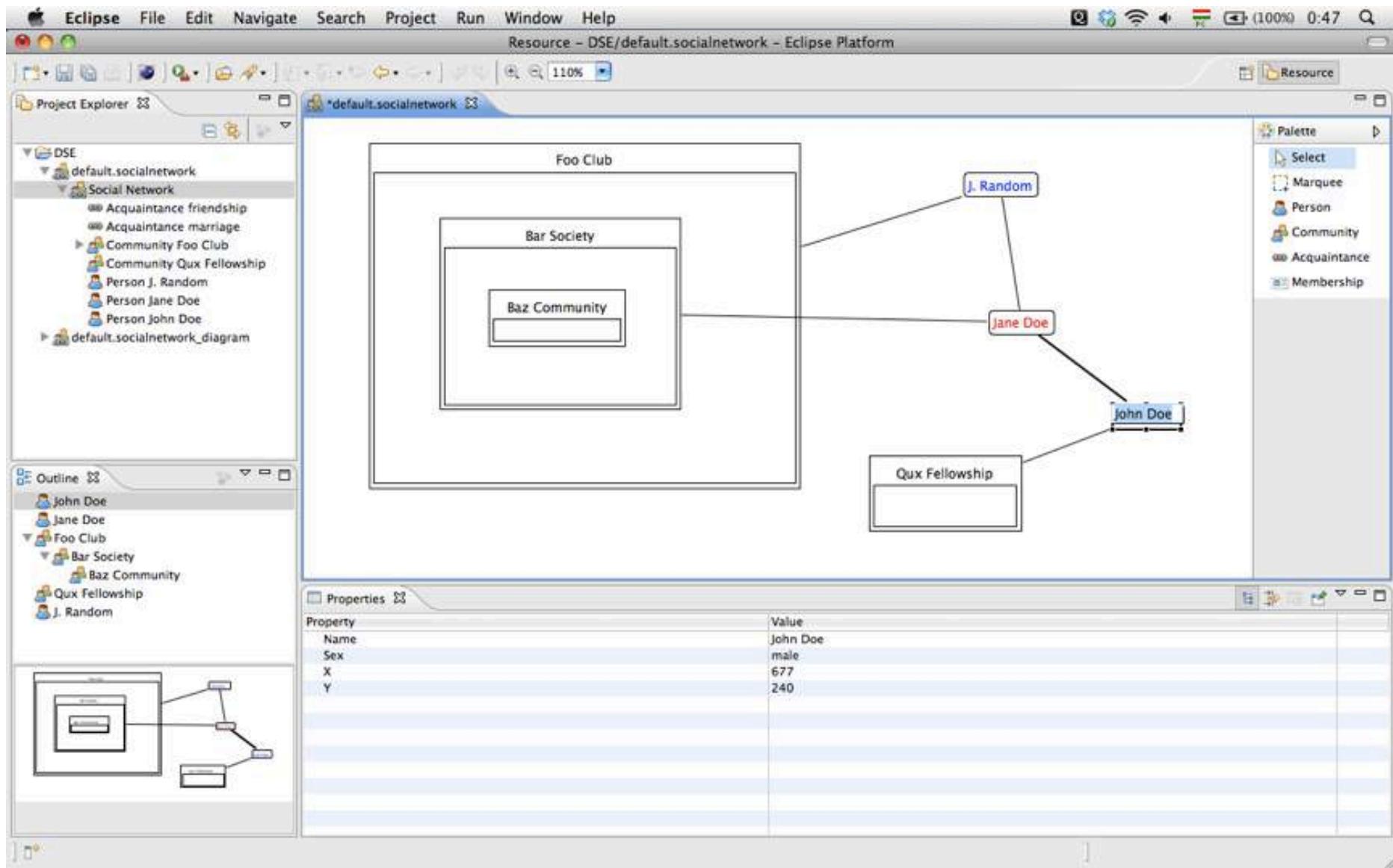
# Goal of GEF

- Graphical editors
- Eclipse integration
- Model technology independent
  - Requires change notification support!
- Increased abstraction level
  - Wrt platform

# Sample Graphical Editor: Petri net



# Social Network example



# More complex example: Sheet music

The screenshot shows a window titled "Kottaszerkesztő" (Score Editor) with a musical staff. The staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of "Allegro (♩=120)". A dynamic marking "mf" is placed on the staff. To the left of the main window are several floating palettes:

- "Szólamok" (Notes) containing various note heads.
- "Tételek" (Figures) containing rests and other musical symbols.
- "Properties" palette showing properties like "Amit shov", "Arranger", "Bracket", etc.
- "Áttekintés" (Preview) window showing a small view of the score.

# MVC in GEF

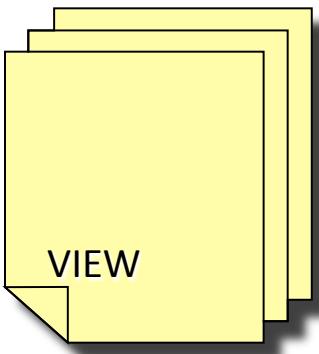
User



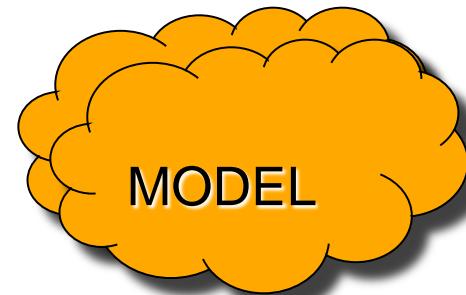
CONTROLLER



VIEW



MODEL

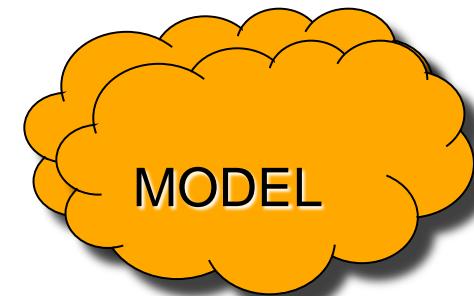
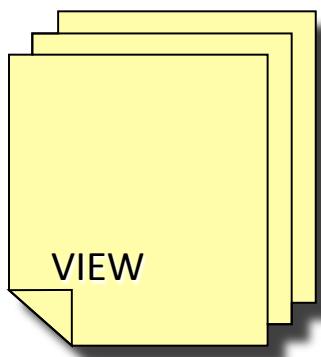


# MVC in GEF

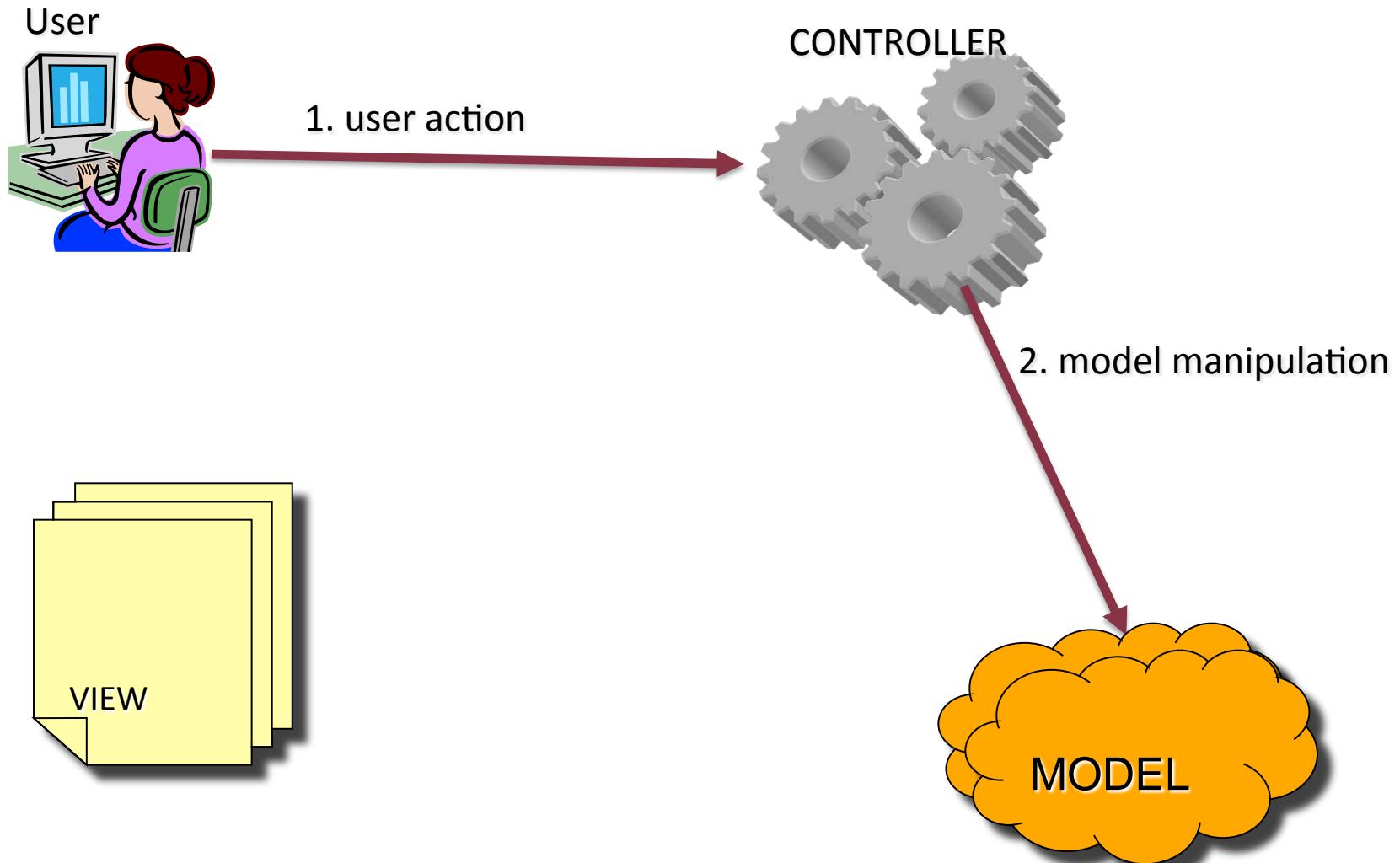


1. user action

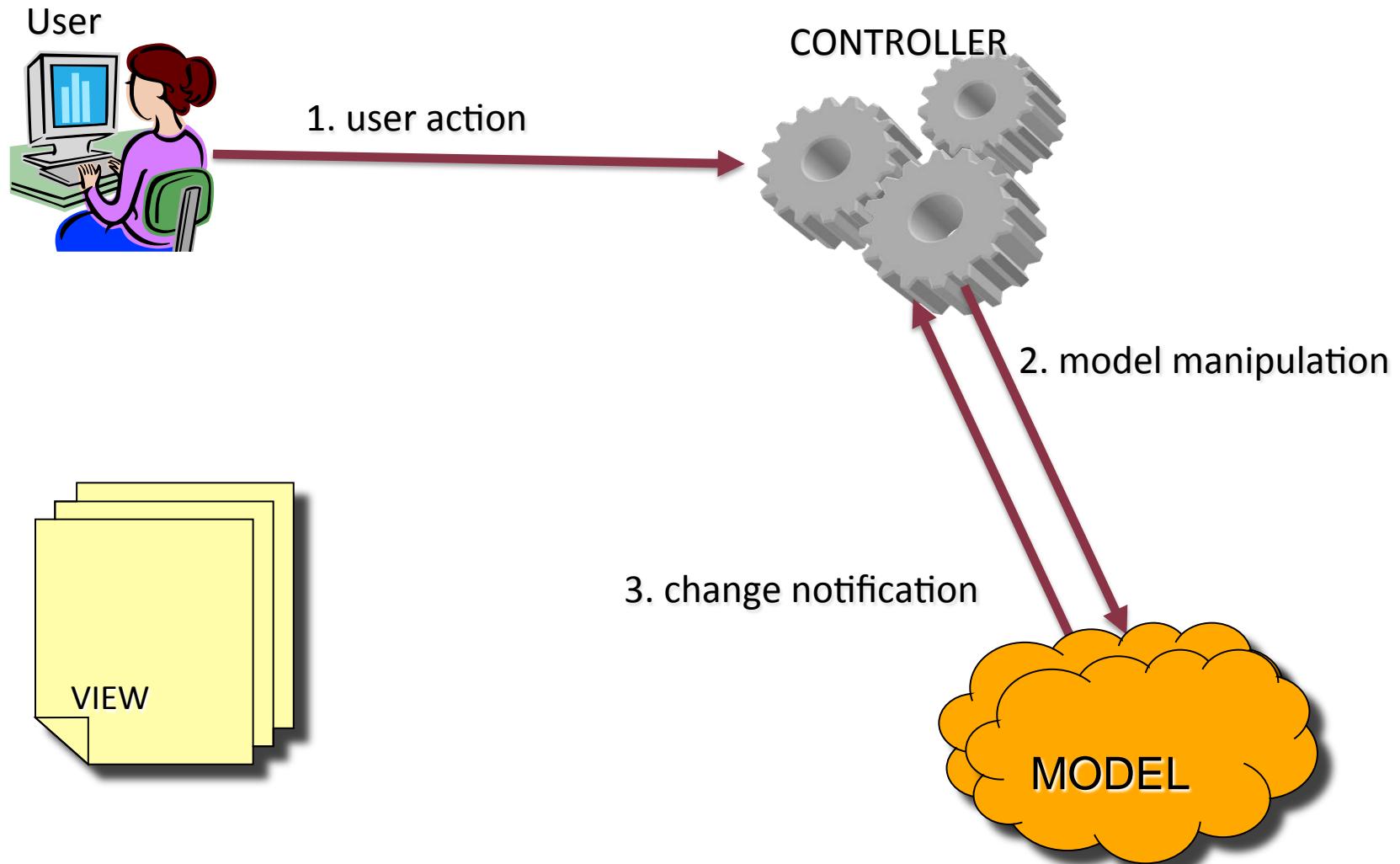
CONTROLLER



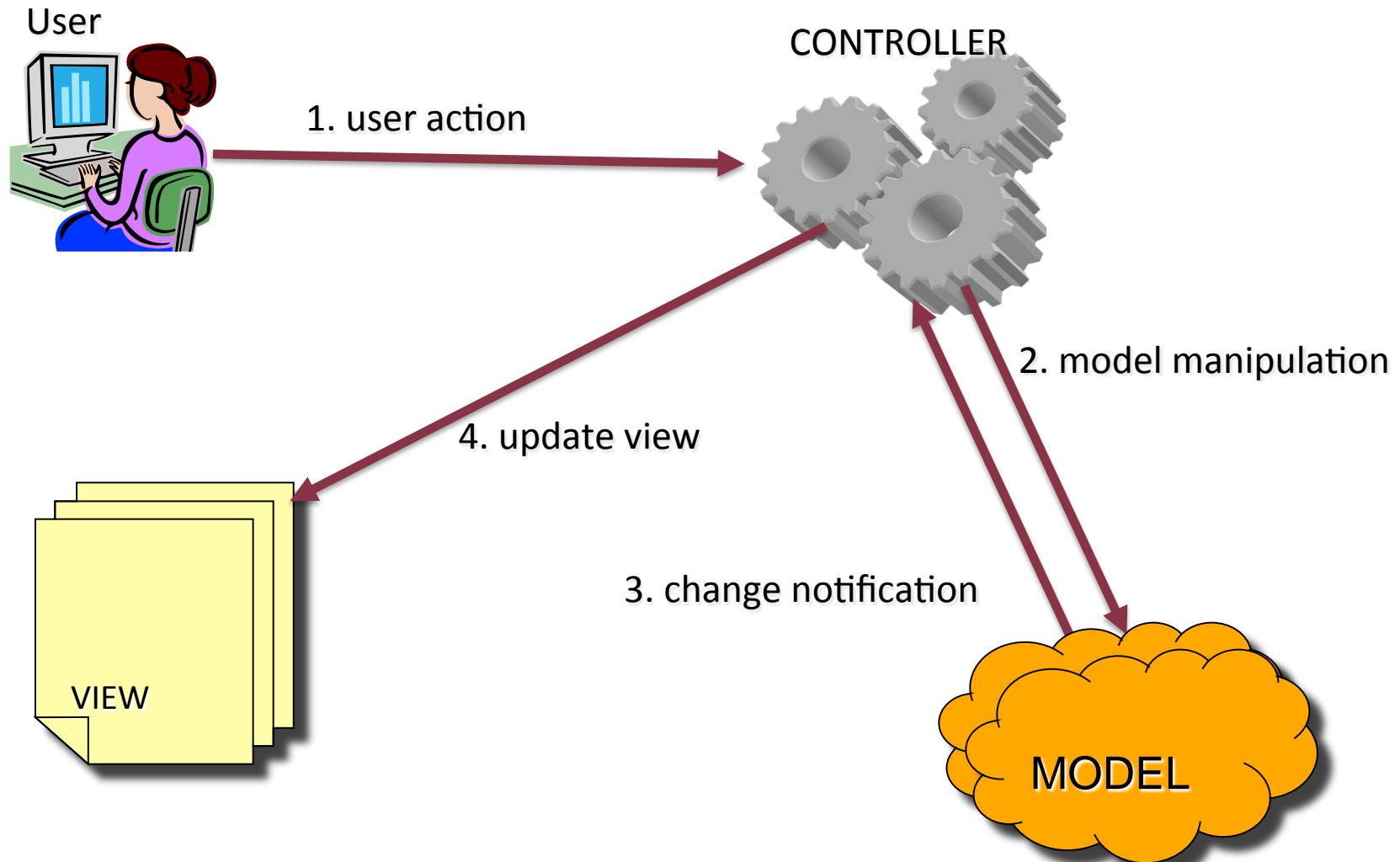
# MVC in GEF



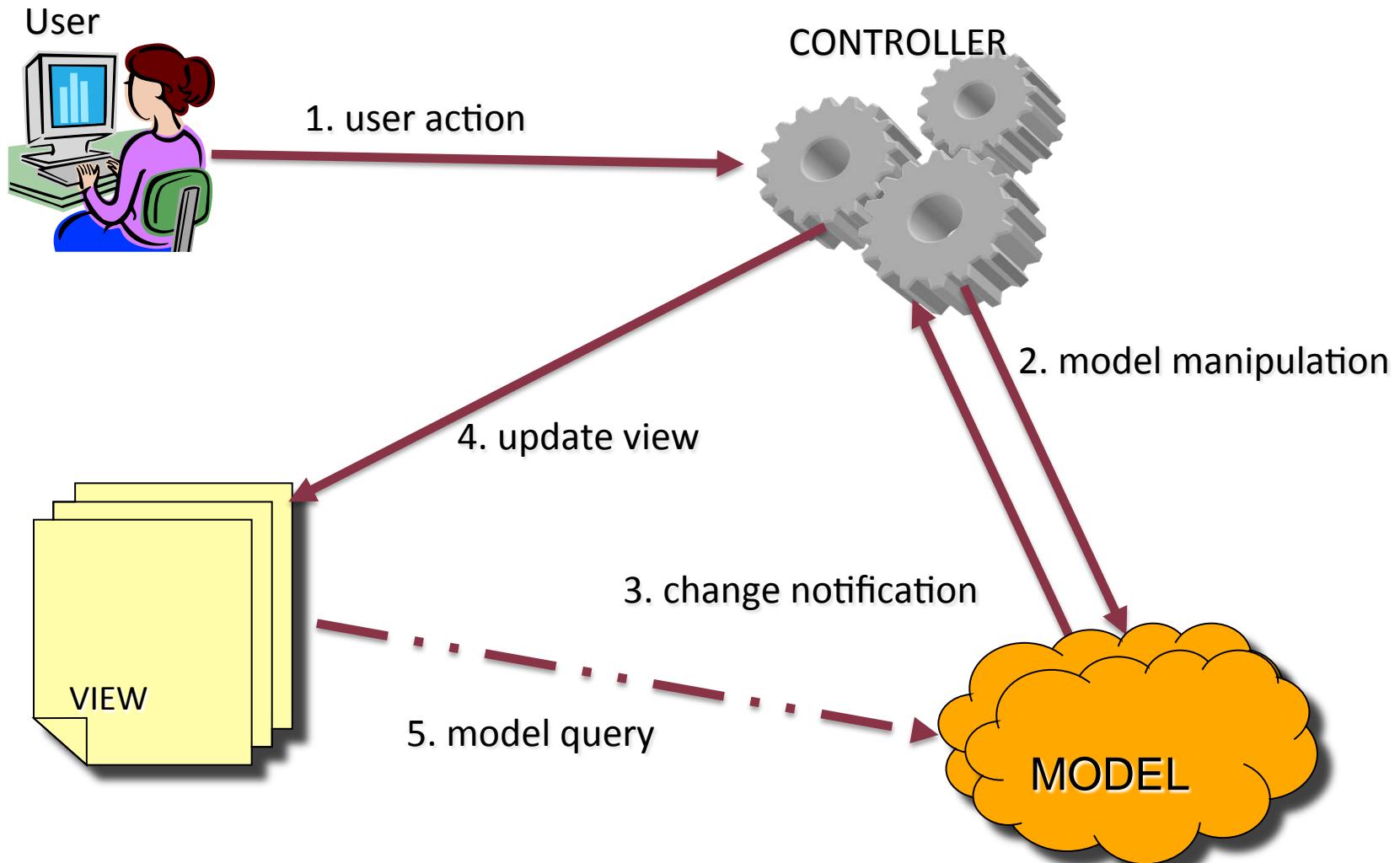
# MVC in GEF



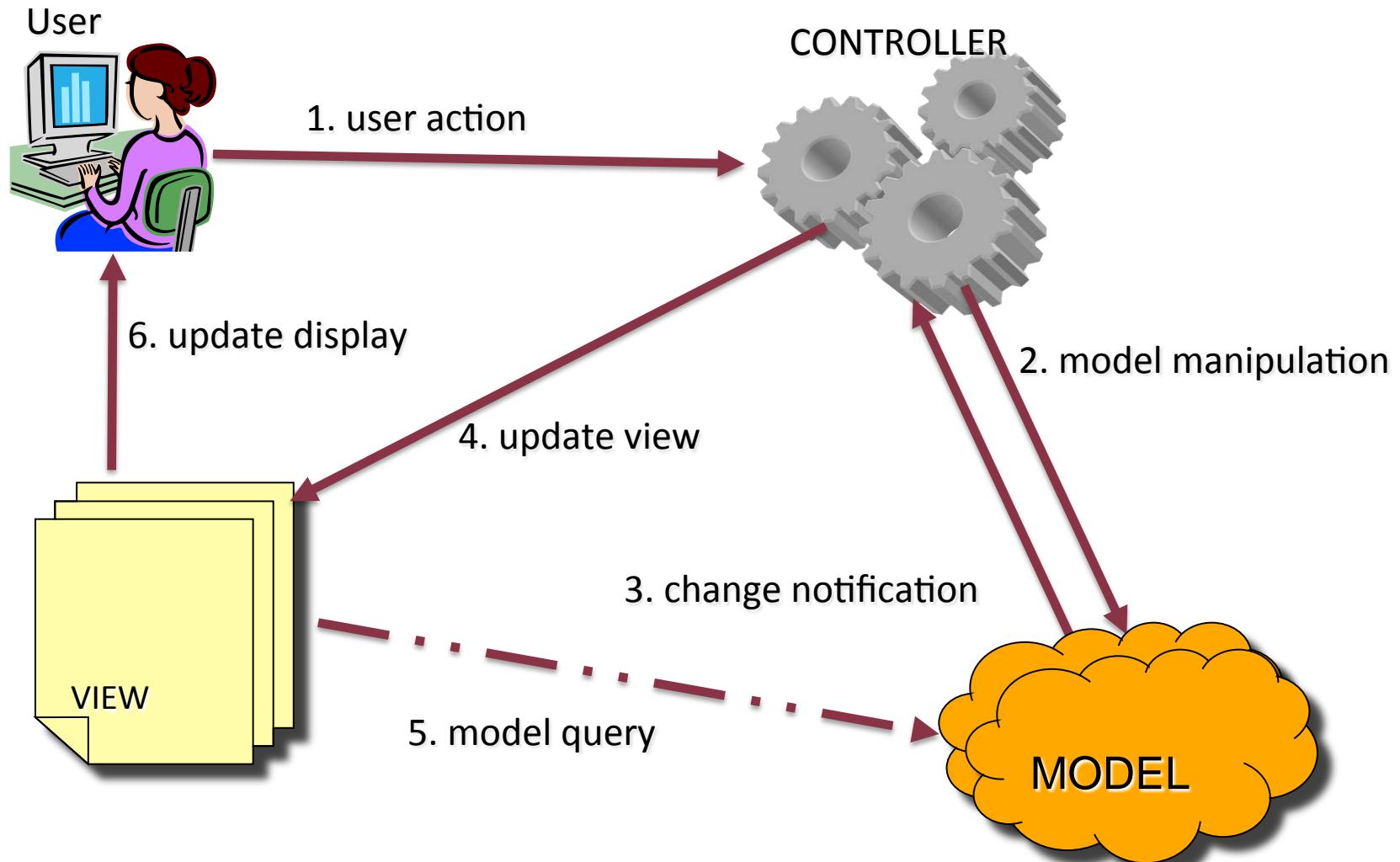
# MVC in GEF



# MVC in GEF



# MVC in GEF



# GEF workflow

Model

# GEF workflow

Model

Notification

# MVC in GEF: Model

- Arbitrary models supported
  - E.g., Java classes, EMF, database
  - Expect hierarchic storage (tree)
  - Notification support required
    - Notifies controller in case of changes
    - Critical if multiple views are present over the same model
    - EMF Notifications are useable
  - Business model
    - Structure, data
  - View model
    - Display information
    - E.g., position, size, color, ...

# GEF workflow

Model

View

# GEF workflow

Model

View

Drawing

# GEF workflow

Model

View

Drawing

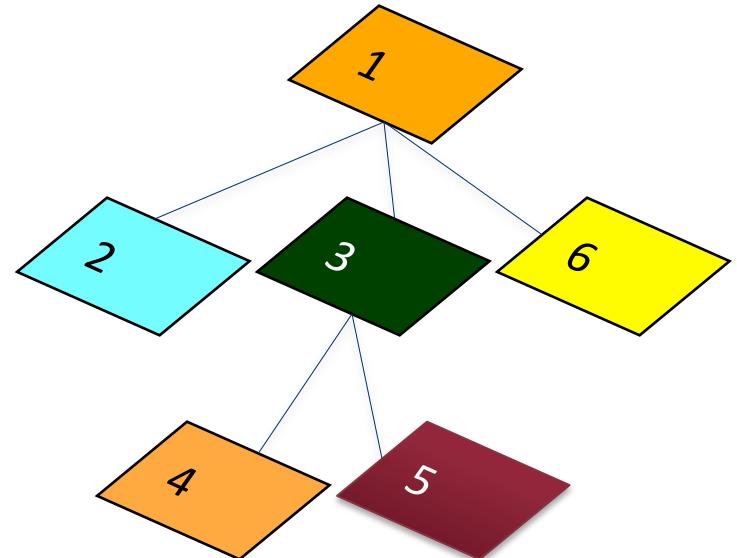
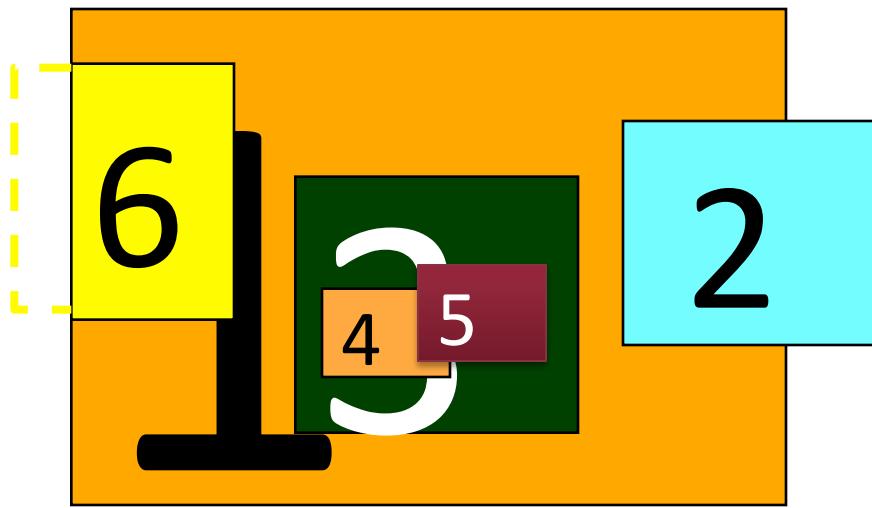
Layouting

# MVC in GEF: View

- View: Draw2D Figures
  - Vector graphic library over SWT
  - Predefined simple elements
    - Label
    - Rectangle
    - Connector (arrow)
  - Hierarchic display
  - Basic component: Figure
- GEF views are implemented by
  - Draw2D Figure instances

# Draw2D hierarchy

- Child position is relative to its parent
  - Negative coordinates (left, top) trimmed!
- Exactly one root element

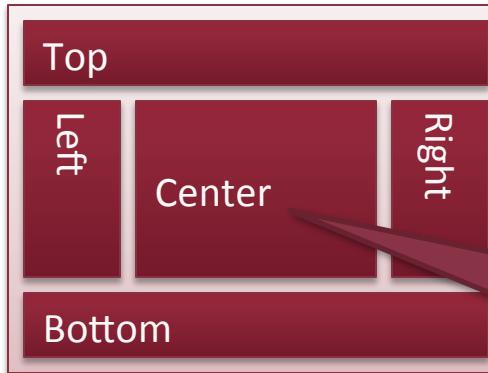


# Draw2D LayoutManager

- Organizes children of a Figure
- Multiple implementations available, extensible
- Constraint: how to position children
  - Container position and size + LayoutManager + Constraint
    - Child position and size
  - Constraints are attached to children
  - Parent LayoutManager **may** consider constraints

# Draw2D LayoutManagers

BorderLayout



FlowLayout



Constraints

XYLayout



ToolbarLayout



# Draw2D elements

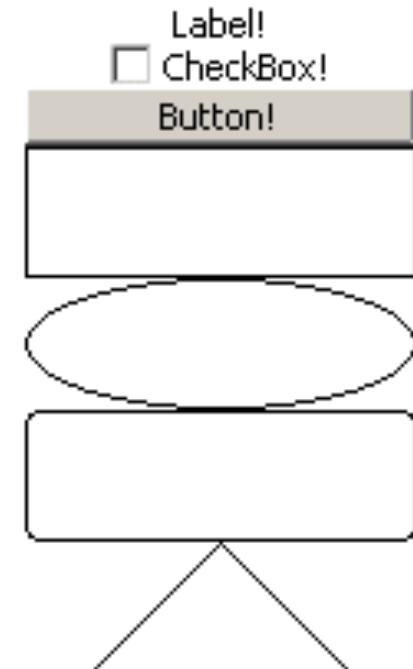
- Simple elements
  - Label, Button, CheckBox, Image
- Geometric shapes
  - RectangleFigure, Ellipse, Triangle
- Panel: generic container element
- ScrollPane: scrollable container element

# Draw2D other elements

- Arrows
- Borders
- Custom figures
  - Sometimes combining existing elements is not enough
  - `paintFigure()` method can be redefined
  - SWT-based drawing code can be used

# Base elements - example

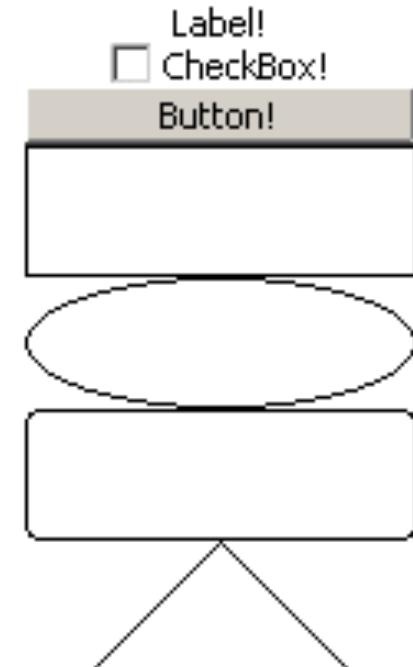
```
public class Peldal extends Figure {  
    public Peldal() {  
        setOpaque(true);  
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);  
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get(i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```



# Base elements - example

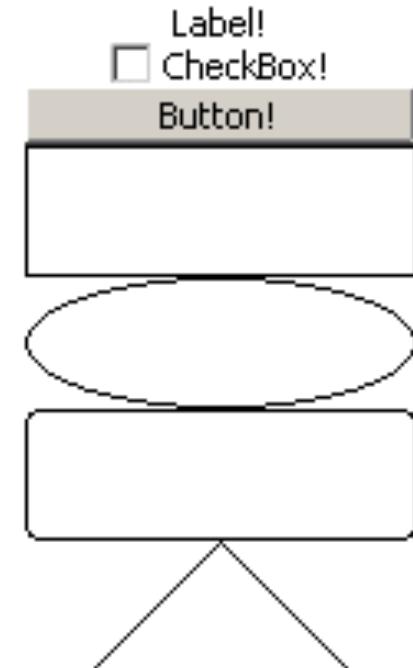
```
public class Peldal extends PeldalPanel {  
    public Peldal() {  
        setOpaque(true);  
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);  
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get(i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```

By default  
everything is  
transparent



# Base elements - example

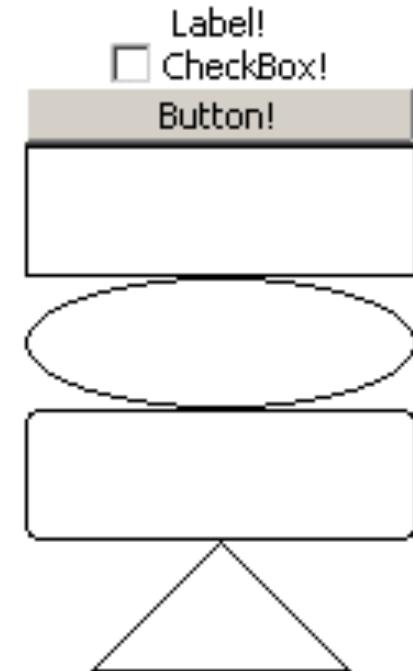
```
public class Peldal extends Figure {  
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        setOpaque(true);  
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);  
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get(i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}
```



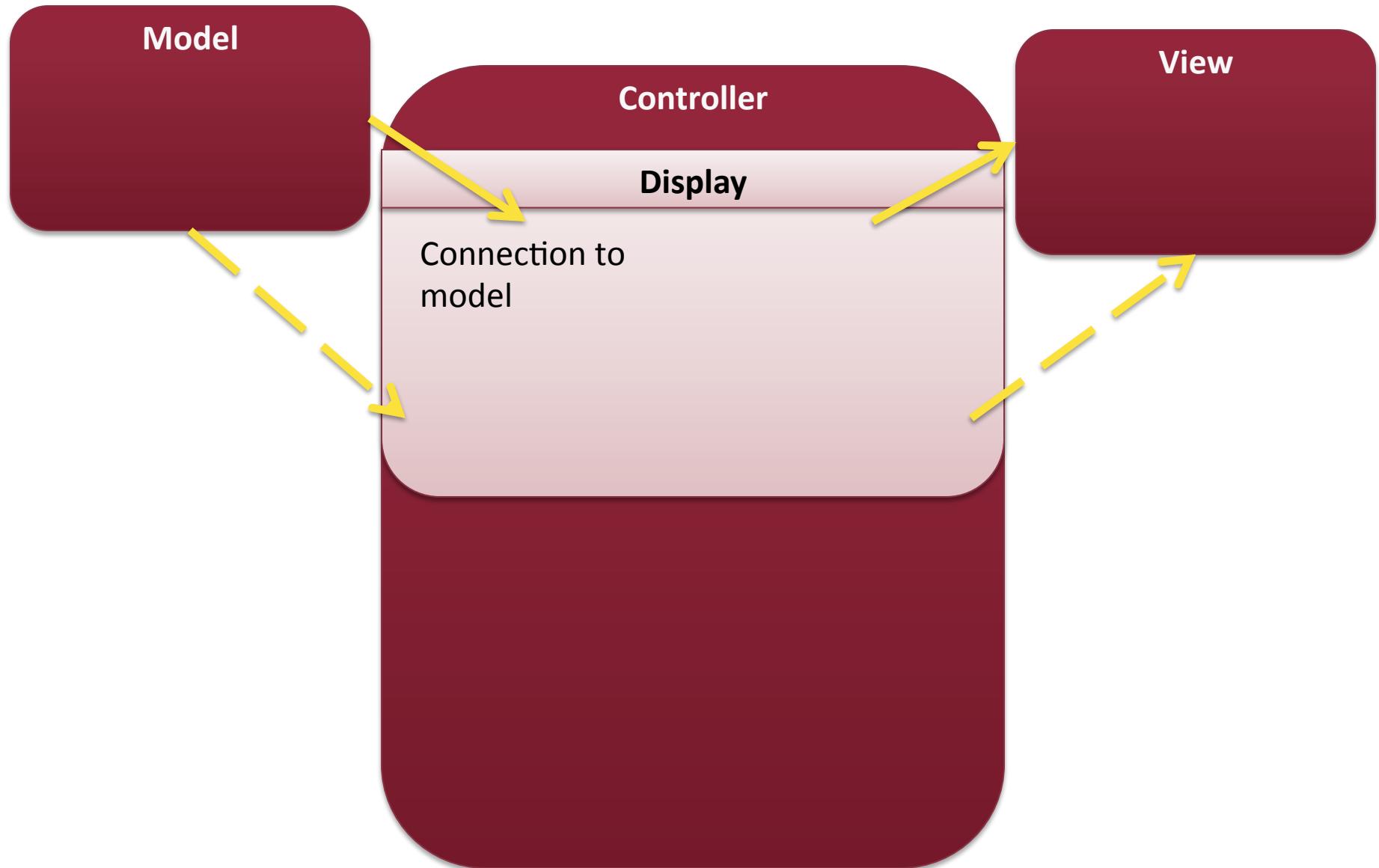
# Base elements - example

```
public class Peldal extends Figure {  
    public Peldal() {  
        setOpaque(true);  
        setBackgroundColor(ColorConstants.white);  
        setLayoutManager(new ToolbarLayout());  
        add(new Label("Label!"));  
        add(new CheckBox("CheckBox!"));  
        add(new Button("Button!"));  
        add(new RectangleFigure());  
        add(new Ellipse());  
        add(new RoundedRectangle());  
        add(new Triangle());  
        for (int i = 3; i <= 6; i++)  
            ((Figure) getChildren().get(i)).setPreferredSize(-1, 40);  
    }  
}  
}
```

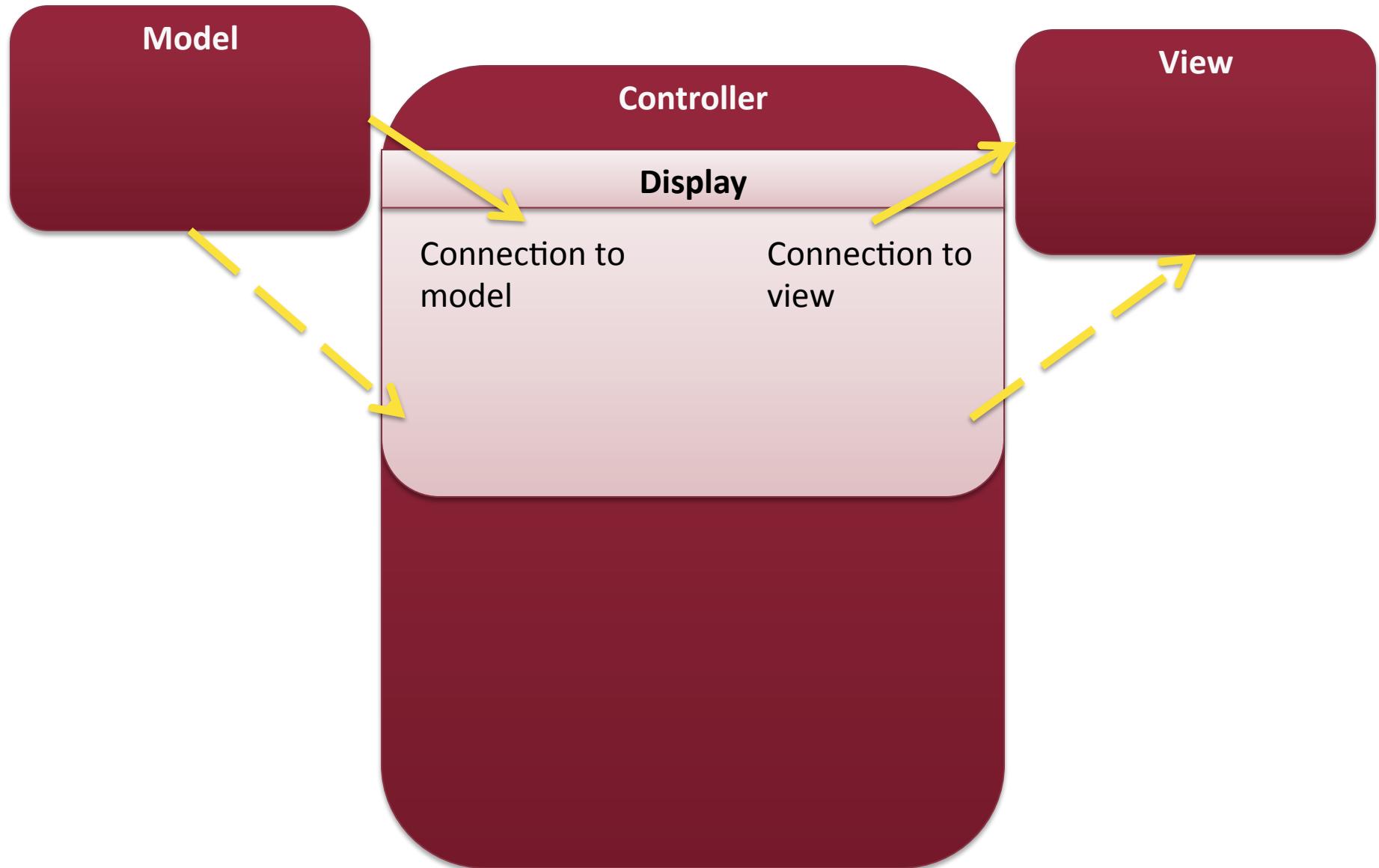
Preferred size constraint



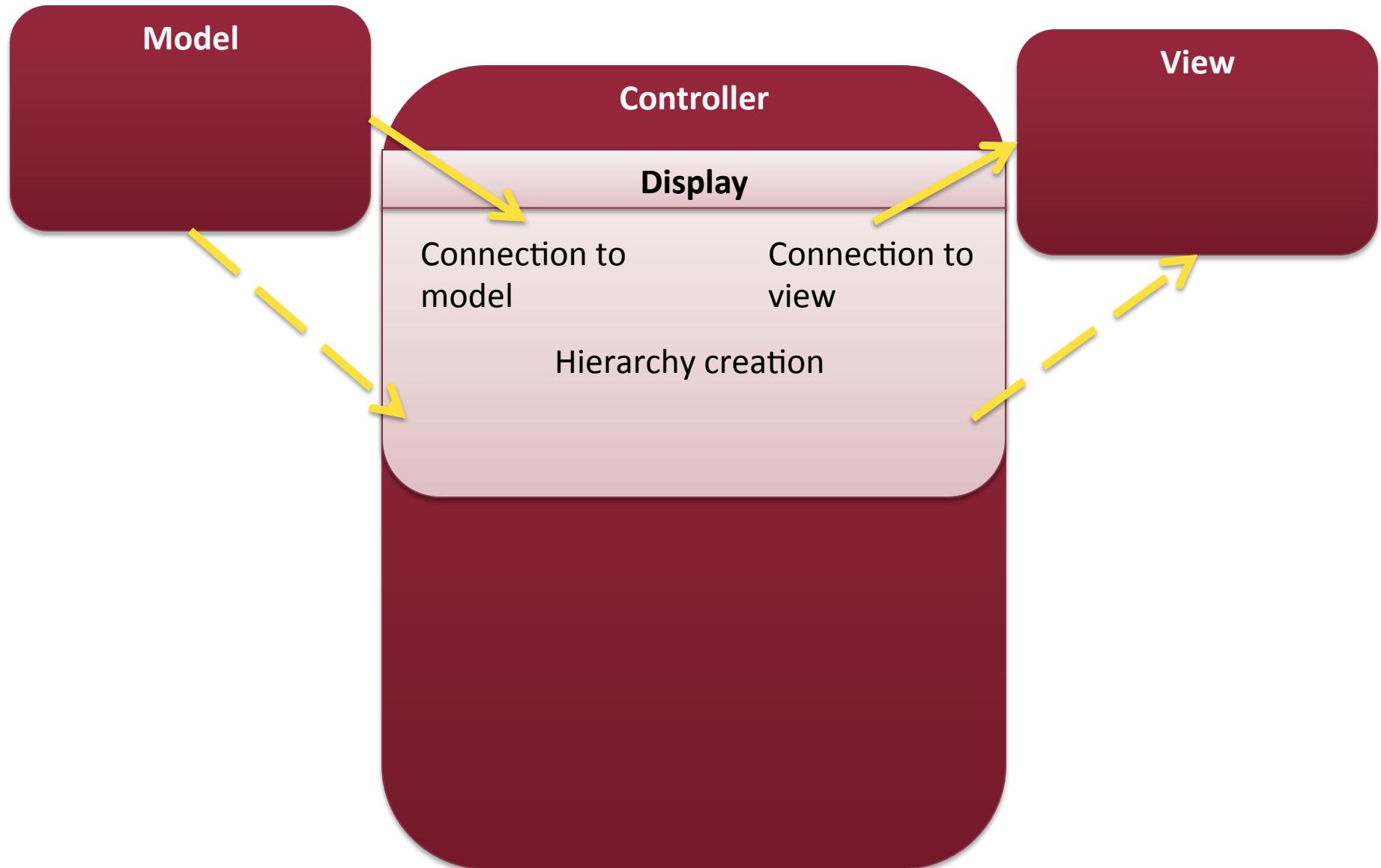
# GEF workflow



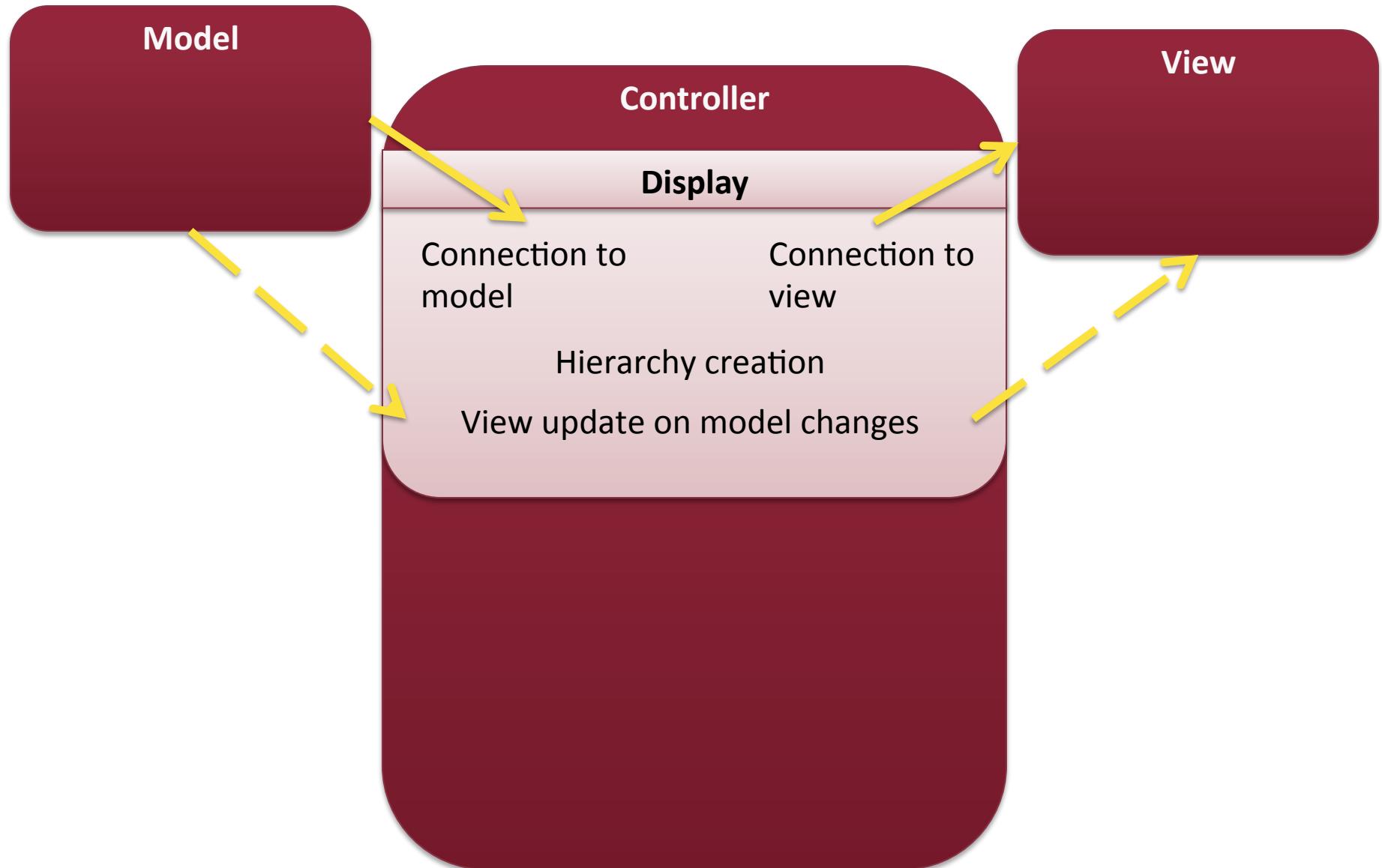
# GEF workflow



# GEF workflow



# GEF workflow

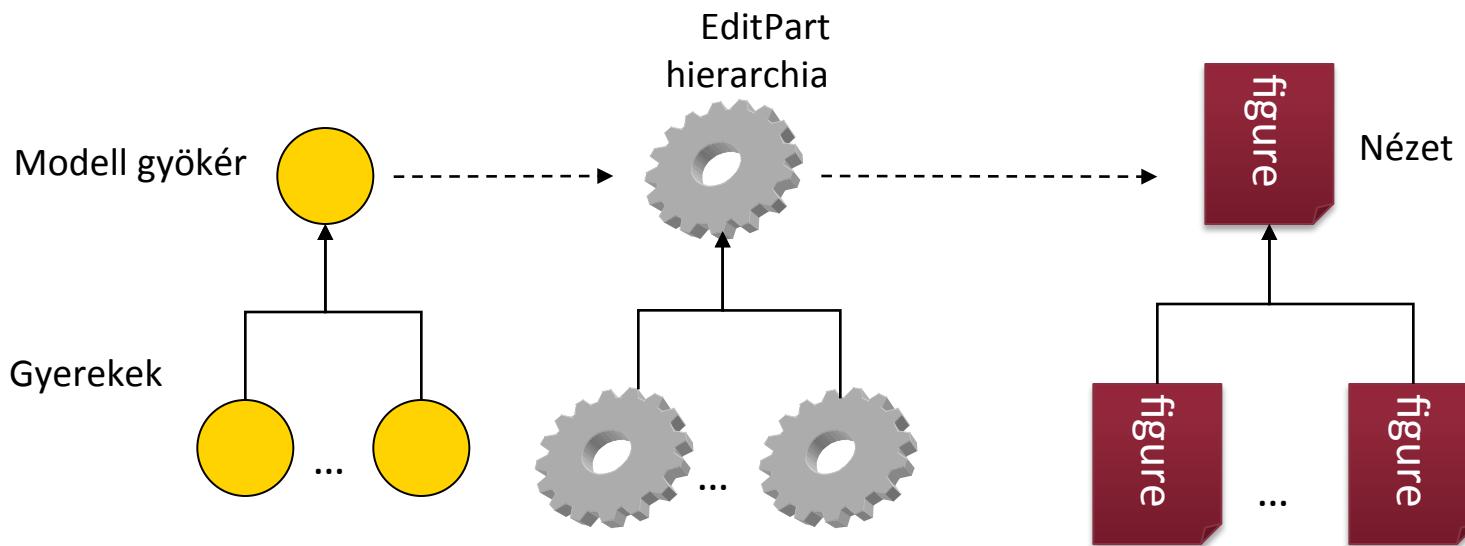


# MVC in GEF: Controller

- Controller: EditPart classes
  - Connection between model and view
  - 1 Figure <-> 1 EditPart
  - 1 model element-> multiple EditPart
    - Thus multiple Figures
  - Updating Figures on changes
  - Handling user actions
  - Executes model manipulation

# View initialization

- EditPartFactory
  - Creates EditPart instances for selected model element
- Figure instantiation
  - GraphicalEditPart.createFigure()



# EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
implements EditPartFactory {
public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
context, Object model) {
    EditPart ep = null;

    if (model instanceof ElementModel)
        ep = new ElementEditPart();
    else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
        ep = new ParentEditPart();

    if (ep != null)
        ep.setModel(model);
    return ep;
}
}
```

# EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
implements EditPartFactory {
public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
context, Object model) {
    EditPart ep = null;

    if (model instanceof Element) Parent EditPart
        ep = new ElementEditPart();
    else if (model instanceof ParentModel)
        ep = new ParentEditPart();

    if (ep != null)
        ep.setModel(model);
    return ep;
}
}
```

# EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory
implements EditPartFactory {
public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart
context, Object model) {
    EditPart ep = null;

    if (model instanceof ElementModel)
        ep = new ElementEditPart();
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        ep = new ParentEditPart();

    if (ep != null)
        ep.setModel(model);
    return ep;
}
}
```

# EditPartFactory

```
public class TestGEFEditPartFactory  
implements EditPartFactory {  
    public EditPart createEditPart(EditPart  
context, Object model) {  
        EditPart ep = null;  
  
        if (model instanceof ElementModel)  
            ep = new ElementEditPart();  
        else if (model instanceof ParentModel)  
            ep = new ParentEditPart();  
  
        if (ep != null)  
            ep.setModel(model);  
        return ep;  
    }  
}
```

EditPart stores a  
model reference

# View generation

- In EditPart class

```
public class ElementEditPart extends  
AbstractGraphicalEditPart {  
    ...  
    @Override  
    protected IFigure createFigure() {  
        // Saját Figure létrehozása  
        ElementFigure fig = new  
ElementFigure();  
        return fig;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Model traversal

- Initial GEF model
  - EditPartFactory
  - Model root
- How to traverse to other elements?
  - EditPart instances know their children
  - Recursive traversal
    - Containment circle is a bad idea 😊
    - Containment hierarchy should be connected
    - EMF containment hierarchy **may** be the same

# Model traversal

- `EditPart.getModelChildren()`
  - Returns the children of the connected model element
    - Ordering important -> determines covering

```
public class TestParentEditPart extends  
AbstractGraphicalEditPart {  
    ...  
    @Override  
    protected List getModelChildren() {  
        // Saját modell lekérdezése  
        ParentModel pm = ((ParentModel)  
getModel());  
        return pm.getChildren();  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Model dependent,  
not GEF specific

# Model traversal

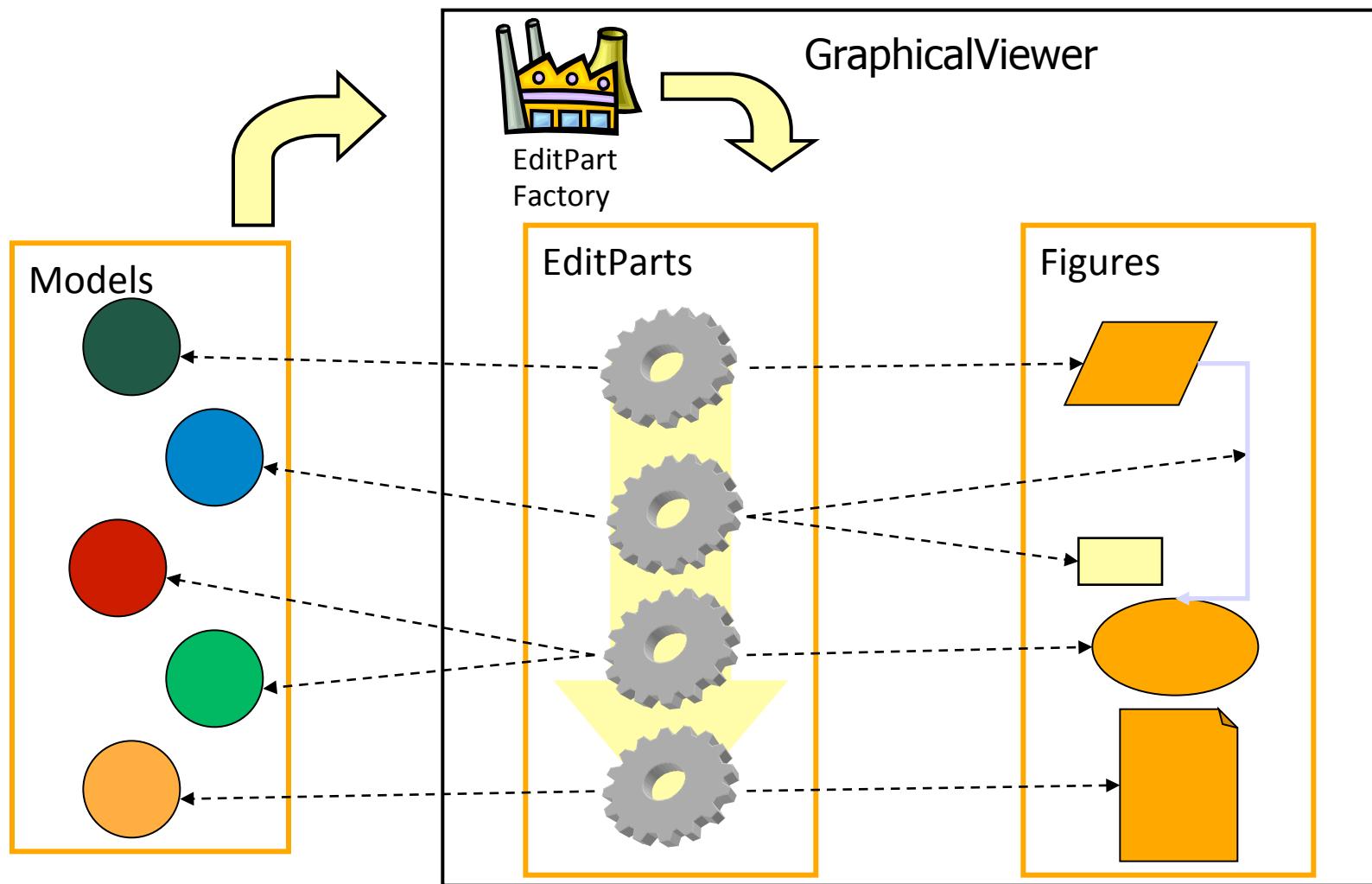
- `EditPart.getModelChildren()`
  - Returns the children of the connected model element
    - Ordering important -> determines covering

```
public class TestParentEditPart extends  
AbstractGraphicalEditPart {  
    ...  
    @Override  
    protected List getModelChildren() {  
        // Saját modell lekéréséhez  
        ParentModel pm = ((ParentModel)  
getModel());  
        return pm.getChildren();  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Model query

Model dependent,  
not GEF specific

# Building view - Summary



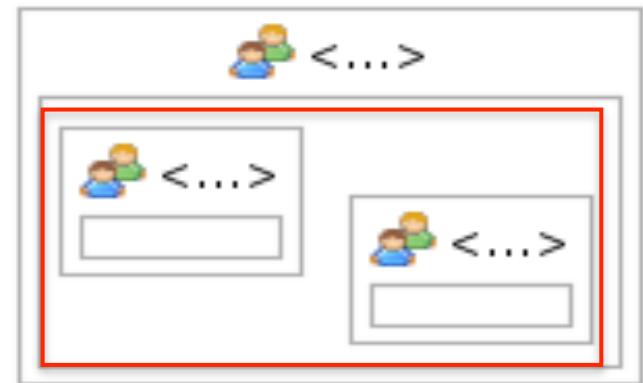
# ContentPane

- ContentPane: place of Figure to present children
- By default: entire Figure
- EditPart overrides
  - If only a child of Figure needed

...

```
@Override  
public IFigure getContentPane() {  
    return ((MyFigure)  
getFigure()).getPlaceOfChildren();  
}
```

...



# View update on changes

- EditPart listens to model changes
  - activate(), deactivate()
- Calls refresh methods
  - refreshVisuals(): non-structural change
  - refreshChildren(): child list changed

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
}
public void activate() {
    super.activate();
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
}
public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
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public void activate() {
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public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

View refresh

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
}
public void activate() {
    super.activate();
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}
public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

Register  
change listener

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
}
public void activate() {
    super.activate();
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
}
public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

Remove  
change listener

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
}
public void activate() {
    super.activate();
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
}
public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

This is called  
by model

# EditPart example

```
public class ParentEditPart extends AbstractGraphicalEditPart
    implements MyModelListener {
protected void refreshVisuals() {
    ((ParentView) getFigure()).setLabel(
        ((ParentModel) getModel()).getName());
}
public void activate() {
    super.activate();
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).addListener(this);
}
public void deactivate() {
    ((ParentModel) getModel()).removeListener(this);
    super.deactivate();
}
public void modelChanged() {
    refreshVisuals();
    refreshChildren();
}
}
```

Refreshing  
children

# GEF workflow

Model

Controller

View

Display

Editing

Model modification commands



# GEF workflow

Model

Controller

View

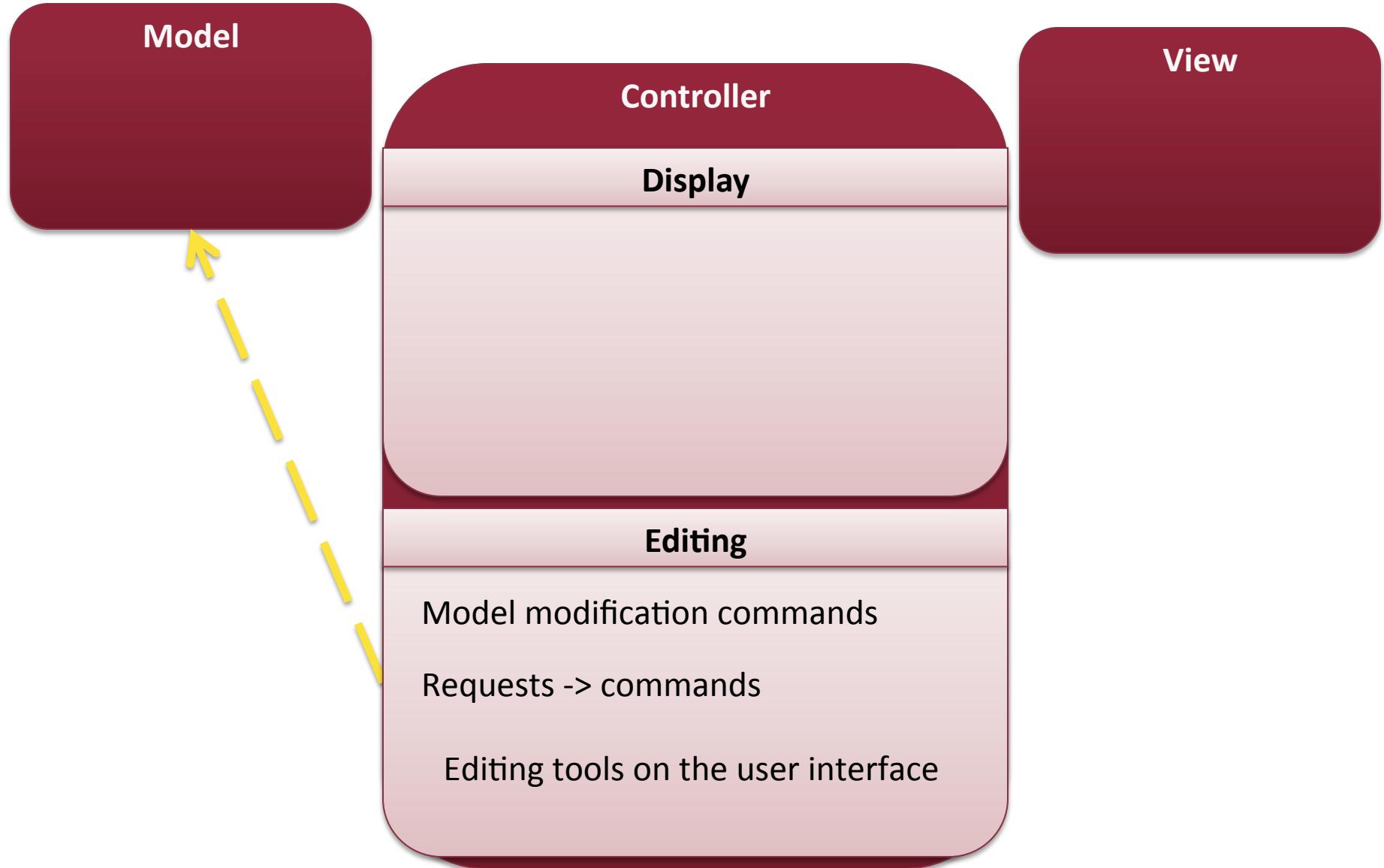
Display

Editing

Model modification commands

Requests -> commands

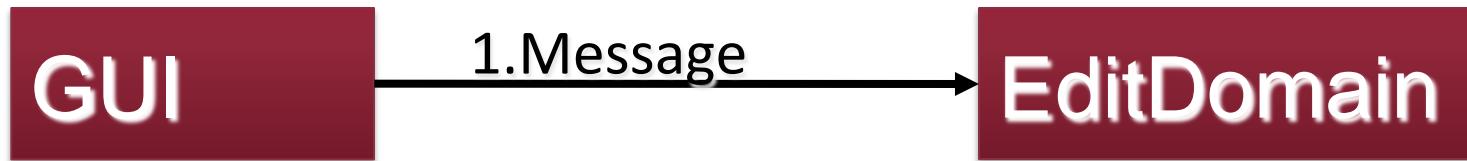
# GEF workflow



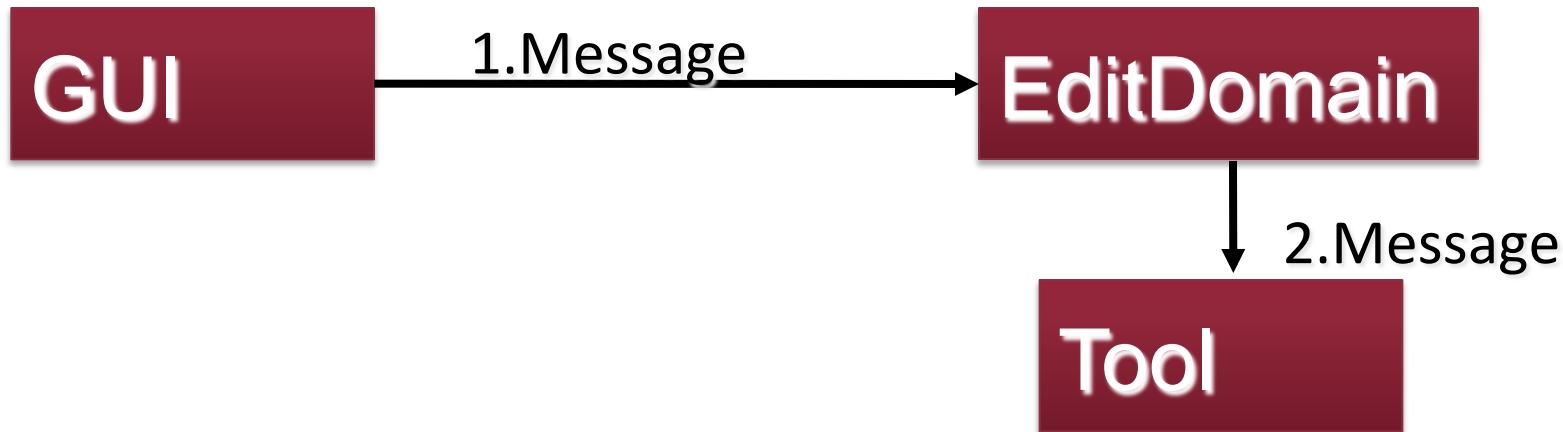
# Editing Workflow

GUI

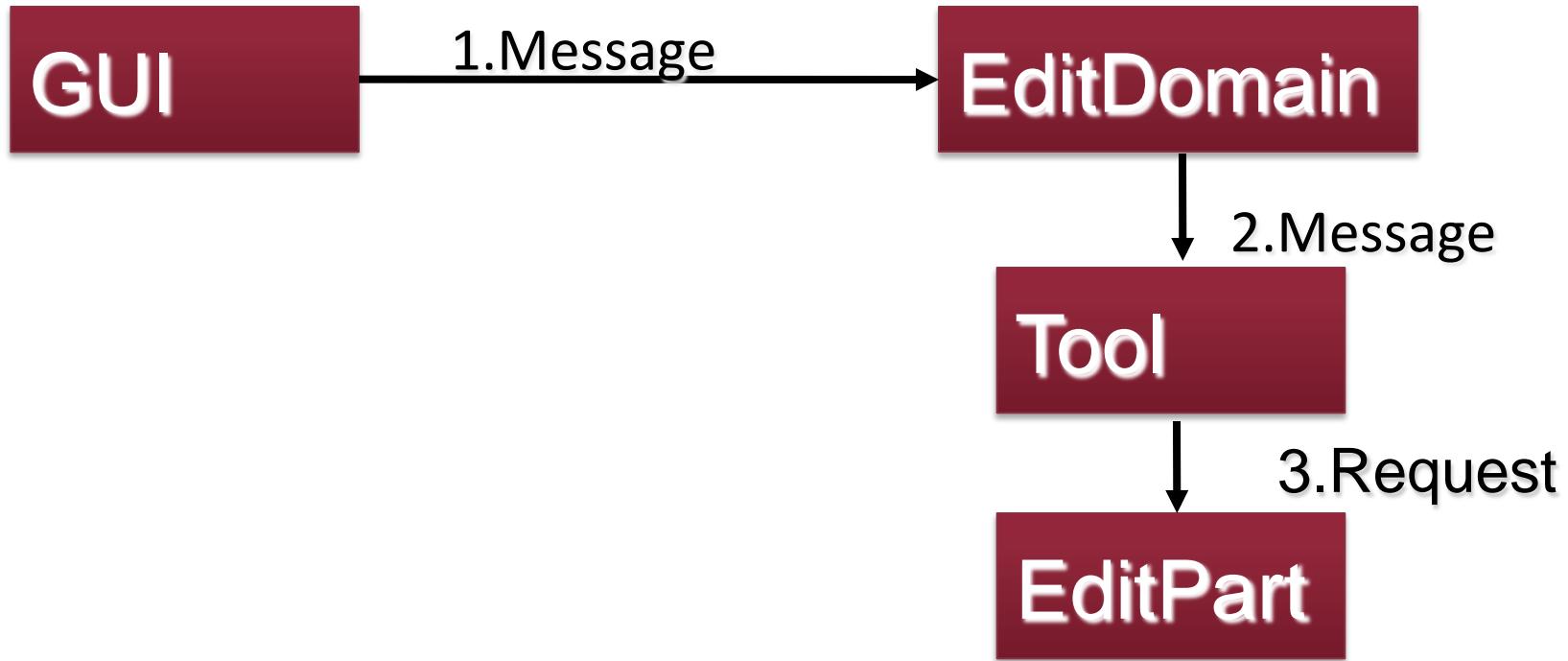
# Editing Workflow



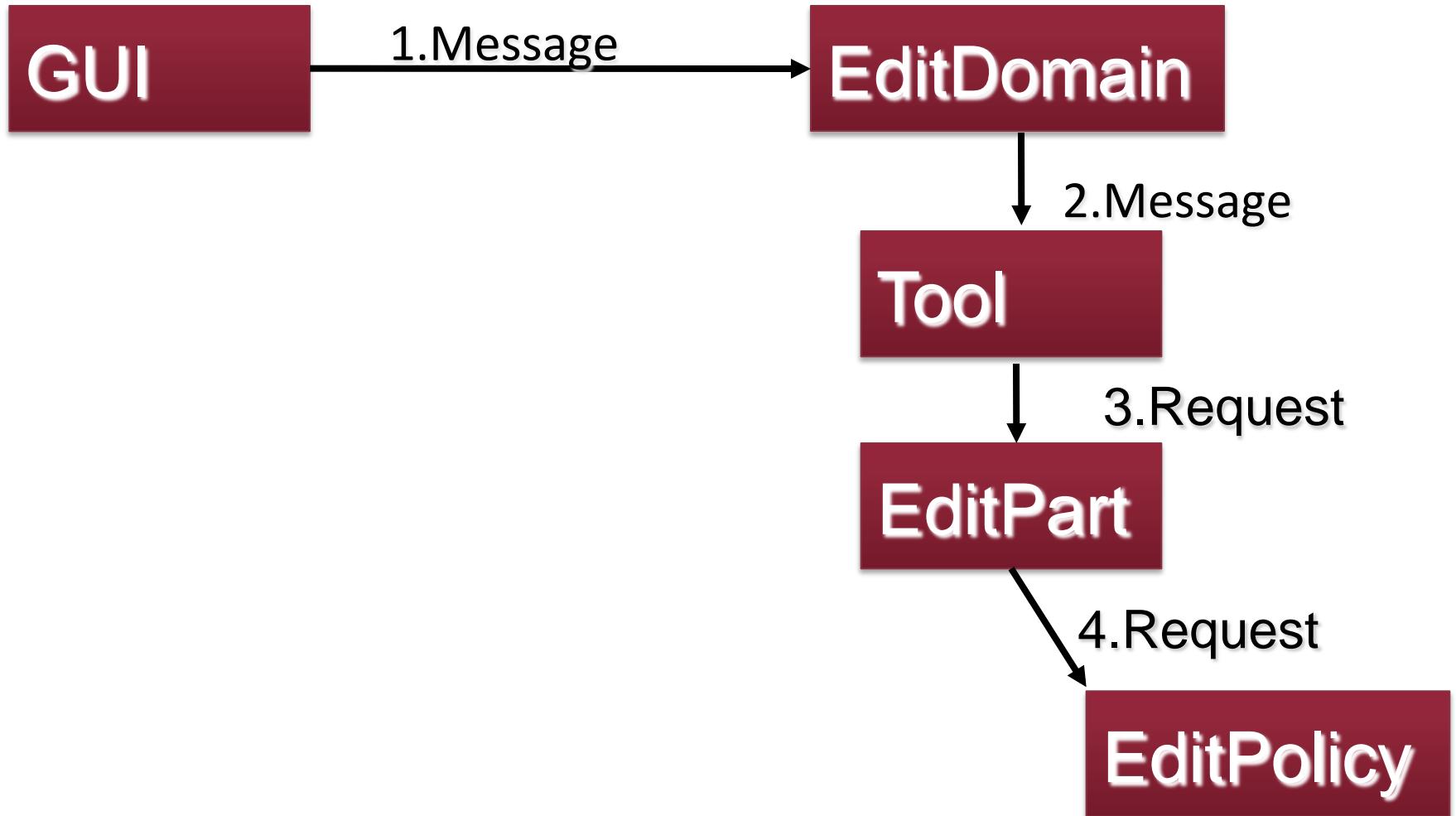
# Editing Workflow



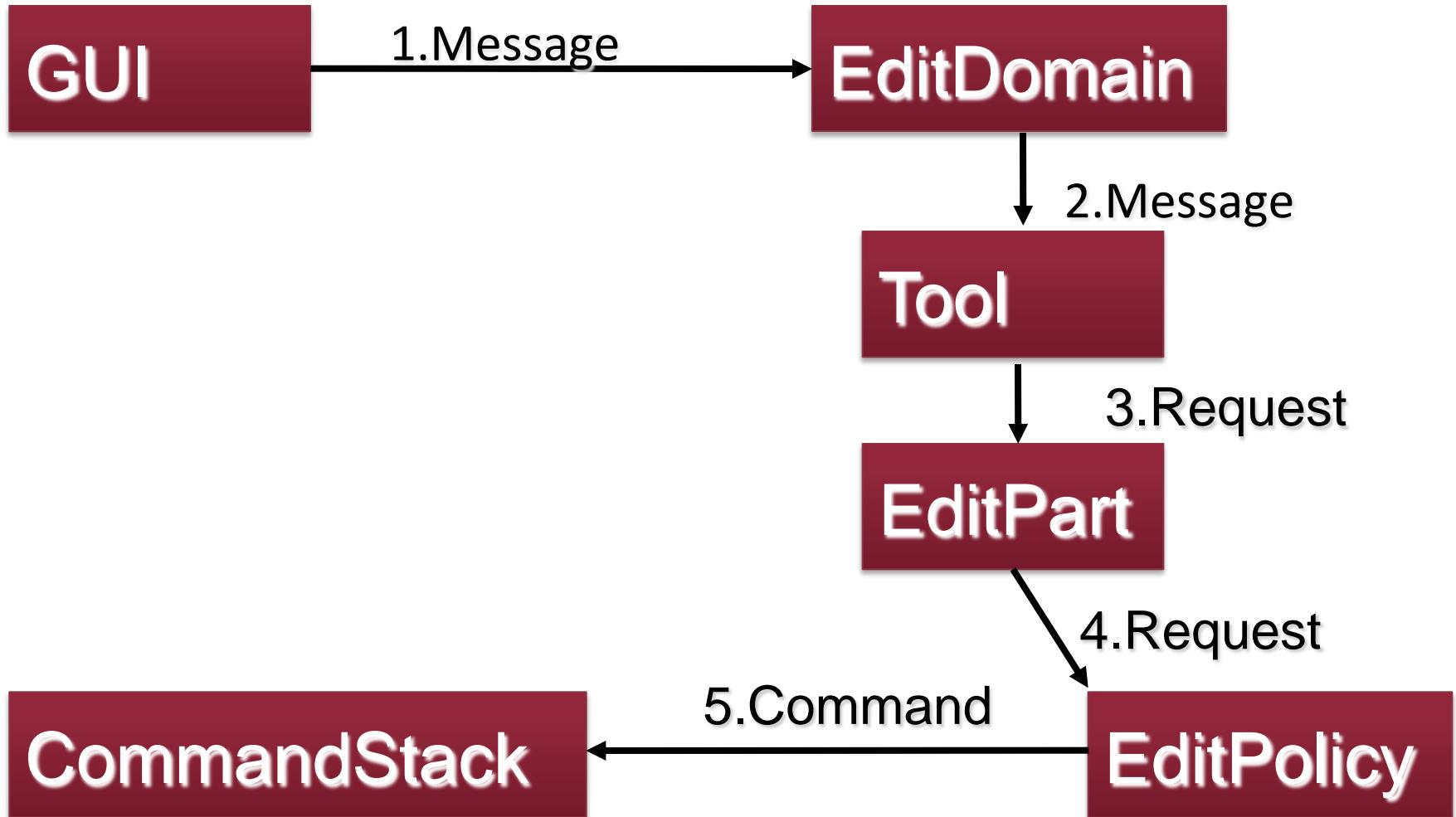
# Editing Workflow



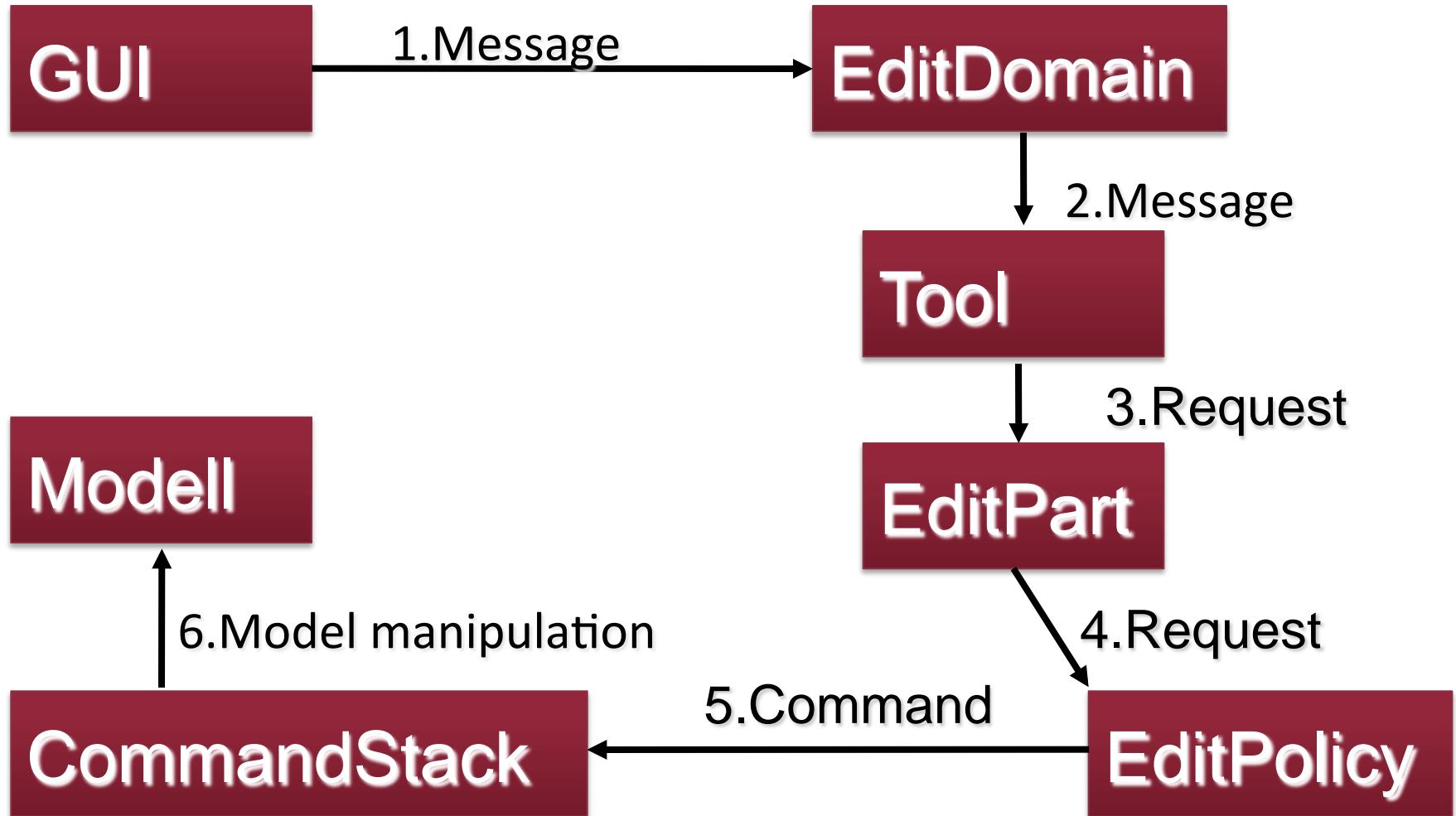
# Editing Workflow



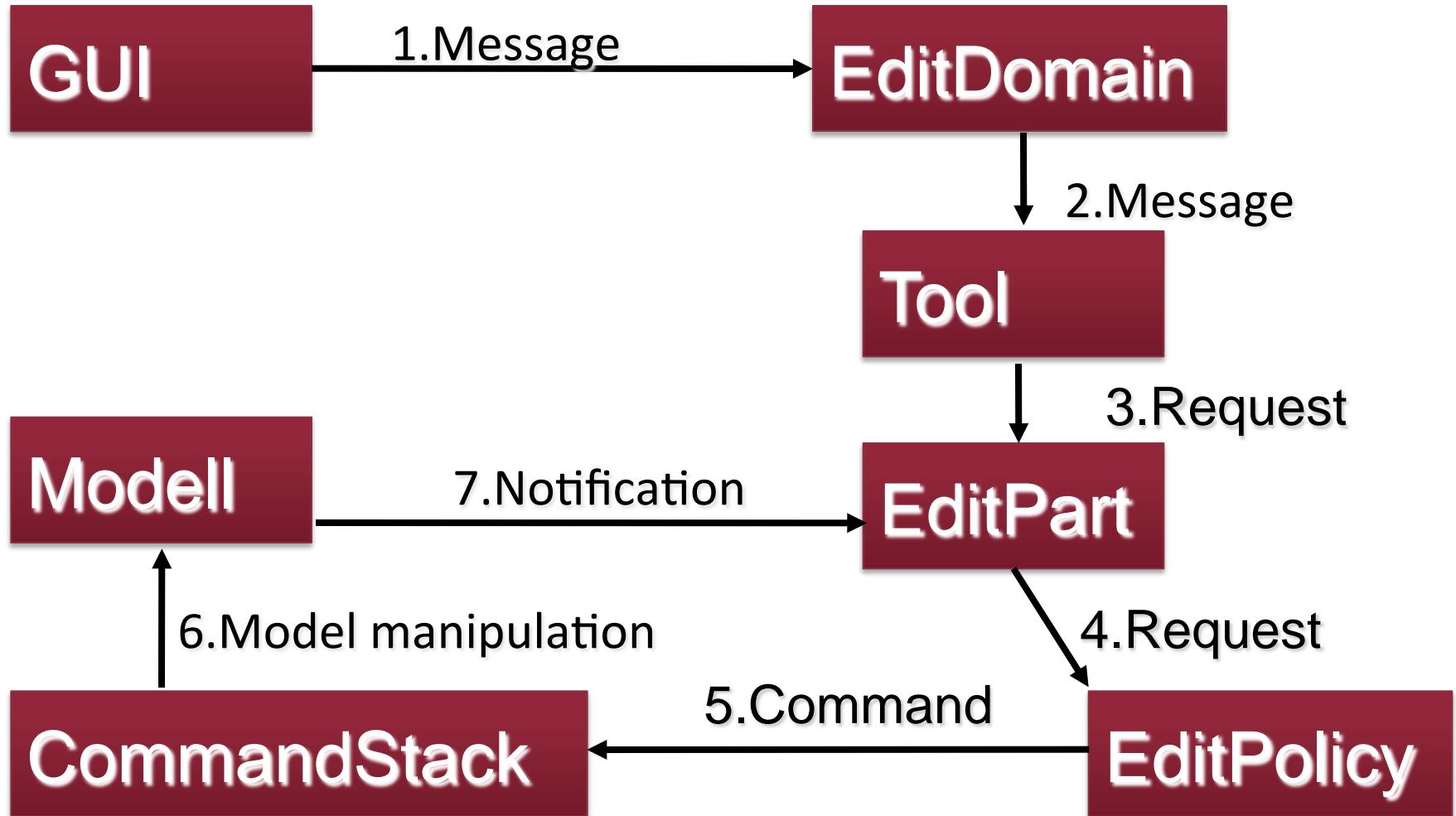
# Editing Workflow



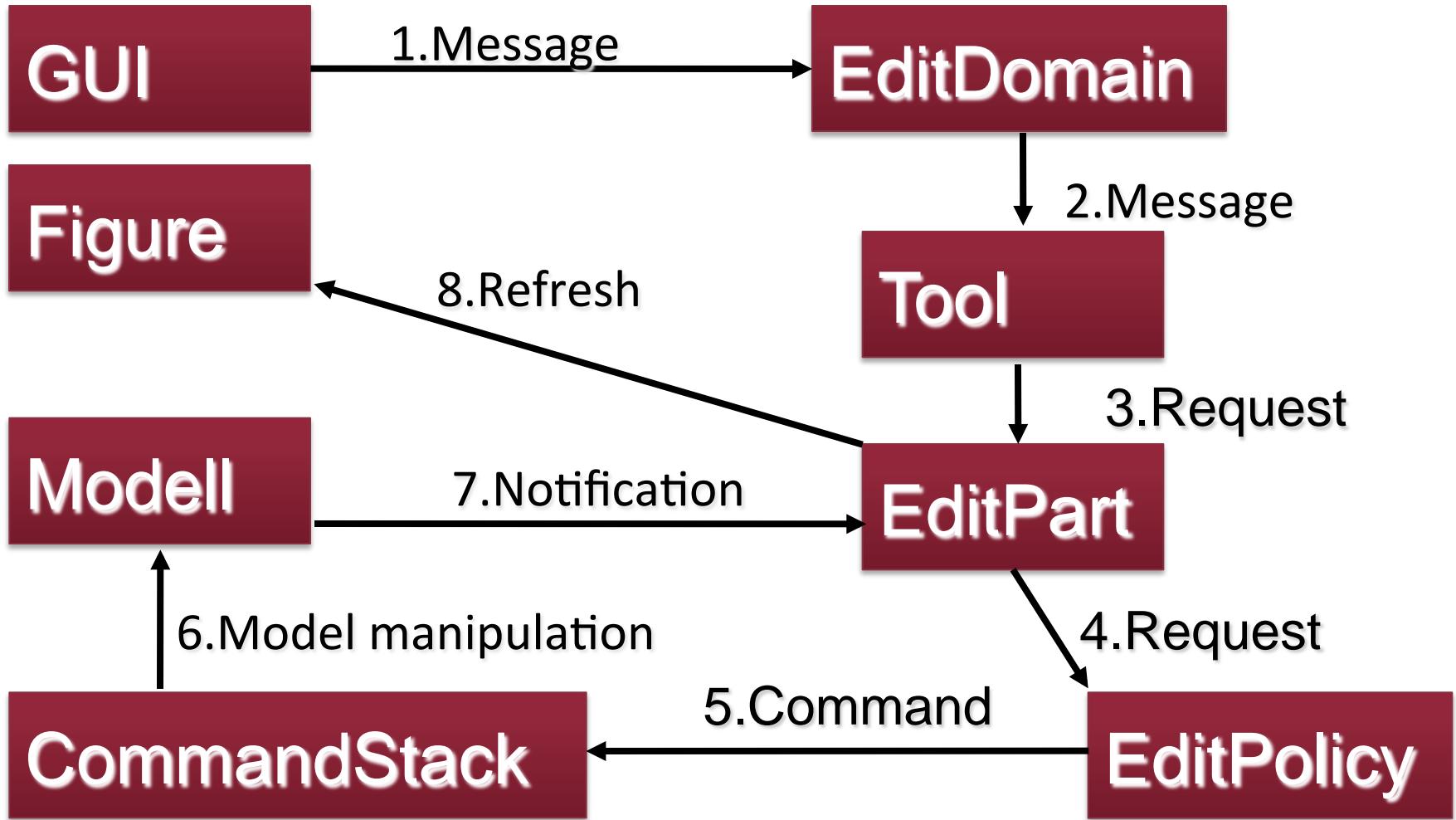
# Editing Workflow



# Editing Workflow



# Editing Workflow



# Actors of Editing I.

- EditDomain
  - Dispatches GUI events to selected tool
  - Does not process
- Tool:
  - Represents an editing function
  - Processes GUI messages
  - Creates (one or more) Requests
  - E.g., SelectionTool, CreationTool, MarqueeTool
  - Custom tools can be used

# Actors of Editing II.

- Request
  - GEF-level event
  - Pl. CreateRequest, DeleteRequest,  
ChangeBoundsRequest
  - Forwarded to target EditPart
- EditPolicy
  - „Editing rule” of EditPart
  - Request -> Command mapping
  - 1 EditPart -> multiple EditPolicies (often)

# Actors of Editing III.

## ■ EditPart

- Based on EditPolicies creates Commands
- Receives model change notification
- Refreshes structure (and may create child EditPart)

# Actors of Editing IV.

## ■ Command

- Executes model manipulation
- Undoable (if implemented ☺)
- *See EMF.Edit commands (same idea, different impl.)*

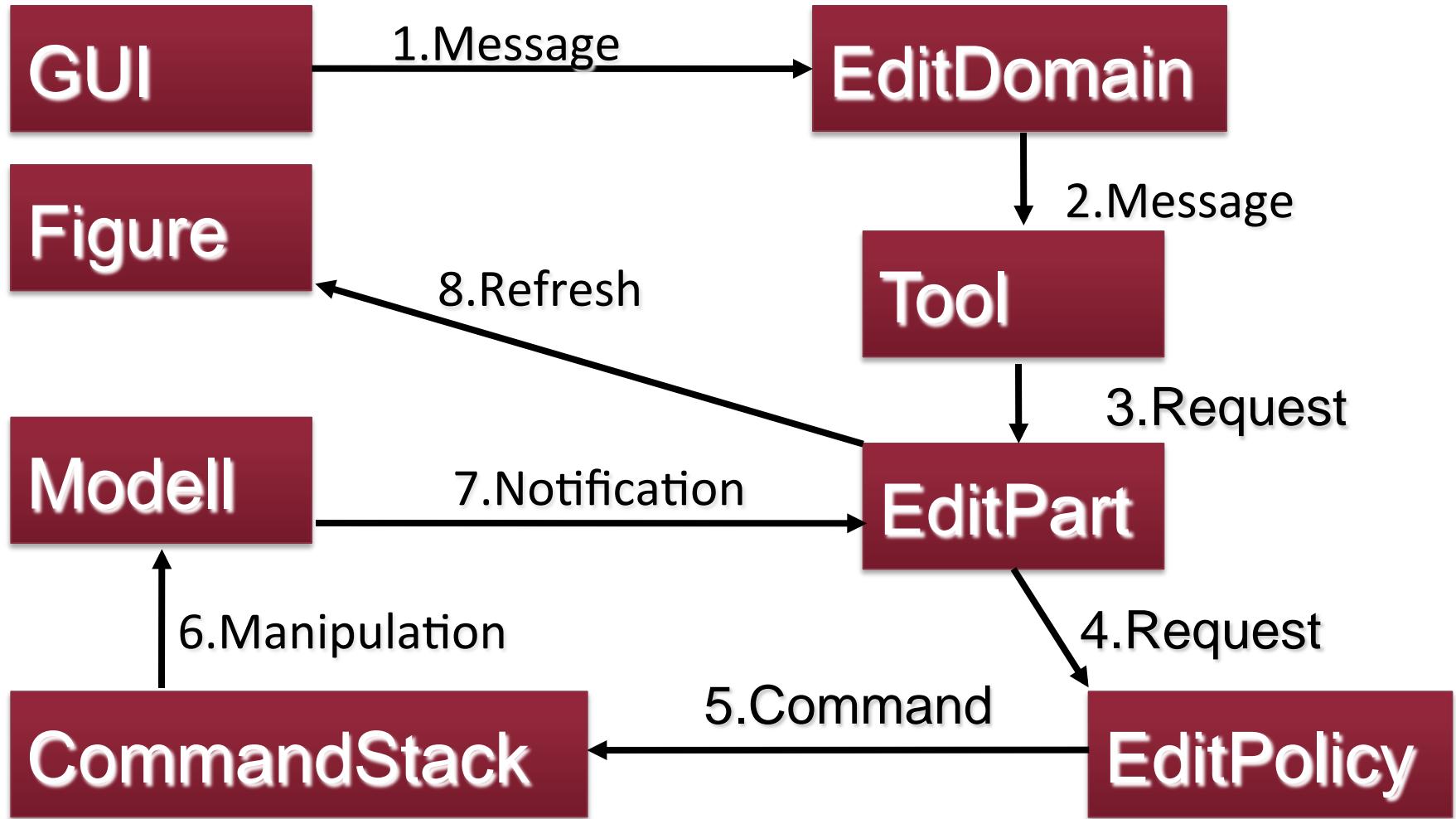
## ■ CommandStack

- A stack of executed commands
- Undo/redo executed over this
- One for each EditDomainen
- Always execute commands through stack
- *See EMF.Edit EditingDomain*

# Actors of Editing V.

- Action
  - Not GEF-specific (JFace)
  - Custom commands
    - Menu items
  - GEF provides wrappers to connect to CommandStack
  - ActionRegistry: list of actions

# Editing workflow



# What to implement? - 1.

- Model code with notification support
  - Generatable with EMF
- View classes
- EditPart classes 1.
  - Model display
    - `createFigure()`, `refreshVisuals()`
  - Model change listening
    - `activate()`, `deactivate()`
- EditPartFactory (model -> EditPart)

# What to implement? – 2.

- Model modification Commands
- Custom EditPolicies
  - Defines available operations
- EditPart classes 2.
  - EditPolicy assignment
- Editor and related parts
  - EditPartViewer, Palette

# GEF workflow

## Model

Notification

## Controller

### Display

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

### Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

## View

Drawing

Layout

# GEF workflow

## Model

Notification

EditPartFactory

## Controller

### Display

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

### Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

## View

Drawing

Layout

# GEF w/ Figure

## Model

Notification

EditPartFactory

## Controller

### Display

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

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### Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

## View

Drawing

Layout

# GEF w/ Figure

## Model

Notification

## EditPartFactory

## Controller

## Display

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

## Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

## View

Drawing

Layout

## LayoutManager

# GEF Workbench Figure

**Model**

Notification

EditPartFactory

**Controller**

**Display**

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

**Editing**

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

**View**

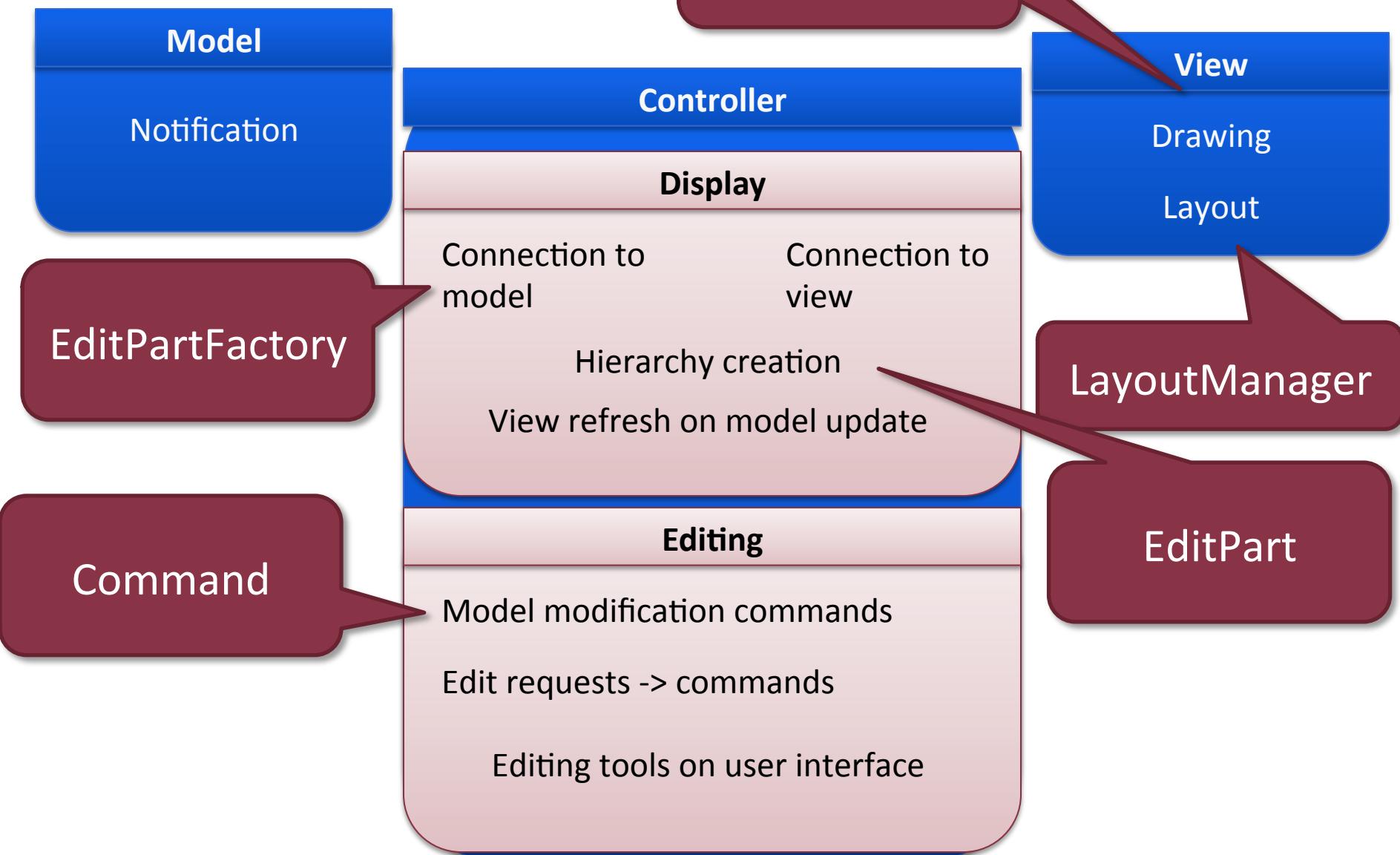
Drawing

Layout

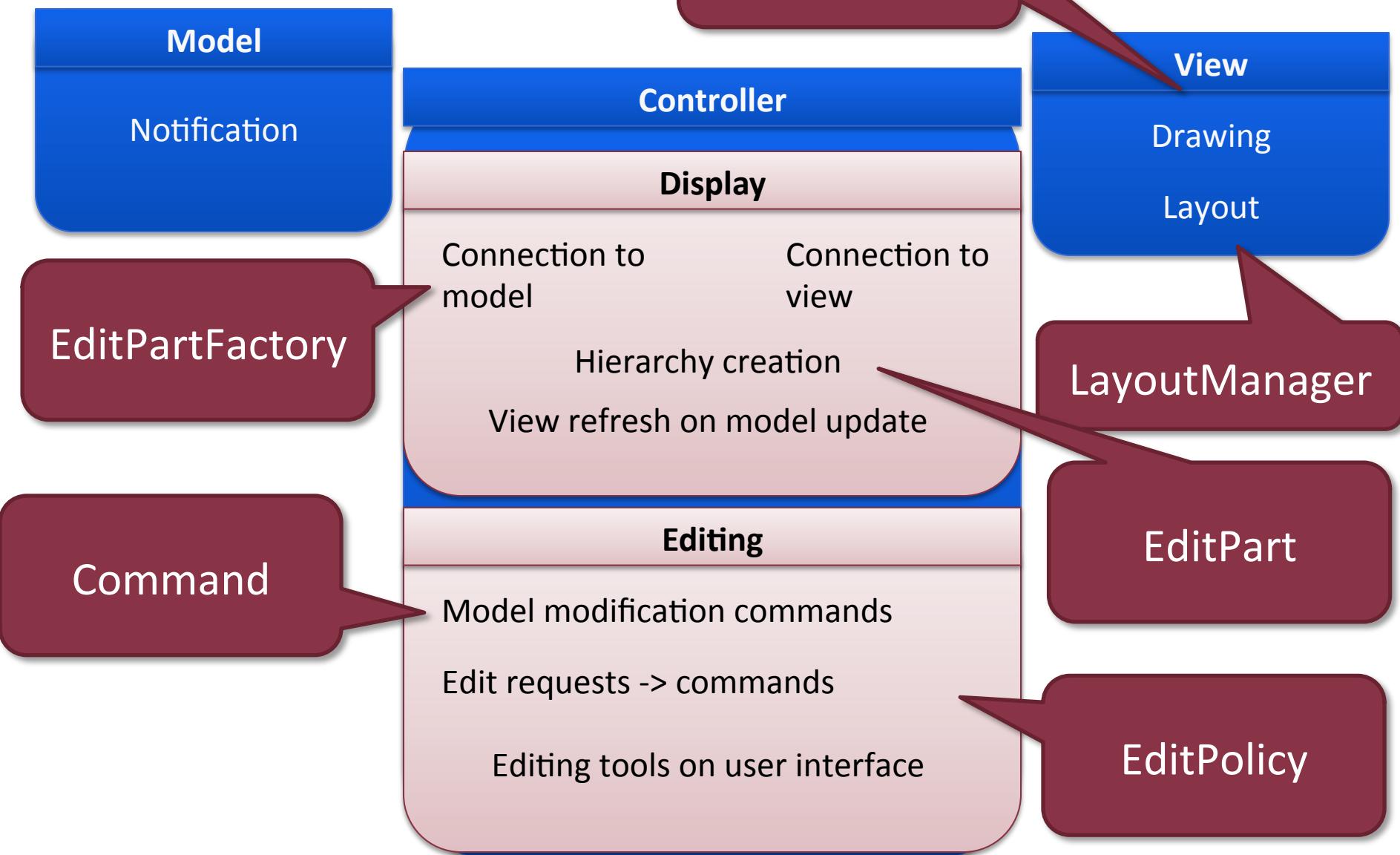
LayoutManager

EditPart

# GEF Workbench Figure



# GEF Workbench Figure



# GEF Workbench Figure

Model

Notification

EditPartFactory

Command

Tool

Controller

Display

Connection to  
model

Connection to  
view

Hierarchy creation

View refresh on model update

Editing

Model modification commands

Edit requests -> commands

Editing tools on user interface

View

Drawing

Layout

LayoutManager

EditPart

EditPolicy

# Arrows (connectors)

- Similar to object
  - With important distinctions
- Display in higher layer
- Connector Edit Parts
  - AbstractConnectionEditPart descendants
  - EditPolicy, Request, etc.
- Directed connection (on model level)
- *Not detailed here*

# Further Capabilities

- Eclipse Properties view support
- Direct editing of labels
- Zoom support
- Arrangement
- Separate tree and graphical outline
- *Not detailed here*

# GEF – Further materials

- Create an Eclipse-based application using the Graphical Editing Framework
  - IBM Developerworks:  
<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/os-eclipse-gef11/>
- Vainolo tutorials:
  - <http://www.vainolo.com/tutorials/>
- GEF wiki:
  - [http://wiki.eclipse.org/GEF/Articles%2C\\_Tutorials%2C\\_Slides](http://wiki.eclipse.org/GEF/Articles%2C_Tutorials%2C_Slides)

# Problems using GEF

- Very complex
- Lot of redundant, hand-written code
- Example: simple GEF editor
  - Two node types with edges between them
  - 3400 lines of code (w/o model)
  - 16 classes, 150 methods...
- Something more simple is needed

# Simplification ideas

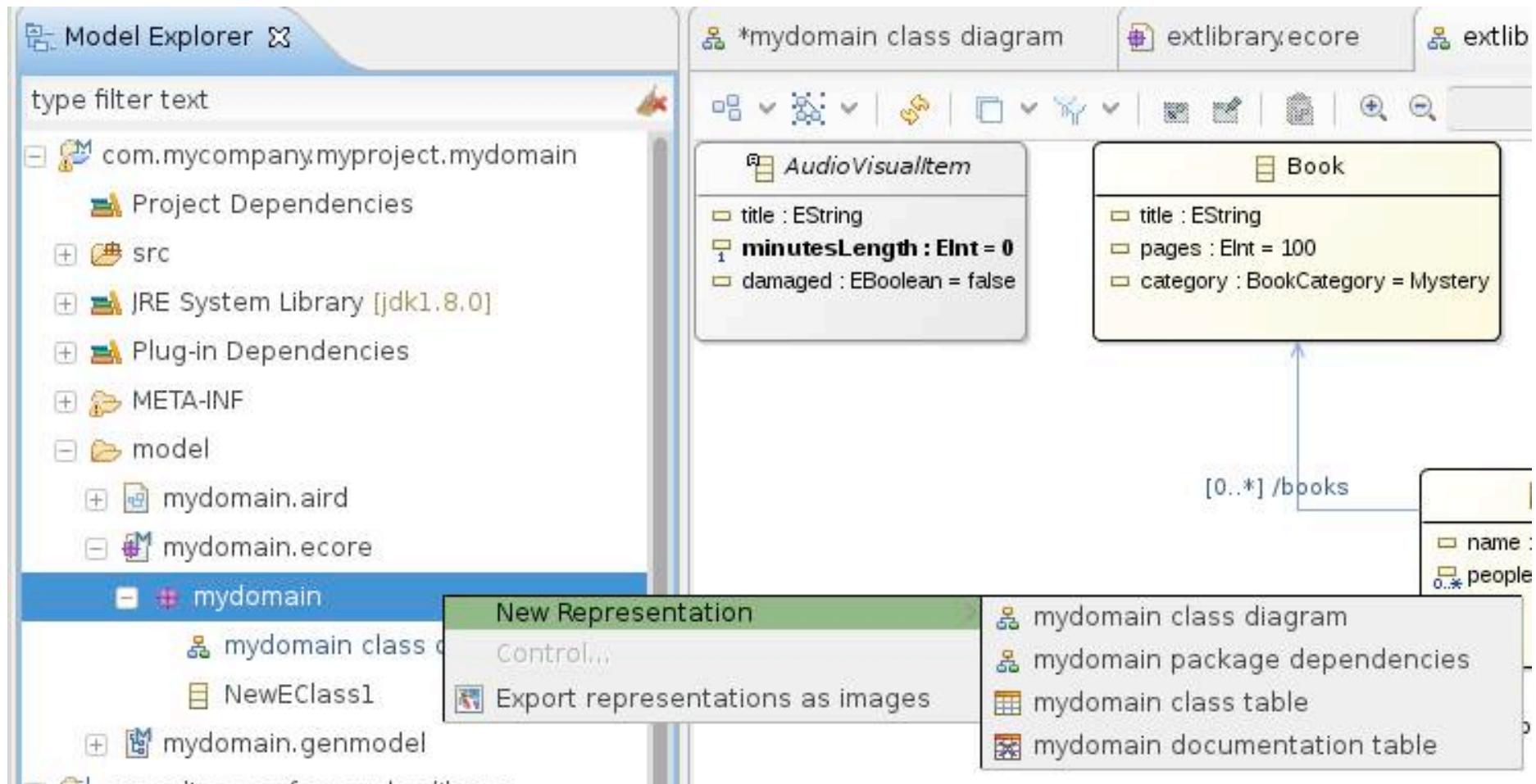
- EMF models
  - Uniform handling
  - Load/save simple
  - Interfile dependencies manageable
- Simpler interaction
  - Only high-level functions directly supported
- Modeling/code generation

# Sirius

# Sirius

- New modeling project
  - Since 2013 on eclipse.org
  - Previously Obeo Designer – commercial tool
- How stable is it?
  - Old projects are to be migrated
  - Version history
    - 0.9: 2013-12-10
    - 1.0: 2014-06-25 (Kepler release train)
    - 2.0: 2014-10-24, planned
    - 3.0: 2015-06-25, planned (Mars release train)

# Sirius in Action – Ecore Tools 2.0



# Sirius Viewpoints

- Base concept:
  - Every diagram is a view of the model
  - With a defined syntax
    - Graphical
    - Table/Tree syntax
    - Xtext-based textual syntax
- Viewpoint definition
  - Viewpoint specification model

# Viewpoint Specification Model

Screenshot of the Sirius Specification Editor showing the PetriNet.odesign viewpoint specification.

The project structure is as follows:

- platform:/resource/hu.bme.mit.viatra.petrinet.design/description/PetriNet.odesign
  - PetriNet
    - Petri Nets
      - Petri Net Diagram
        - Composite Layout
        - Default
          - PetrinetTransition
            - Square gray
          - PTArc
            - Edge Style solid
          - TPArc
            - Edge Style solid
          - PetriNetPlace
          - Section createTools
- platform:/resource/hu.bme.mit.viatra.petrinet.model/model/petrinet.ecore

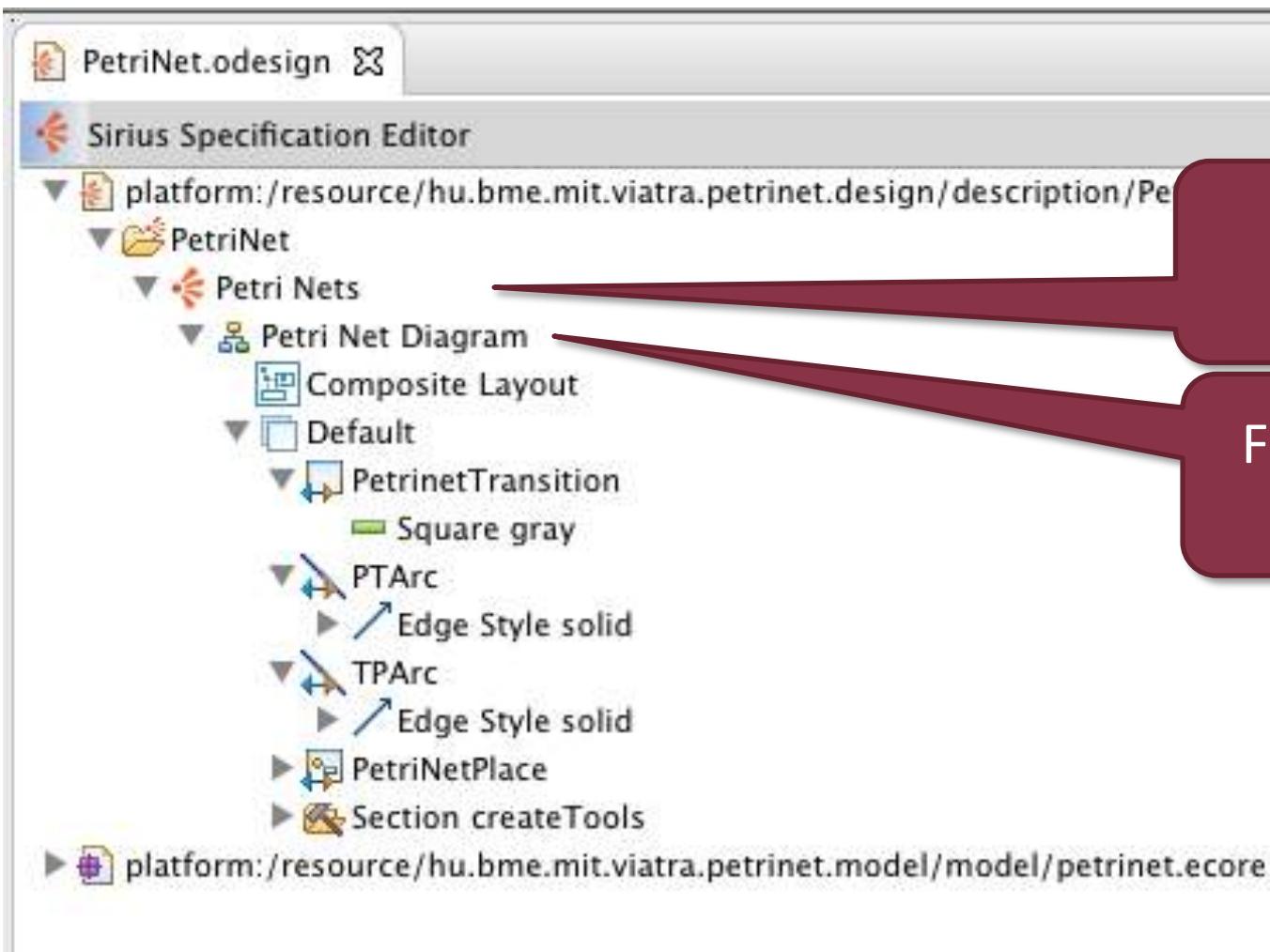
# Viewpoint Specification Model

The screenshot shows the Sirius Specification Editor interface with the following tree structure:

- PetriNet.odesign
- Sirius Specification Editor
  - platform:/resource/hu.bme.mit.viatra.petrinet.design/description/PetriNet
  - PetriNet
    - Petri Nets
      - Petri Net Diagram
        - Composite Layout
        - Default
          - PetrinetTransition
            - Square gray
          - PTArc
            - Edge Style solid
          - TPArc
            - Edge Style solid
          - PetriNetPlace
          - Section createTools
  - platform:/resource/hu.bme.mit.viatra.petrinet.model/model/petrinet.ecore

Viewpoint

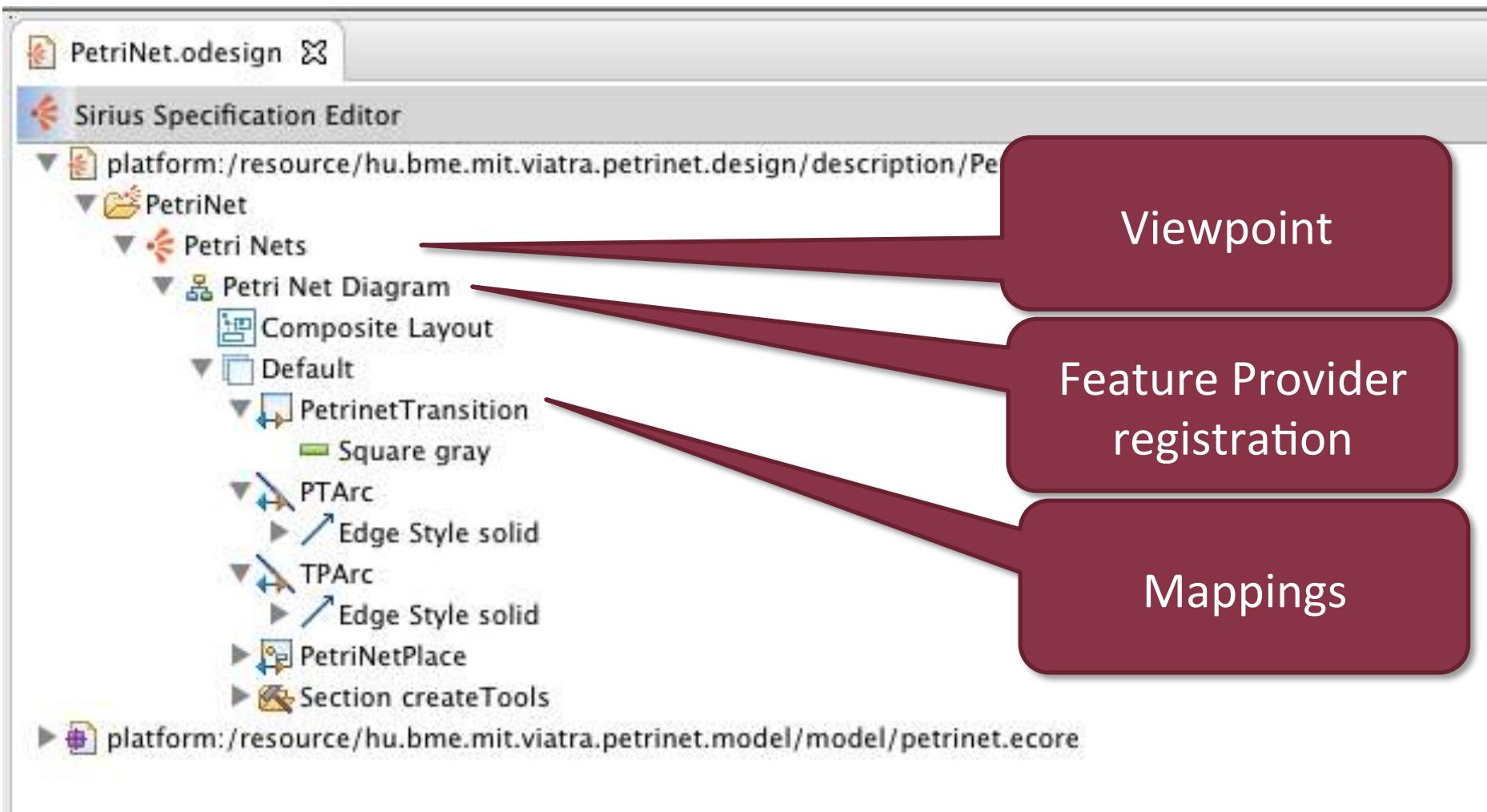
# Viewpoint Specification Model



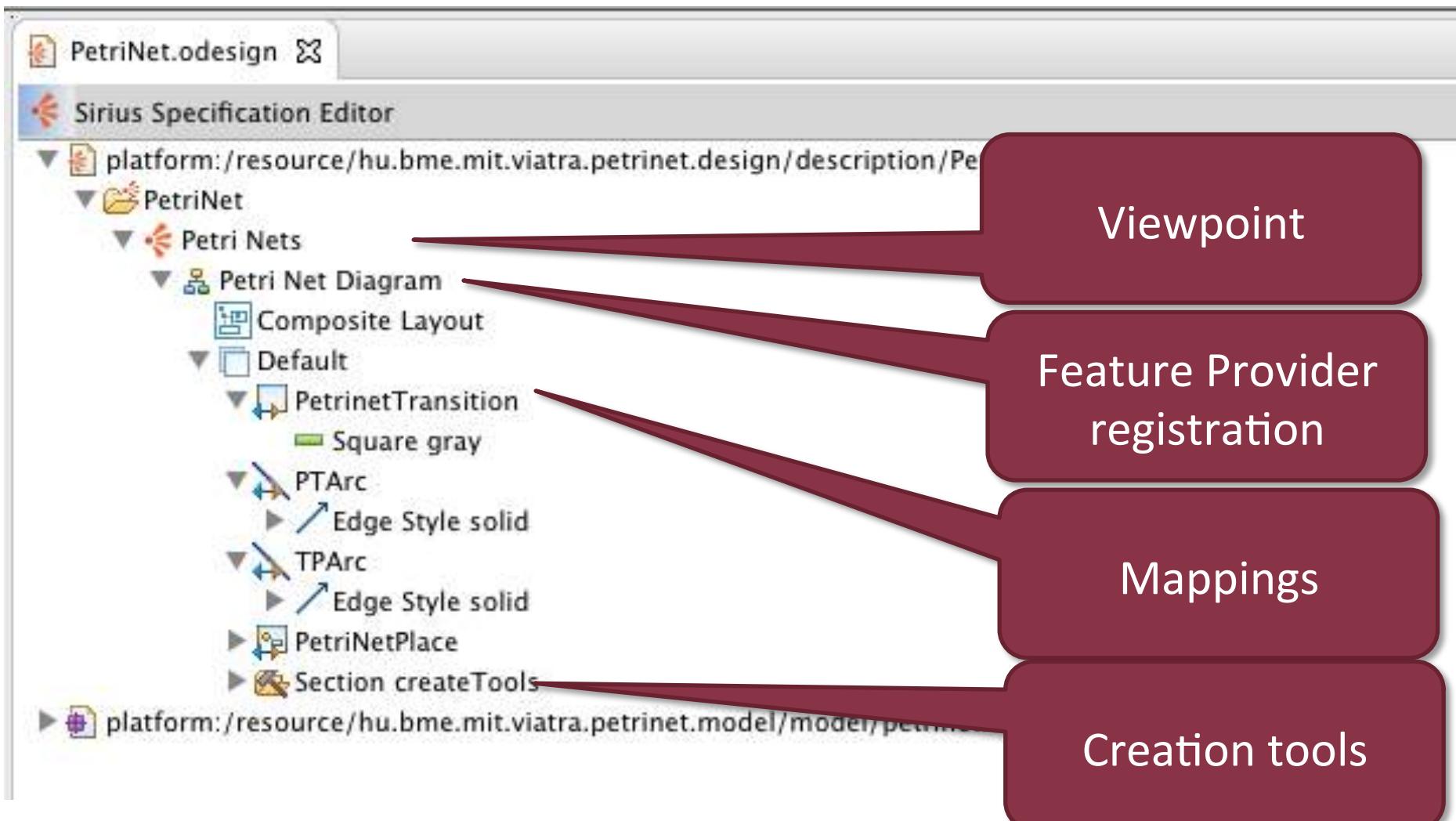
Viewpoint

Feature Provider  
registration

# Viewpoint Specification Model



# Viewpoint Specification Model



# Node Mapping

Screenshot of a software interface showing node mapping properties for a PetrinetTransition.

The top navigation bar includes: Properties, Model requests interpreter, Problems, and a toolbar with icons for save, close, etc.

The main area shows the following details for PetrinetTransition:

General	ID:	PetrinetTransition	Label:	PetrinetTransition
Import	Domain Class^:	petrinet.Transition		
Documentation	Semantic Candidates Expression:	feature:transitions		
Behavior				
Advanced				

# Node Mapping

Domain class

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing model elements. At the top, there's a toolbar with tabs for 'Properties' (selected), 'Model requests interpreter', and 'Problems'. Below the toolbar, the title bar displays 'PetrinetTransition'. The main area is a properties editor with the following fields:

General	<b>ID:</b>	(?) <b>PetrinetTransition</b>	<b>Label:</b>	(?) <b>PetrinetTransition</b>
Import	<b>Domain Class^:</b>	(?) <b>petrinet.Transition</b>		
Documentation	<b>Semantic Candidates Expression:</b>	(?) <b>feature:transitions</b>		
Behavior				
Advanced				

A large red arrow points from the text 'Domain class' in the top right towards the 'Domain Class' field in the properties editor.

# Node Mapping

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing node mappings. At the top, there are tabs for 'Properties', 'Model requests interpreter', and 'Problems'. Below the tabs, a navigation bar includes icons for back, forward, and search. The main area displays a node configuration for a 'PetrinetTransition' node. On the left, a sidebar lists categories: General (selected), Import, Documentation, Behavior, and Advanced. The 'General' tab contains fields for 'Id:' (set to 'PetrinetTransition'), 'Label:' (set to 'PetrinetTransition'), and 'Domain Class:' (set to 'petrinet.Transition'). Below these, a 'Semantic Candidates Expression:' field contains the value 'feature:transitions'. A large red callout bubble points to the 'Domain class' field with the text 'Domain class'. Another red callout bubble points to the 'Filter settings' section of the 'Semantic Candidates Expression:' field.

# Feature Selection

- Interpreted expressions
  - Special interpreters
    - **var**: accessing specification model variables
    - **feature**: accessing EMF model features
    - **service**: accessing service methods
  - Acceleo
    - Acceleo expressions
      - Basic operations
      - Comparison with single '=' symbols
    - Syntax: **[theExpression/]**
  - Raw OCL
    - Not recommended, Acceleo provides superset features
  - Custom interpreter

# Edge Mapping

Properties Model requests interpreter Problems

TPArc

General ID: TPArc Label: TPArc

Path Domain Class: petrinet.TPArc

Documentation

Behavior Source Mapping: PetrinetTransition

Advanced Source Finder Expression: feature:source

Target Mapping: PetriNetPlace

Target Finder Expression: feature:target

Semantic Candidates Expression:

...  
...  
...

# Edge Mapping

Edge class

The screenshot shows the 'Properties' view of a UML model. The left sidebar lists tabs: General, Path (which is selected), Documentation, Behavior, and Advanced. The main area displays the following fields:

- Name:** TPArc
- Label:** TPArc
- Domain Class:** petrinet.TPArc
- Source Mapping:** PetrinetTransition
- Source Finder Expression:** feature:source
- Target Mapping:** PetriNetPlace
- Target Finder Expression:** feature:target
- Semantic Candidates Expression:** (empty)

# Edge Mapping

The screenshot shows the 'Properties' view of a UML tool. The left sidebar lists tabs: General, Path (selected), Documentation, Behavior, and Advanced. The main area displays properties for an 'TPArc' object:

- Name:** TPArc
- Label:** TPArc
- Domain Class:** petrinet.TPArc
- Source Mapping:** PetrinetTransition
- Source Finder Expression:** feature:source
- Target Mapping:** PetriNetPlace
- Target Finder Expression:** feature:target
- Semantic Candidates Expression:** (empty)

Two callout bubbles point to specific fields:

- A red callout bubble points to the 'Domain Class' field, containing the value 'petrinet.TPArc'. It is labeled 'Edge class'.
- A green callout bubble points to the 'Source Mapping' field, containing the value 'PetrinetTransition'. It is labeled 'Source features'.

# Edge Mapping

Properties Model requests interpreter Problems

TPArc

General Path Documentation Behavior Advanced

ID: TPArc Label: TPArc

Domain Class: petrinet.TPArc

Source Mapping: PetrinetTransition

Source Finder Expression: feature:source

Target Mapping: PetriNetPlace

Target Finder Expression: feature:target

Semantic Candidates Expression:

Edge class

Source features

Target features

# Node Creation Tool

- ▼  Section createTools
  - ▼  Container Creation createPlace
    -  Node Creation Variable container
    -  Container View Variable containerView
  - ▼  Begin
    - ▼  Change Context var:container
      - ▼  Create Instance petrinet.Place

 = Set name

# Node Creation Tool

Tool parameter  
variables

- ▼  Section createTools
  - ▼  Container Creation createPlace
  -  Node Creation Variable container
  -  Container View Variable containerView
- ▼  Begin
  - ▼  Change Context var:container
    - ▼  Create Instance petrinet.Place
-  Set name

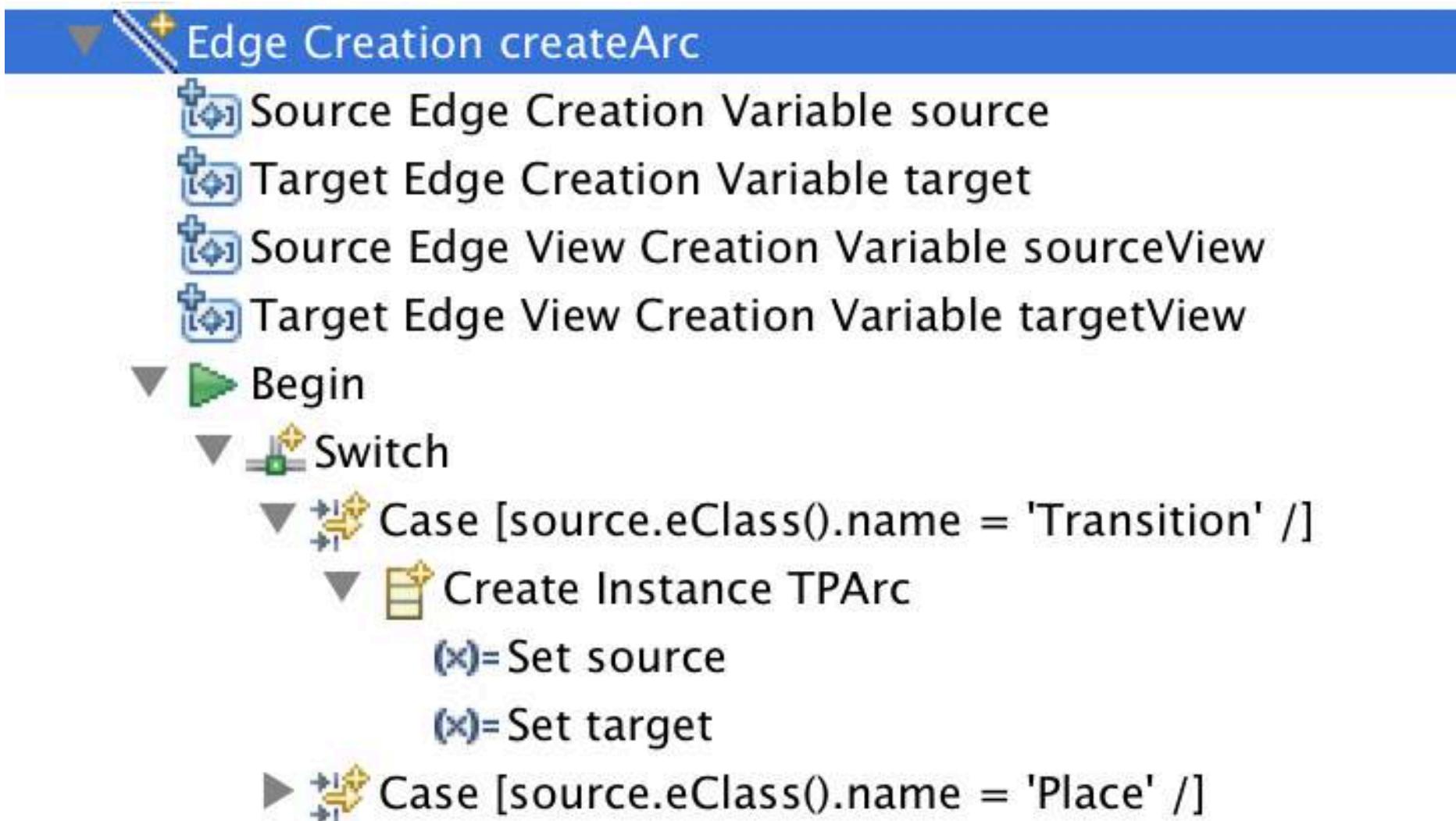
# Node Creation Tool

Tool parameter  
variables

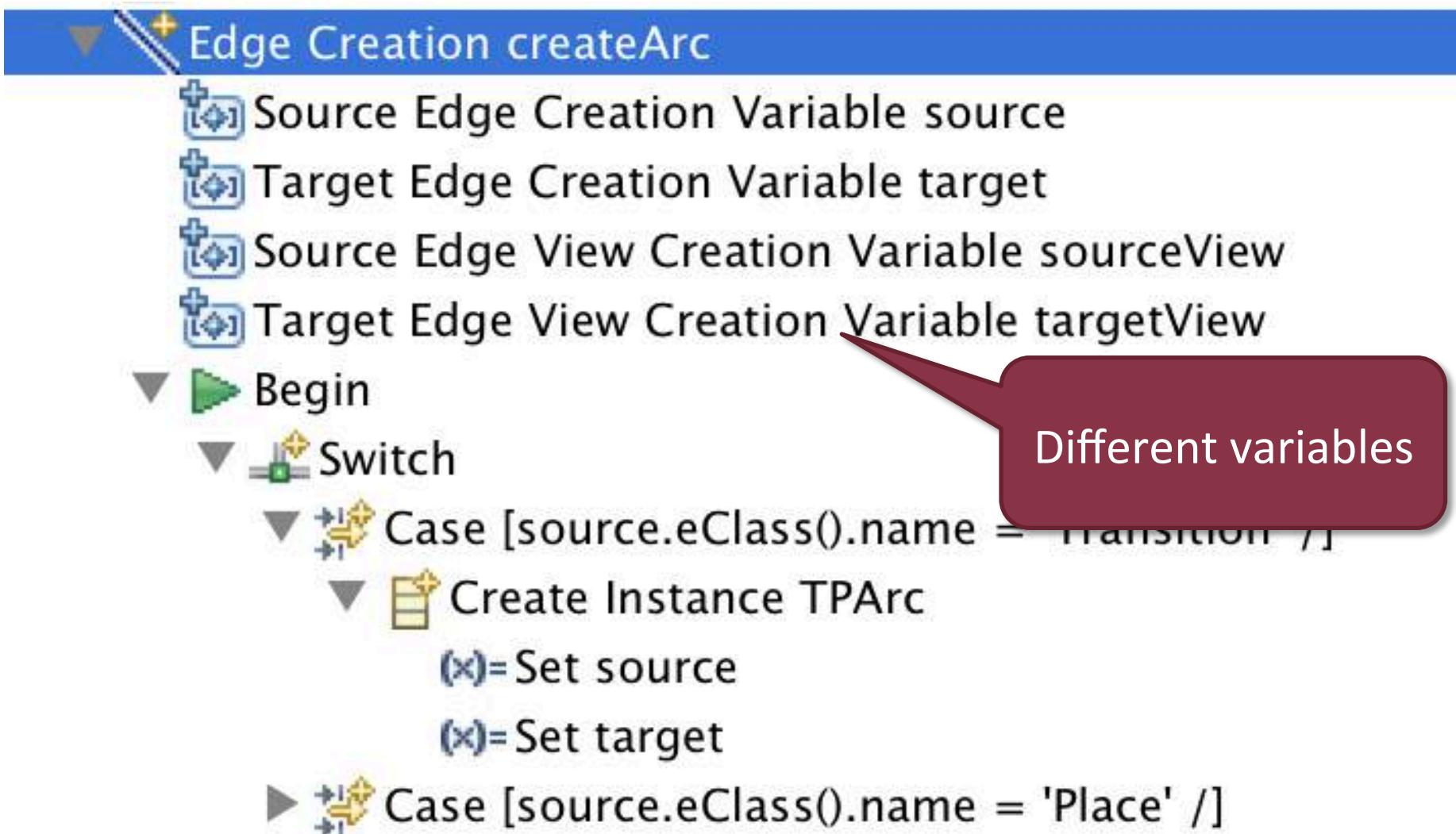
Model creation  
steps

- ▼  Section createTools
  - ▼  Container Creation createPlace
  -  Node Creation Variable container
  -  Container View Variable containerView
- ▼  Begin
  - ▼  Change Context var:container
    - ▼  Create Instance petrinet.Place
-  Set name

# Edge Creation Tool

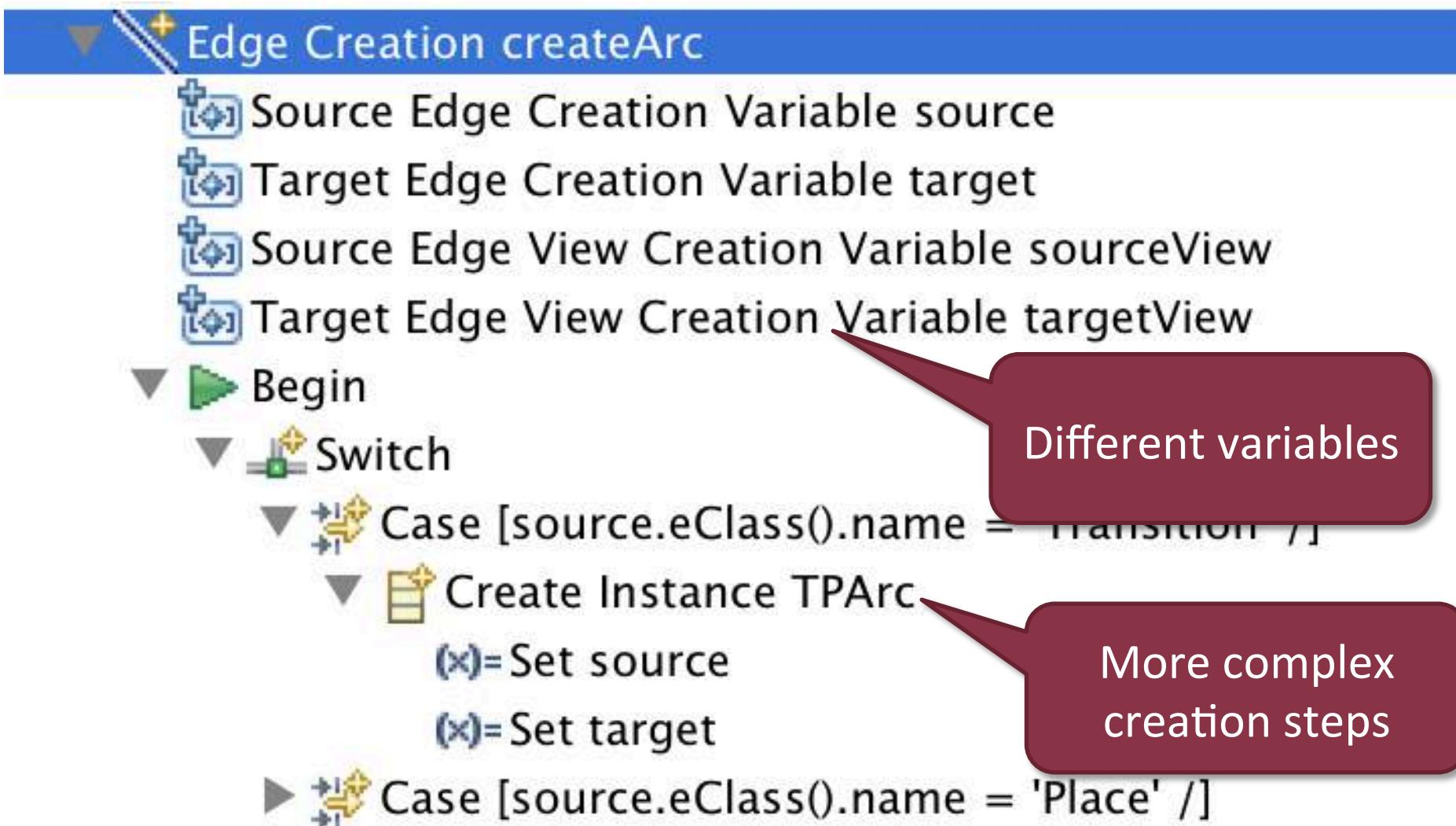


# Edge Creation Tool



Different variables

# Edge Creation Tool



# Interpreted Modeler Development

Screenshot of the Sirius Specification Editor showing the development of an interpreted modeler.

The left pane displays the "Sirius Specification Editor" with the file "PetriNet.odesign". It shows a tree structure of model elements:

- Edge Style solid
- TPArc
- Edge Style solid
- PetriNetPlace
- Section createTools
  - Container Creation createPlace
    - Node Creation Variable container
    - Container View Variable containerView
  - Begin
  - Change Context var:container
    - Create Instance petrinet.Place
      - (x)=Set name
  - Node Creation createToken
  - Edge Creation createArc
    - Source Edge Creation Variable source
    - Target Edge Creation Variable target
    - Source Edge View Creation Variable sourceView
    - Target Edge View Creation Variable targetView
  - Begin
  - Switch
    - Case [source.eClass().name = 'Transition' /]
      - Create Instance TPArc
        - (x)=Set source
        - (x)=Set target

# Interpreted Modeler Development

Viewpoint  
specification

The screenshot shows the Sirius Specification Editor interface. On the left, the 'PetriNet.odesign' tab is active, displaying the 'Sirius Specification Editor' tool palette. A red callout bubble points from the text 'Viewpoint specification' towards the 'Edge Creation createArc' node in the tree. The tree view lists various elements under a 'createTools' section, including 'Container Creation createPlace', 'Node Creation createToken', and 'Edge Creation createArc'. The 'createArc' node is currently selected. On the right, the 'Hello world' model window displays a Petri net diagram with two places, p1 and p2, and a transition t1. An arc connects place p2 to transition t1, and another arc connects transition t1 to place p1. A token is present in place p1. The 'Palette' on the right side of the editor provides icons for Place, Token, and Arc.

# Interpreted Modeler Development

Viewpoint  
specification

The screenshot shows the Sirius Specification Editor interface. On the left, the 'PetriNet.odesign' tab is open, displaying the 'Sirius Specification Editor' tool palette. A red speech bubble originates from the 'Edge Creation createArc' node under 'Edge Creation' in the tree view, pointing towards the right window. The right window displays a Petri net diagram titled '\*Hello world'. It consists of two places, p1 and p2, represented by rectangular boxes with tokens (black dots). There are three arcs connecting them: one from p2 to t1 (a transition), one from t1 to p1, and one from p2 to p1. The 'Palette' on the right side of the right window shows icons for Place, Token, and Arc. Another red speech bubble originates from the bottom right of the right window, pointing towards the bottom right of the slide.

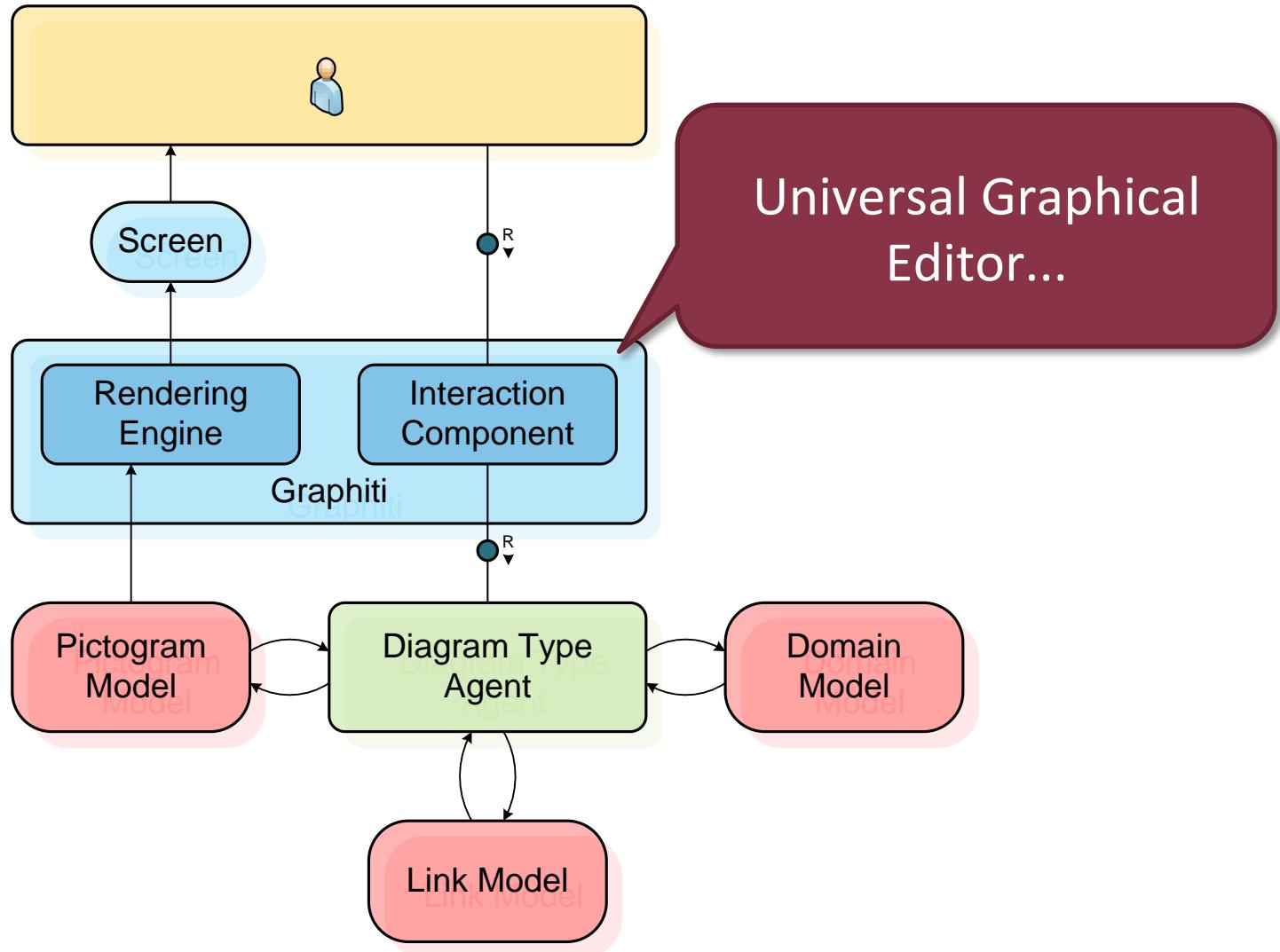
View model using  
the interpreted  
specification

# Sirius Editors

- Very opinionated
  - Custom project nature (Modeling project)
  - Custom perspective + Model Browser
  - Results in unusual workflows
    - E.g. how to open a diagram from the Java perspective?

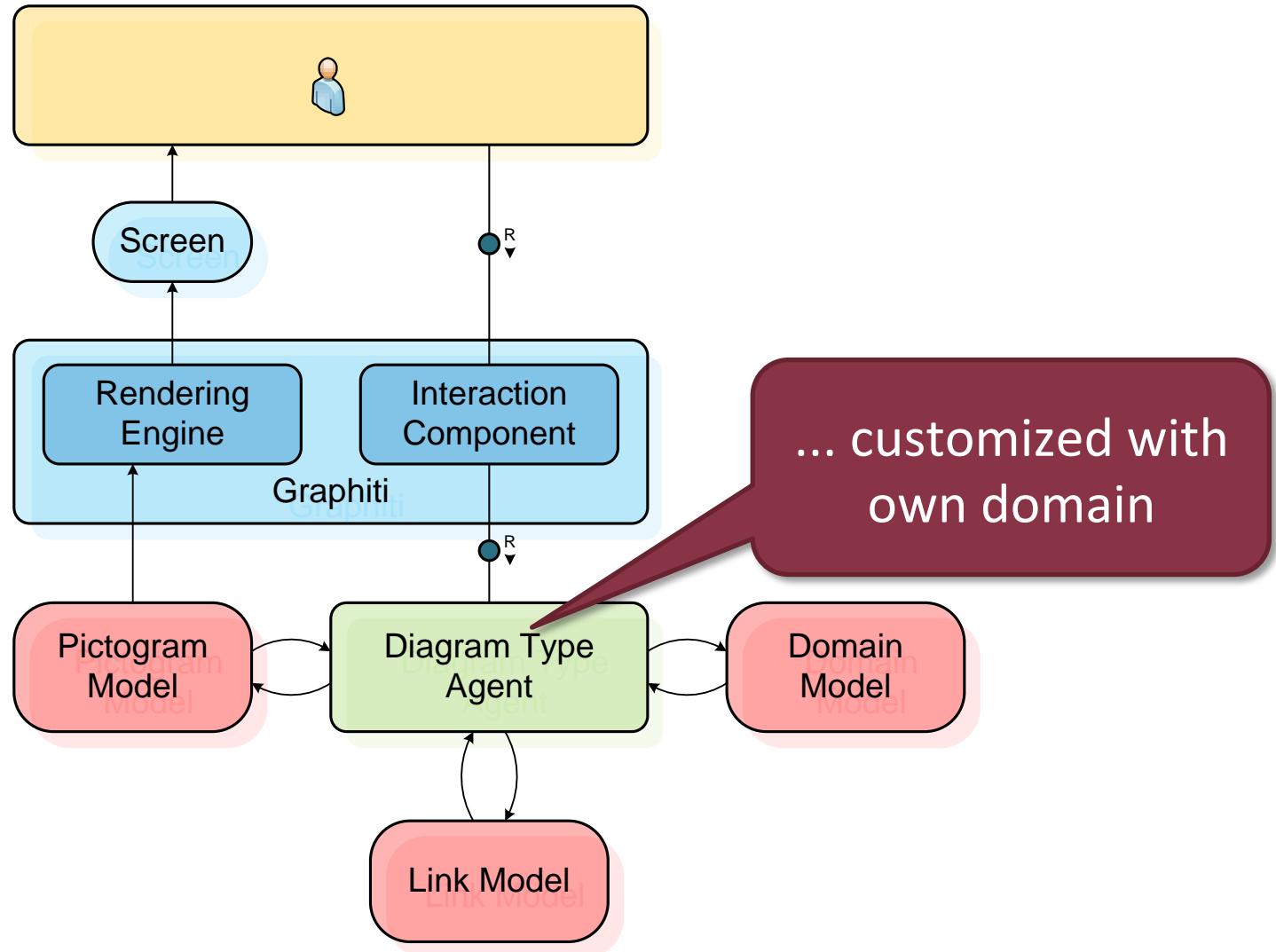
# Graphiti

# Architecture of Graphiti



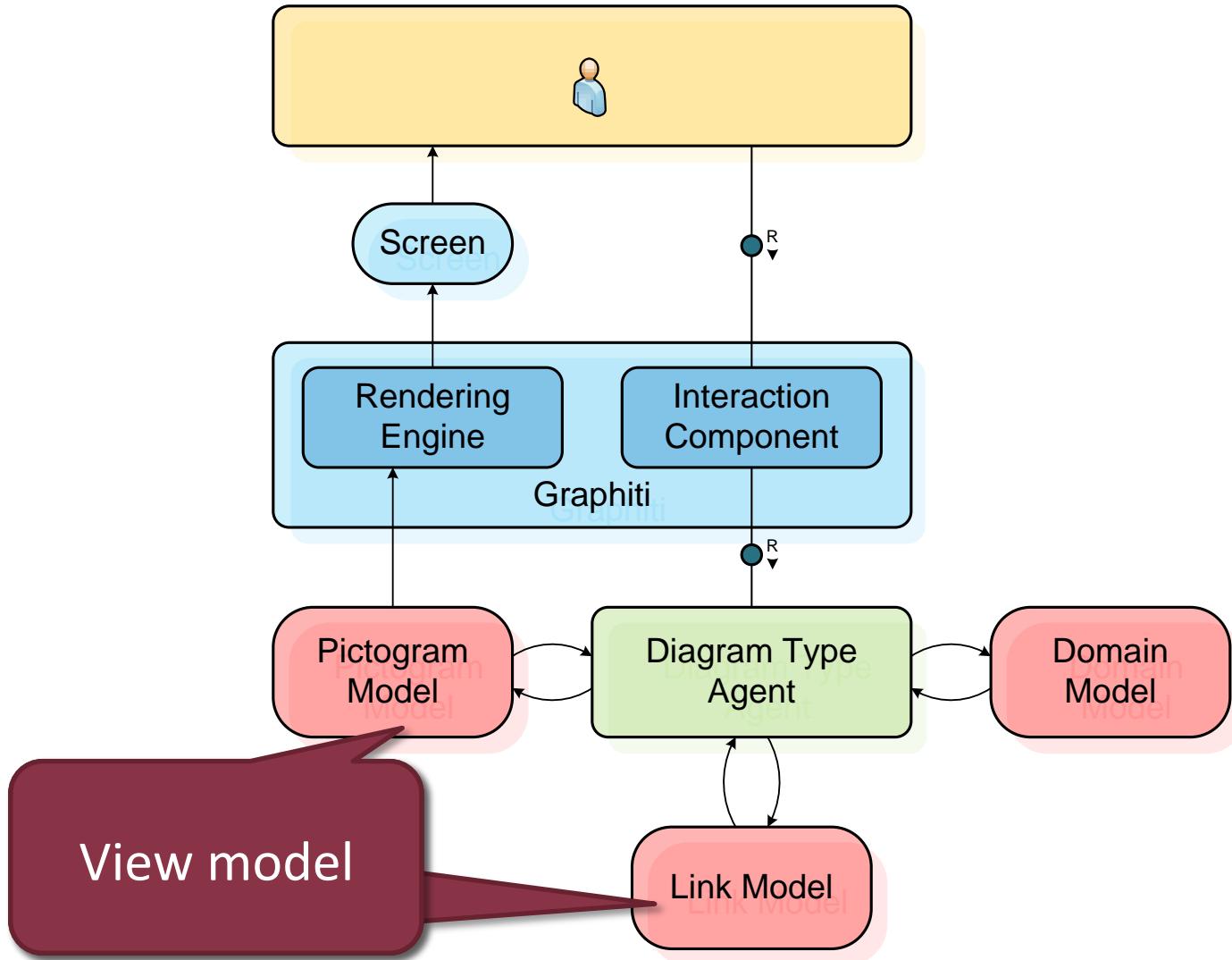
Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

# Architecture of Graphiti



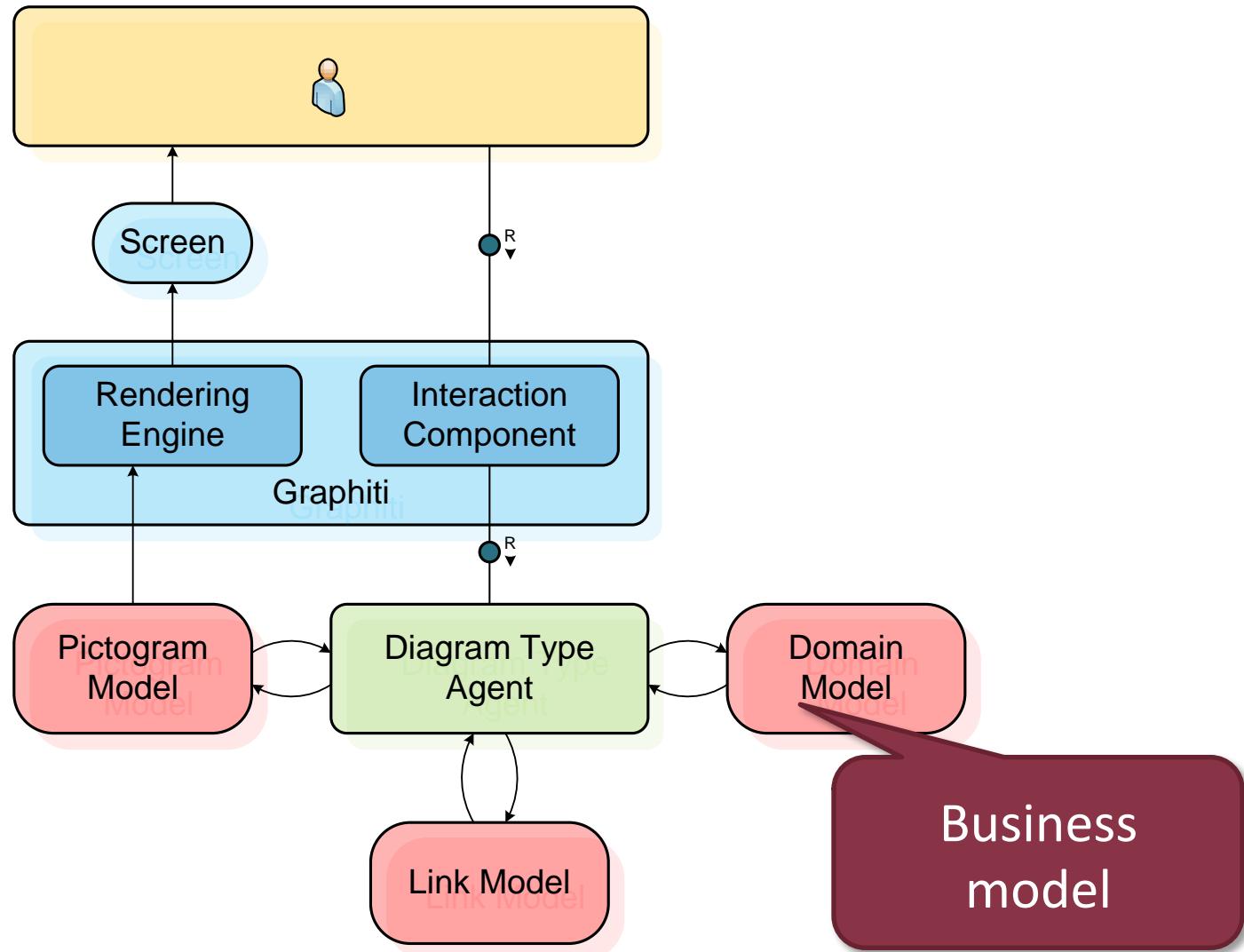
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# Architecture of Graphiti



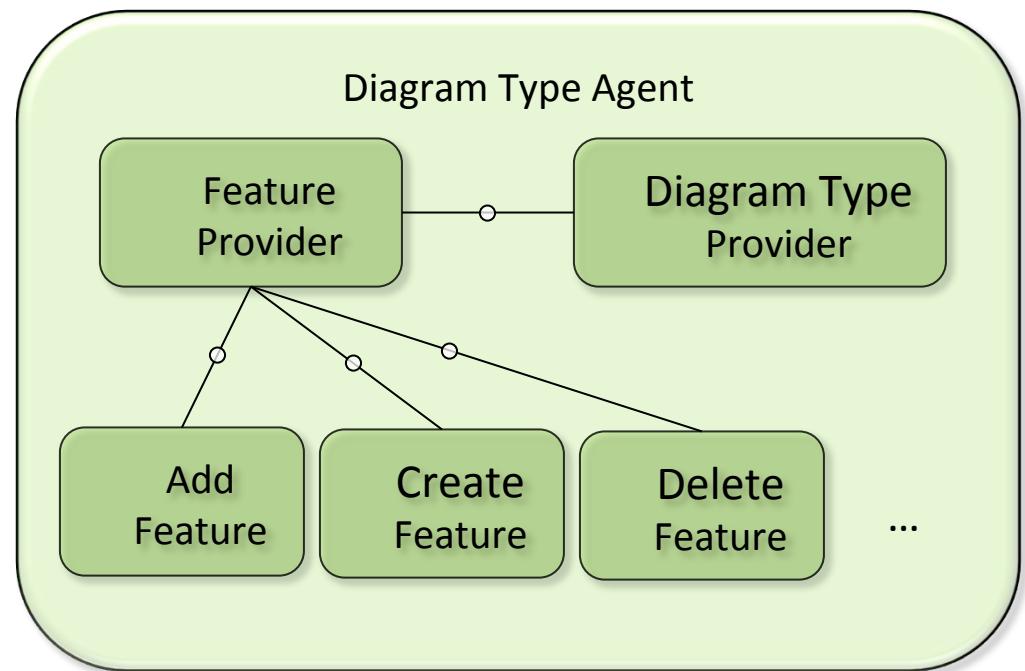
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# Architecture of Graphiti



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

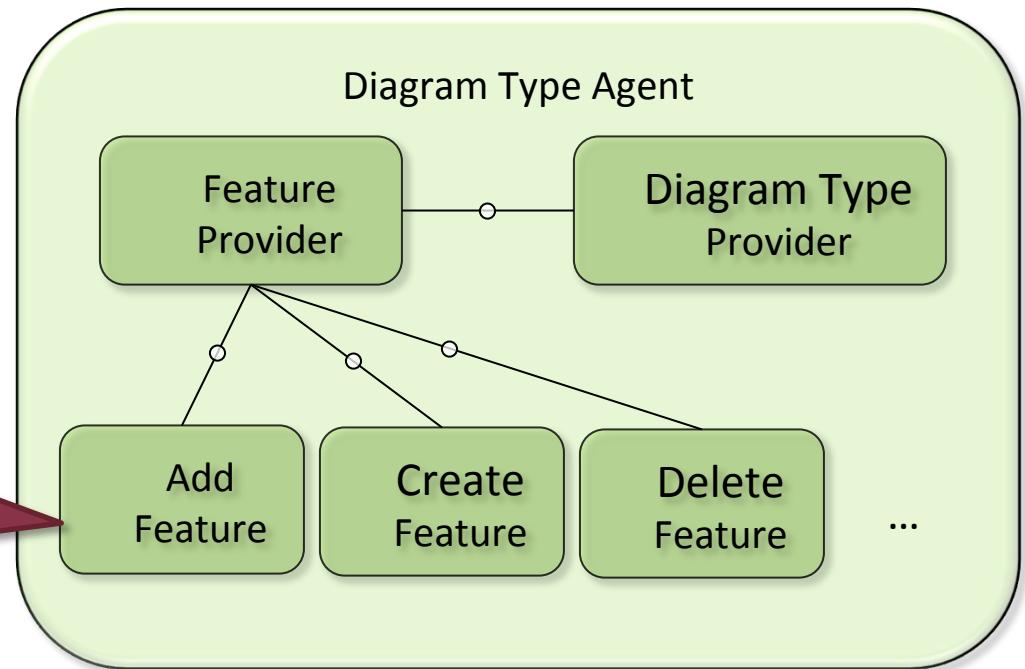
# Graphiti architektura 2. – Diagram Type Agent



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

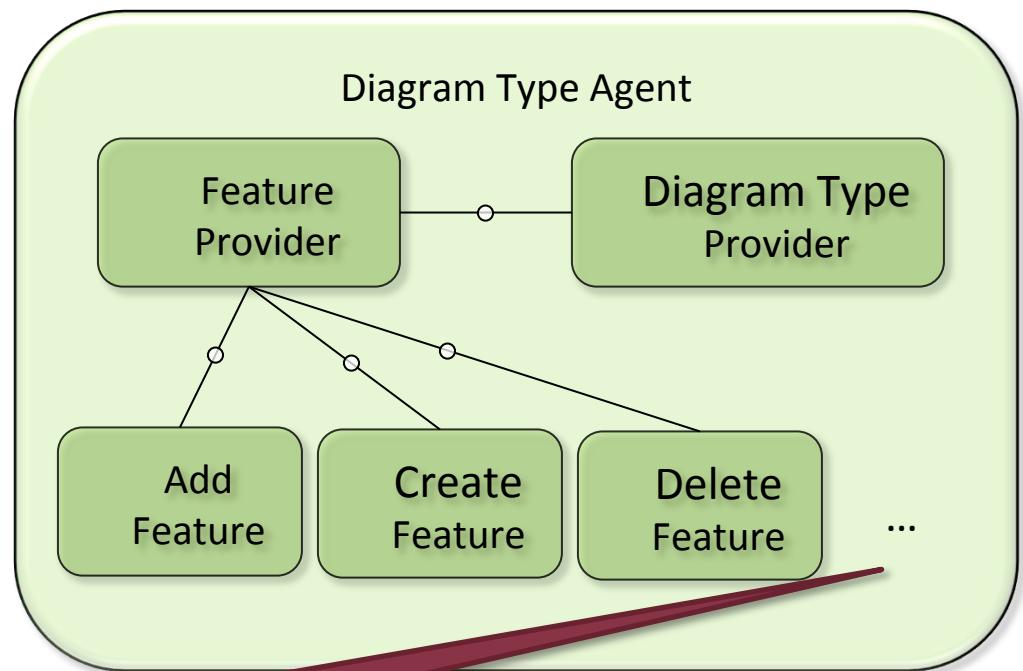
# Graphiti architektur 2. – Diagram Type Agent

Feature: editing  
operation on  
business model



Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

# Graphiti architektura 2. – Diagram Type Agent



Most common user  
commands available

Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

# Basic terms

Domain

Links

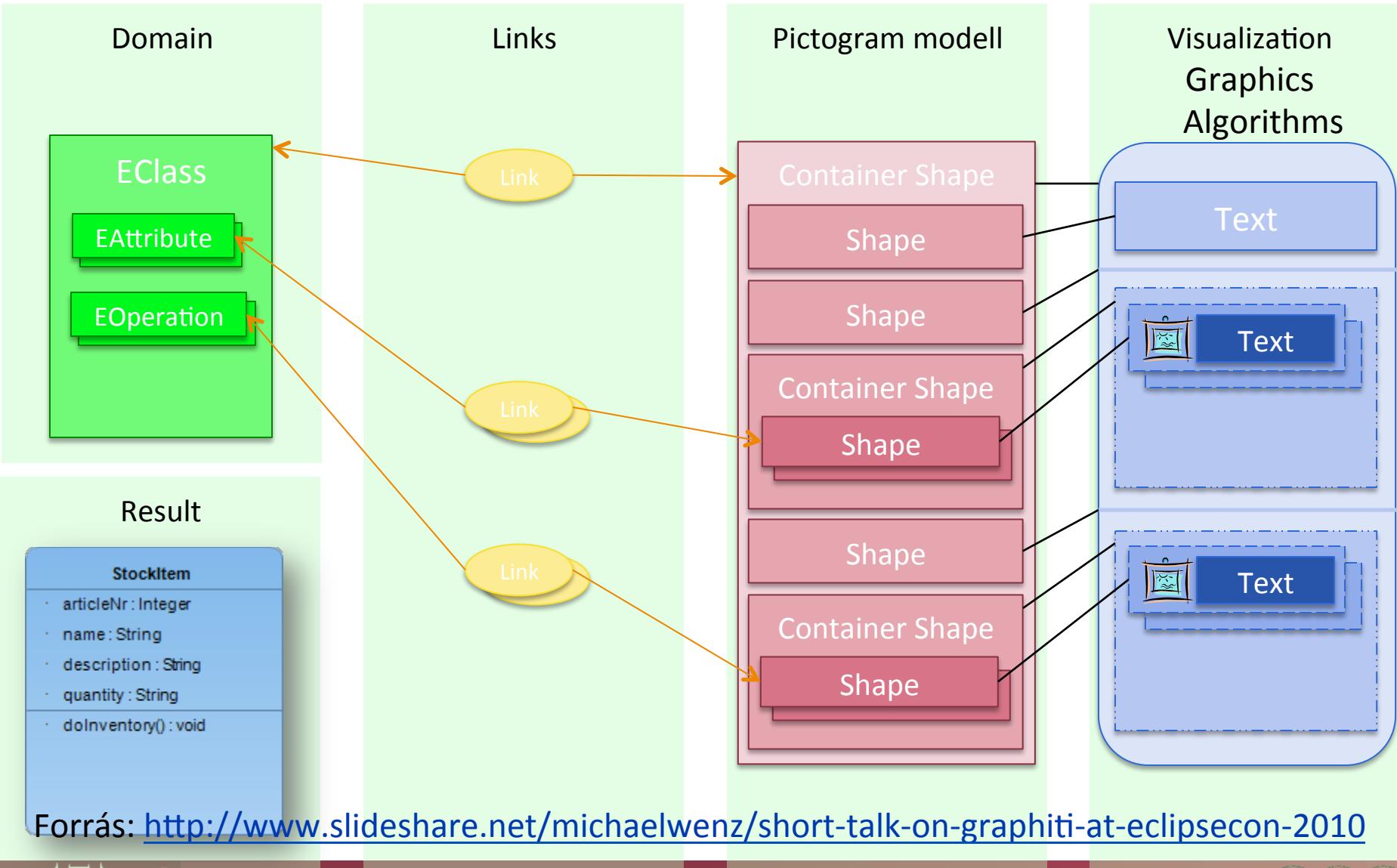
Pictogram modell

Visualization  
Graphics  
Algorithms

Result

Forrás: <http://www.slideshare.net/michaelwenz/short-talk-on-graphiti-at-eclipsecon-2010>

# Basic terms



# Pictogram and link model

- Pictogram metamodel
  - Displayable object
  - EMF model
  - Metamodel available: <http://eclipse.org/graphiti/images/pictograms.pdf>
- Link
  - Traceability connections between pictogram and business model elements
  - Generic (not business model specific)

# Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
  - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. Feature implementation

# Tool building steps

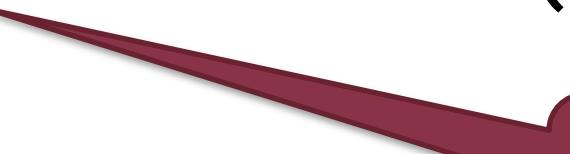
- 1. Diagram Type Provider implementation**
- 2. Diagram Type Provider registration**
  - Extension point
- 3. Feature Provider implementation**
- 4. Feature implementation**

# DiagramTypeProvider

```
public class SocialDiagramTypeProvider  
    extends AbstractDiagramTypeProvider  
    implements IDiagramTypeProvider {  
  
    public SocialDiagramTypeProvider() {  
        setFeatureProvider(new  
SocialNetworkFeatureProvider(this));  
    }  
}
```

# DiagramTypeProvider

```
public class SocialDiagramTypeProvider  
    extends AbstractDiagramTypeProvider  
    implements IDiagramTypeProvider {  
  
    public SocialDiagramTypeProvider() {  
        setFeatureProvider(new  
SocialNetworkFeatureProvider(this));  
    }  
}
```



Feature Provider  
registration

# Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. **Diagram Type Provider registration**
  - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. Feature implementation

# Feature Provider registration

- Two extension points
  - Type definition
    - Simple description
    - org.eclipse.graphiti.ui.diagramTypes
  - Implementation
    - Mapping type definition and feature provider
    - org.eclipse.graphiti.ui.diagramTypeProviders

# Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
  - Extension point
- 3. Feature Provider implementation**
4. Feature implementation

# Feature Provider

- Re-use *AbstractFeatureProvider* class
- Feature registration into corresponding method
  - Return null if not applicable
- Multiple features
  - Create: creating model elements
  - Add: add existing elements to diagram
  - Copy, Paste
  - Update
  - DirectEditing

# Tool building steps

1. Diagram Type Provider implementation
2. Diagram Type Provider registration
  - Extension point
3. Feature Provider implementation
4. **Feature implementation**

# Implementing features

- Abstract implementations available
  - E.g., `AbstractAddShapeFeature`
- Implementation depends on type
  - E.g., `canAdd` and `add` methods

# Graphiti - Summary

- Higher level library over GEF
  - Uses EMF models
  - Universal editor
- Less coding
- Uniform presentation
- But missing functions