

# AZ ISO/IEC-9126 SZOFTVER MINŐSÉGI SZABVÁNY ÁTTEKINTÉSE

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# Motiváció

- Szoftver követelmény specifikálás
  - Szoftver minőségbiztosítási terv
  - Számszerű minőségi elvárások
- Szoftverminőség modellezése
  - Flexibilis keretrendszer
  - Alkalmazható konkrét termékre és szoftver kategóriára is

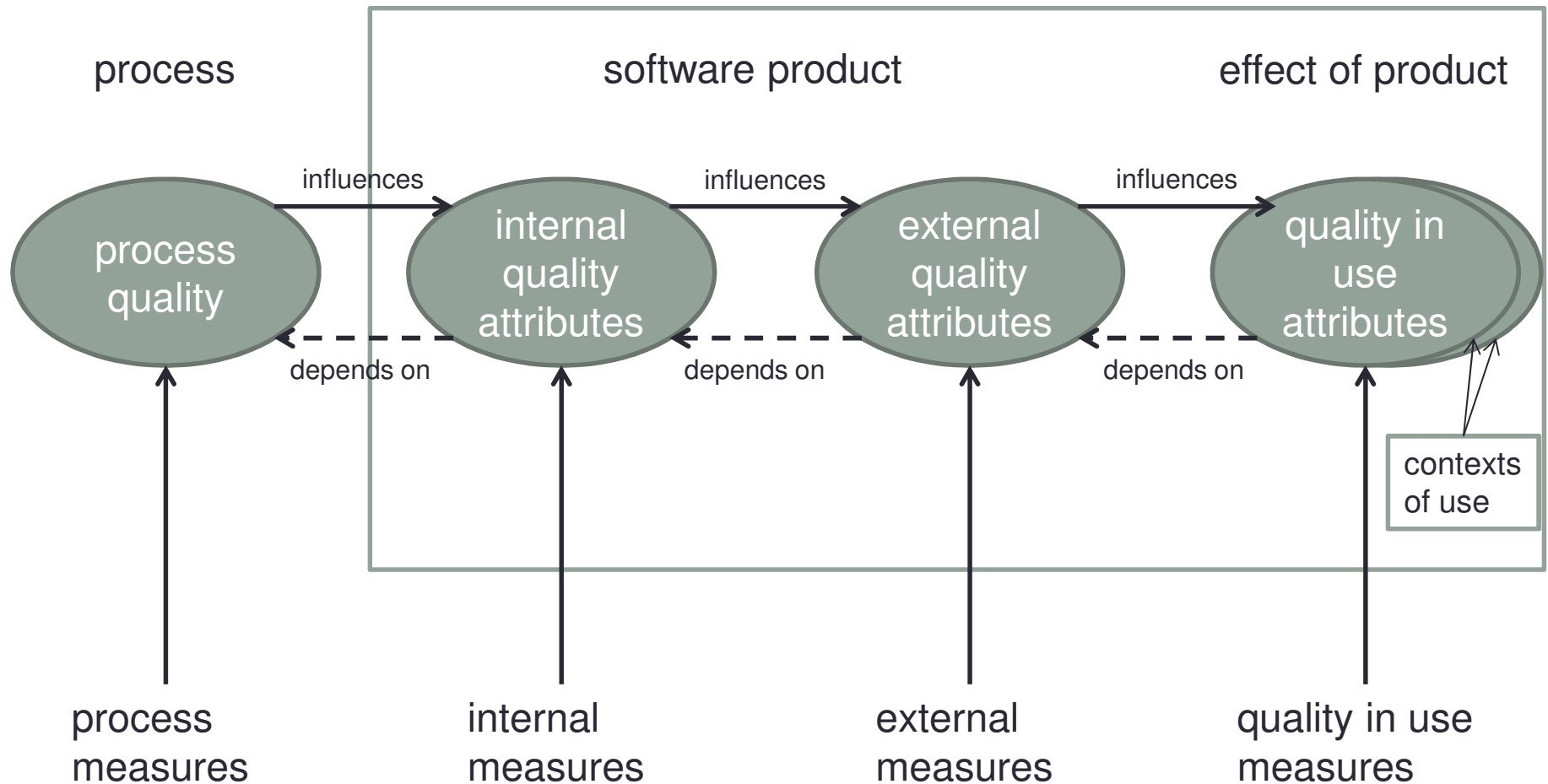
# Történelem

- McCall, 1977
  - Minőség ábrázolása faktorokkal
  - 11 faktor, 3 kategória:
    - Revision
    - Transition
    - Operation
- Boehm, 1978
  - Megjelennek a hardverrel kapcsolatos jellemzők is
  - 6 faktor, 2 kategória + *Portability*
    - As-is utility
    - Maintainability
    - Portability
- ISO/IEC 9126, 1991 (2001)

# ISO 9126 felépítése

- ISO 9126-1: *Quality model*
  - Faktorok hierarchiája
- ISO 9126-2: *External metrics*
  - Tesztelési időben mérhető tulajdonságok
- ISO 9126-3: *Internal metrics*
  - Fejlesztési időben mérhető tulajdonságok
- ISO 9126-4: *Quality in use*
  - A felhasználó által érzett minőség

# Minőség életciklus modell



# ISO 9126-1: Quality Model

- Közös modell a külső (external) és a belső (internal) tulajdonságok számára
- Karakterisztikák, al-karakterisztikák, attribútumok
  - *Functionality*
  - *Reliability*
  - *Usability*
  - *Efficiency*
  - *Maintainability*
  - *Portability*

# Functionality

- *„The capability of the software product to provide functions which meet stated and implied needs when the software is used under specified conditions.”*
- Suitability
- Accuracy
- Interoperability
- Security
- Functionality compliance

# Reliability

- *„The capability of the software product to maintain a specified level of performance when used under specified conditions.”*
- Maturity
- Fault tolerance
- Recoverability
- Reliability compliance



# Usability

- *„The capability of the software product to be understood, learned, used and attractive to the user, when used under specified conditions.”*
- Understandability
- Learnability
- Operability
- Attractiveness
- Usability compliance

# Efficiency

- *„The capability of the software product to provide appropriate performance, relative to the amount of resources used, under stated conditions.”*
- Time behaviour
- Resource utilisation
- Efficiency compliance

# Maintainability

- *„The capability of the software product to be modified. Modifications may include corrections, improvements or adaptation of the software to changes in environment, and in requirements and functional specifications..”*
- Analysability
- Changeability
- Stability
- Testability
- Maintainability compliance

# Portability

- *„The capability of the software product to be transferred from one environment to another.”*
- Adaptability
- Installability
- Co-existence
- Replaceability
- Portability compliance

# Példa: belső metrikák

Name	Purpose	Measurement, formula	Interpretation of the results	Metric scale type	Measure type	Input to measurement	Target audience
I/O Utilization	What is the estimated I/O utilization to complete a specified task?	$X = \text{numbe of buffers}$	The shorter the better.	Ratio	$X = \text{size}$	Source code	Developers
I/O Utilization Message Density	What is the density of messages relating to I/O utilization in the lines of code responsible in making system calls?	$X = A/B$ A = number of I/O related messages B: number of lines of code directly related to system calls	The greater the better.	Absolute	$X = \text{count}/\text{count}$ A=count B=count	Source code	Developers
Memory utilization	What is the estimated memory size that the product will occupy to complete a specified task?	$X = \text{size in bytes}$	The lesser the better.	Ratio	$X = \text{size}$	Estimated size of memory utilization.	Developers
Memory utilization Message Density	What is the density of messages relating to memory utilization in the lines of code responsible in making system calls?	$X = A/B$ A = number of memory related error messages B = number of lines of code directly related to system calls	The greater the better.	Ratio	$X = \text{count}/\text{count}$ A=count B=count	Source code	Developers
Transmission utilization	What is the estimated amount of Transmission resources utilization?	$X = \text{bits}/\text{time}$	The lesser the better.	ratio	$X = \text{time}$	Known operating system. Estimated time in system calls.	Developers

# Példa: külső metrikák

Name	Purpose	Measurement, formula	Interpretation of the results	Metric scale type	Measure type	Input to measurement	Target audience
I/O devices utilization	Is the I/O device utilization too high, causing inefficiencies?	$X = A / B$ A = time of I/O devices occupied B = specified time which is designed to occupy I/O devices	$0 \leq X \leq 1$  The less than and nearer to the 1.0 is the better.	Absolute	A= Time B= Time X= Time/ Time	Testing report  Operation Report	Developer Maintainer SQA
I/O loading limits	What is the absolute limit on I/O utilization in fulfilling a function?	$X = A_{max} / R_{max}$ A <sub>max</sub> = MAX(A <sub>i</sub> ), (for i = 1 to N) R <sub>max</sub> = required maximum I/O messages MAX(A <sub>i</sub> ) = Maximum number of I/O messages from 1st to i-th evaluation N = number of evaluations.	$0 \leq X$ The smaller is the better.	Absolute	A <sub>max</sub> =Count R <sub>max</sub> =Count A <sub>i</sub> = Count N= Count X = Count/Count	Testing report  Operation report showing elapse time	User Developer Maintainer SQA
Mean I/O fulfillment ratio	What is the average number of I/O related error messages and failures over a specified length of time and specified utilization?	$X = A_{mean} / R_{mean}$ A <sub>mean</sub> = $\Sigma(A_i)/N$ R <sub>mean</sub> = required mean number of I/O messages A <sub>i</sub> = number of I/O error messages for i-th evaluation N = number of evaluations	$0 \leq X$ The smaller is the better.	Absolute	A <sub>mean</sub> = Count R <sub>mean</sub> = Count A <sub>i</sub> = Count N= Count X = Count/Count	Testing report  Operation report showing elapse time	User Developer Maintainer SQA
User waiting time of I/O devices utilization	What is the impact of I/O device utilization on the user wait times?	T = Time spent to wait for finish of I/O devices operation	$0 < T$ The shorter is the better.	Ratio	T= Time	Testing report Operation report	User Developer Maintainer SQA

# ISO 9126-4: Quality in use

- Effectiveness
  - „*The capability of the software product to enable users to achieve specified goals with accuracy and completeness in a specified context of use.*”
- Productivity
  - „*The capability of the software product to enable users to expend appropriate amounts of resources in relation to the effectiveness achieved in a specified context of use.*”
- Safety
  - „*The capability of the software product to achieve acceptable levels of risk of harm to people, business, software, property or the environment in a specified context of use.*”
- Satisfaction
  - „*The capability of the software product to satisfy users in a specified context of use.*”

# Hiányosságok, kritikák

- A modell túl általános
  - Mindenkinek személyre kell szabni
- Hiányos definíciók
  - Be lehet vezetni újabb karakterisztika szinteket?
  - Tartozhat egy tulajdonság több karakterisztikához vagy egyértelmű hierarchiát kell alkotniuk?
- A metrikák közül nem mind alkalmazható



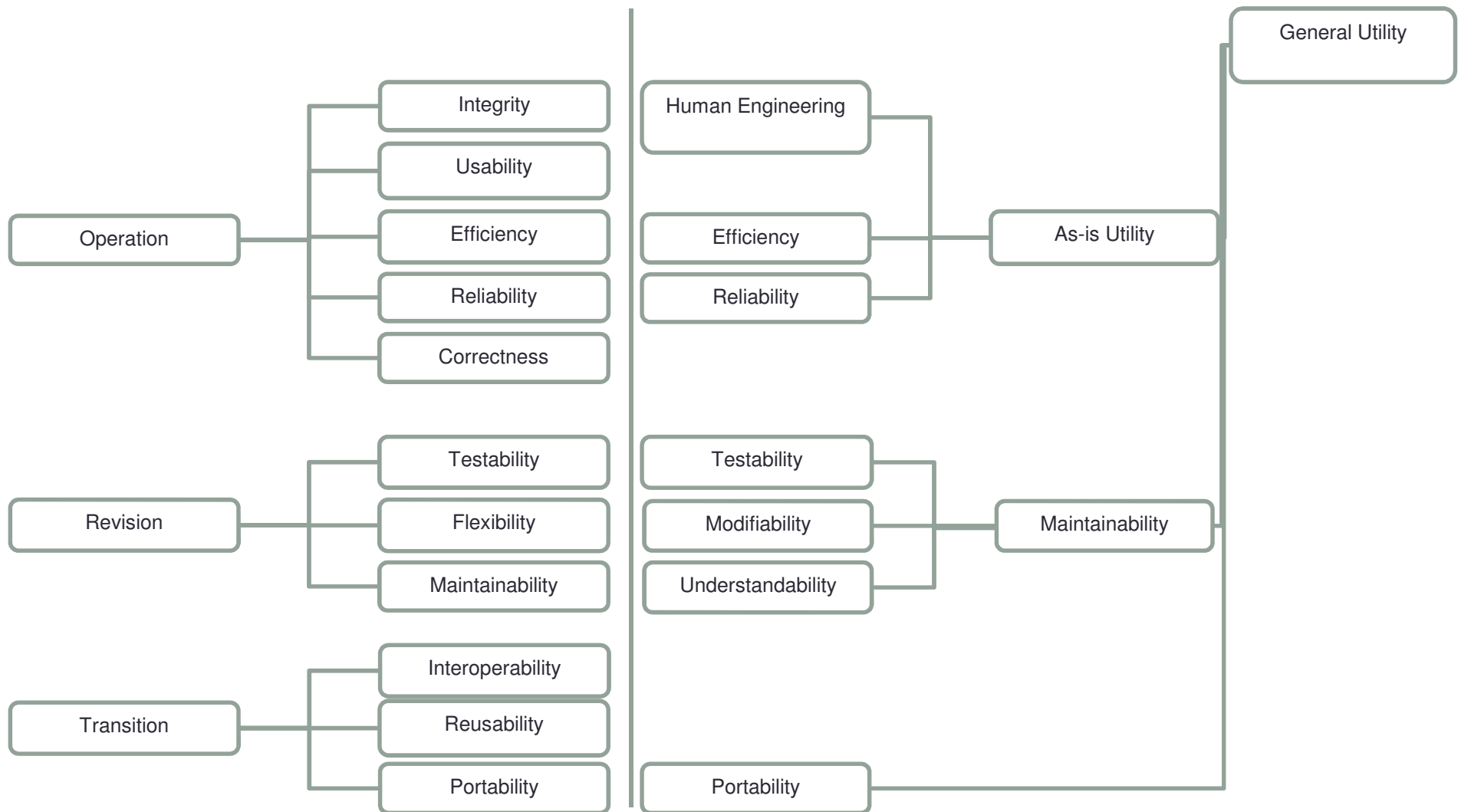
# SQuaRE

- Software product **Quality Requirements and Evaluation**
- A 9126-os szabvány leváltása
- ISO 25000, 2005
- ISO 25010, 2011
  - Quality model: 8 karakterisztika, 39 al-karakterisztika
    - Compatibility
    - Security
  - Quality in use:
    - Usability

# Köszönöm a figyelmet



# Függ. 1: McCall vs Boehm



## Függ. 2: Kapcsolat más szabványokkal

