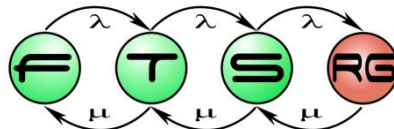


# Symbolic execution based testing Java Path Finder

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# Introduction

- Software Testing
  - 50% of total development costs
- White box testing vs Black box testing
- Solutions
  - Model checking
    - ☺ automatic, exhaustive <> ☹ scalability issues
  - Static analysis
    - ☺ scalable <> ☹ spurious warnings
  - Dynamic analysis
    - ☹ Incomplete -> missing important errors

# Symbolic execution

- King, A new approach to program testing, 1975
  - Symbolic values  $\leftrightarrow$  Concrete values
  - Symbolic expressions
  - Symbolic tree
    - Path constraint (PC)
    - Program counter
  - Generate test inputs
- At each branch point PC updated
  - Unsatisfiable  $\rightarrow$  Stop
  - Satisfiable  $\rightarrow$  Fork

# Example

```
int x, y;  
1 if(x > y){  
2   x = x+y;  
3   y = x-y;  
4   x = x-y;  
5   if(x - y > 0)  
6     assert false;  
7 }  
8 print(x, y)
```

Input

Program counter

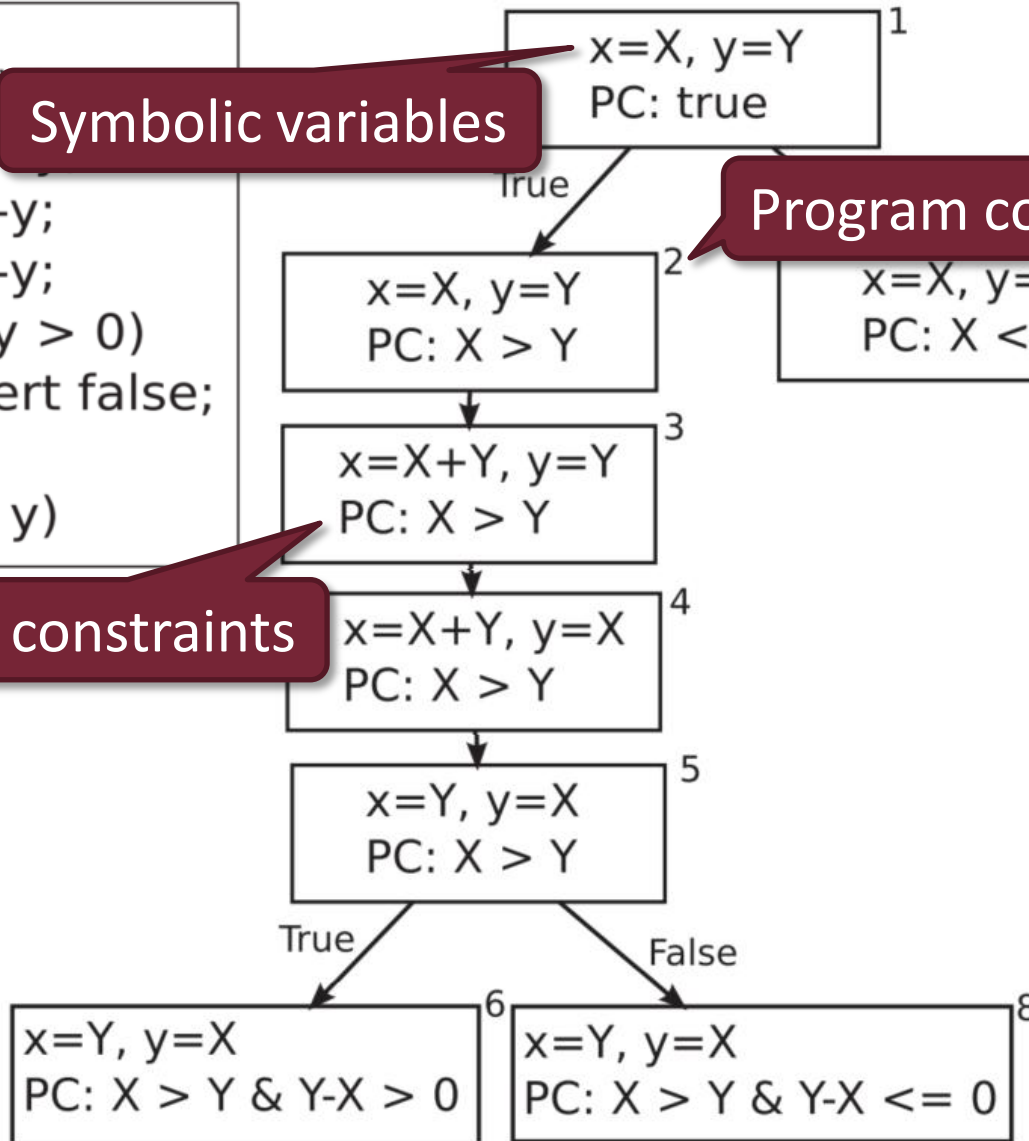
# Example

```
int x, y;  
1 if(x > y)  
2   x = x - y;  
3   y = x - y;  
4   x = x - y;  
5   if(x - y > 0)  
6     assert false;  
7 }  
8 print(x, y)
```

Symbolic variables

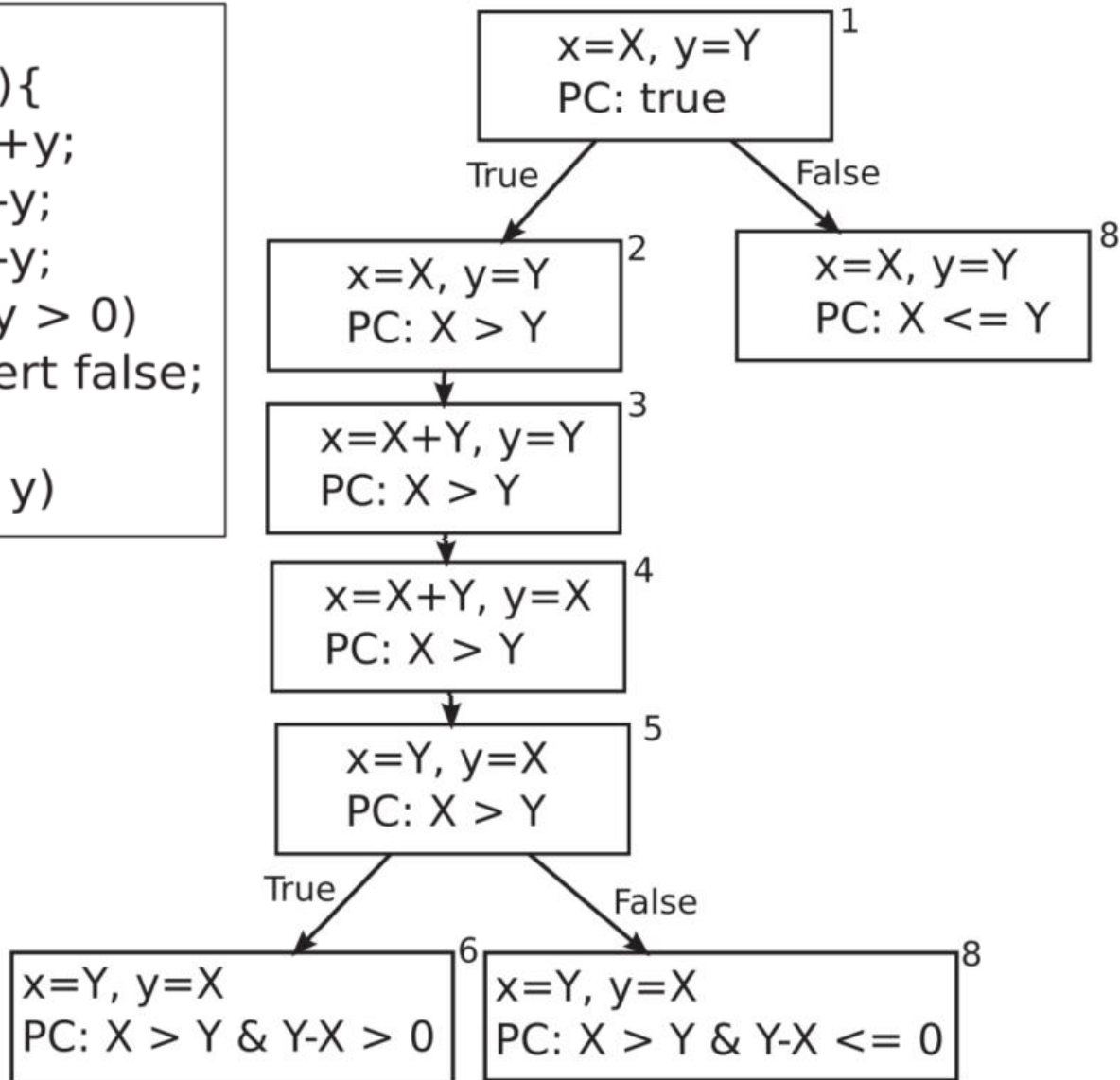
Program counter

Path constraints



# Example

```
int x, y;  
1 if(x > y){  
2   x = x+y;  
3   y = x-y;  
4   x = x-y;  
5   if(x - y > 0)  
6     assert false;  
7 }  
8 print(x, y)
```

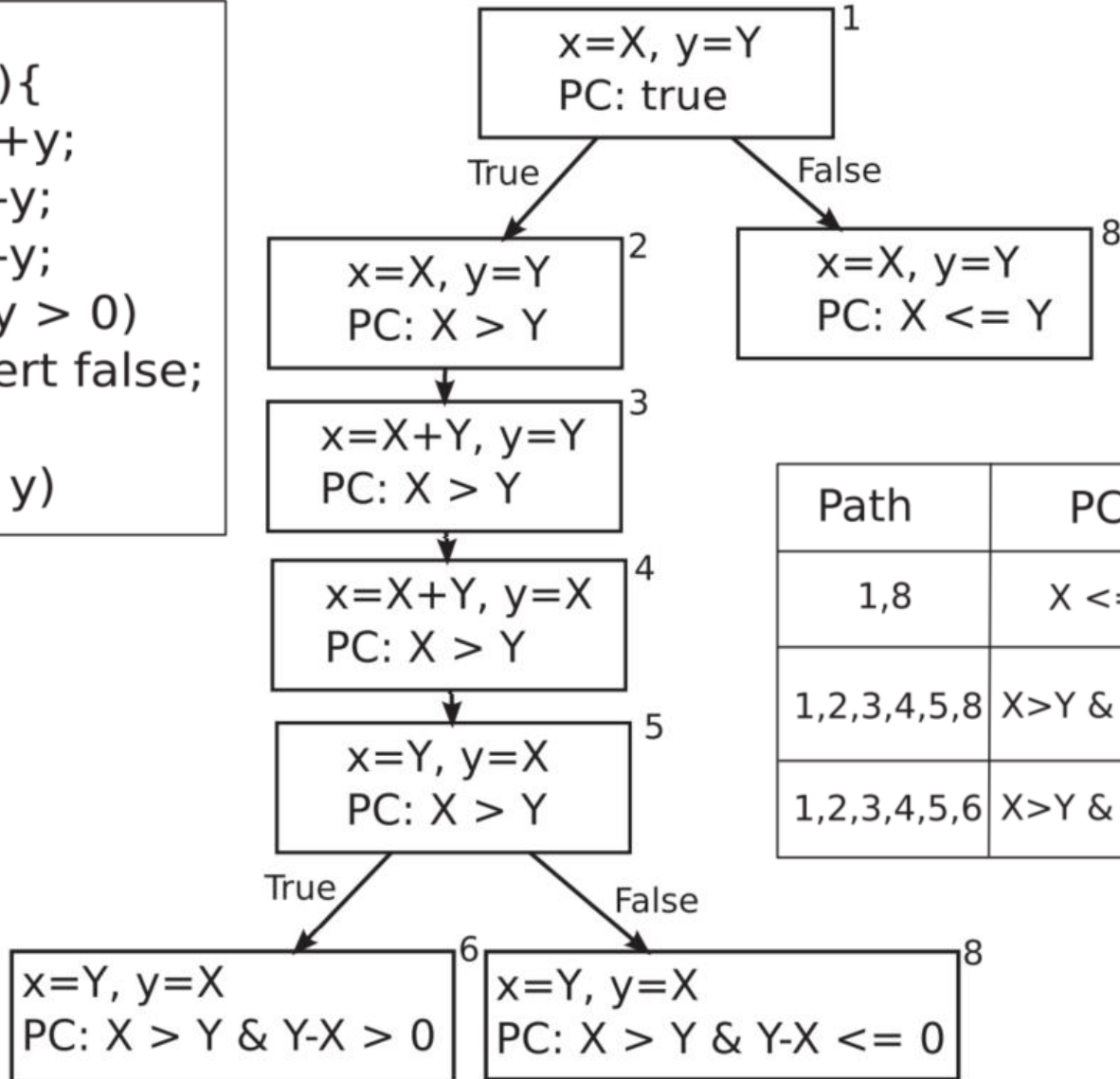


# Example

```

int x, y;
1  if(x > y){
2    x = x+y;
3    y = x-y;
4    x = x-y;
5    if(x - y > 0)
6      assert false;
7  }
8  print(x, y)

```



Path	PC	Program Input
1,8	$X \leq Y$	$X=1 \ Y=1$
1,2,3,4,5,8	$X > Y \ \& \ Y - X \leq 0$	$X=2 \ Y=1$
1,2,3,4,5,6	$X > Y \ \& \ Y - X > 0$	none

# Why now?

- Requires large and complex constraints
  - SAT/SMT solvers
  - Z3, Alloy, STP, Yice...
- Computationally expensive
  - significantly lower execution time
  - but still limited



# Possible uses

- Improve code coverage
- Expose software bugs
- Error reporting
- Security exploits
- Robustness testing
- Testing of graphical UI

# Fundamental open problems

- Path explosion
  - Extremely large number of paths -> computational overhead
  - BFS, DFS, RR
- Path divergence
  - Multiple programming “languages”
  - Manual effort is required
- Complex constraints
  - Concolic
  - Simplify constraints

# Hivatkozás

## ■ Cseppentő Lajos

- Szimbolikus végrehajtást használó tesztgeneráló eszközök egységes összehasonlítása
- Kari TDK 2. helyezés

Név	Platform	Hozzáférés	Megj. éve	Bemenet	Kimenet
CATG	Java	Nyílt forráskód	2012	Bájtkód	Tesztbemenet
CodePro AnalytiX	Java	Zárt forráskód	2001	Forráskód	JUnit tesztesetek
CREST	C	Nyílt forráskód	2008	Forráskód	Tesztesetek
CUTE & jCUTE	C & Java	Nem elérhető	2005	Forráskód/bájtkód	Tesztbemenet
DART	C	Nem elérhető	2005	Forráskód	?
EXE	C	Nem elérhető	2006	Forráskód	?
LCT	Java	Nyílt forráskód	2010	Bbájtkód	Tesztbemenet
KLEE	C	Nyílt forráskód	2008	LLVM bájtkód	Tesztbemenet
Palus	Java	Nyílt forráskód	2010	Bájtkód	Tesztesetek
PET/jPET	Java	Nyílt forráskód	2009	Forráskód	Tesztesetek
PEX	.NET	Zárt forráskód	2008	Bájtkód	Tesztesetek
SPF	Java	Nyílt forráskód	2012	Bájtkód	Tesztbemenet

# Java PathFinder

<http://babelfish.arc.nasa.gov/trac/jpf/wiki/projects/jpf-symbc>

# Java Pathfinder

- Nasa
  - 1999: begin
  - 2005: open source
  - Mars Rover and Honeywell's DEOS (RTOS)
    - Automated verification of time partitioning
- Model checker
  - Set of properties
  - Counter examples
  - Over custom-made JVM
- Install
  - Mercurial repository
  - Eclipse plugin
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6vVAYT4yMfw>

# Symbolic PathFinder

- Released in 2013
- Over JPF model checker
  - model checker -> explores symbolic tree
- Several built-in SMT solver
  - Choco, IASolver, CVC3
- Only “main” methods
- JPF configuration
  - concolic = concrete + symbolic

# DEMO Symbolic PathFinder

```
1 package hu.bme.mit.inf.symbolic.example.source.classes;
2
3 public class Simple1 {
4
5     public static void main (String[] args) throws Exception {
6         Simple1 s = new Simple1();
7         s.simple1(1, 2);
8     }
9
10    public void simple1(int x, int y) throws Exception {
11        if(x > y) {
12            x = x + y;
13            y = x - y;
14            x = x - y;
15            if(x - y > 0)
16                throw new Exception();
17        }
18        System.out.println(String.format("%s,%s", x,y));
19    }
20 }
21
```

```
===== system under test
hu.bme.mit.inf.symbolic.example.source.classes.Simple1.main()
===== search started: 2014.12.11. 11:45
Symbolic string analysis
Symbolic string analysis
0,0
Symbolic string analysis
Symbolic string analysis
0,0
===== Method Sequences
[simple1(-999999,-1000000)]
[simple1(-1000000,-1000000)]
```

```
1 target=hu.bme.mit.inf.symbolic.example.source.classes.Simple1
2
3 classpath=C:\\Eclipse\\Eclipse Symbolic\\workspace\\hu.bme.mit.inf.symbolic.example.source\\bin
4
5 symbolic.method=hu.bme.mit.inf.symbolic.example.source.classes.Simple1.simple1(sym#sym)
6
7 listener=gov.nasa.jpf.symbc.sequences.SymbolicSequenceListener
8
9 vm.storage.class=nil
10
11 search.multiple_errors=true
```

# Summary

- Symbolic Execution
  - from the mid of seventies
  - symbolic values  $\leftrightarrow$  concrete data
  - test data from SMT
- Java PathFinder
  - from NASA
  - model checker
  - several module
- Symbolic PathFinder
  - based on JPF